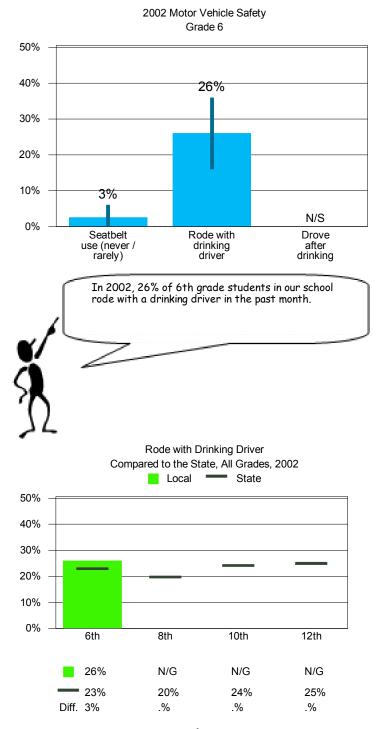


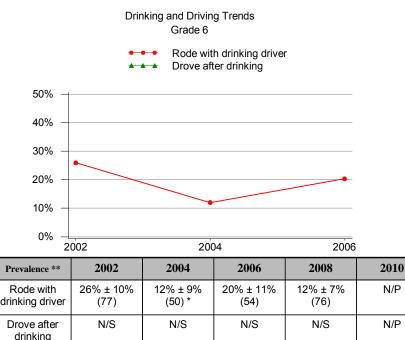
Unintentional Injury for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

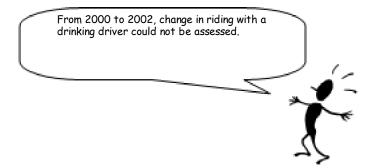
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth.
- Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as not wearing a seatbelt, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, drinking and driving, riding with a drunk driver and not wearing a life jacket.
- Motor vehicle crashes are the most common type of injury death among youth.







For More Information

Most unintentional injuries are not accidents because they can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to the likelihood of many injuries and even death. For more information and resources, visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/hsqa/emstrauma/injury/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X^2 , p<.05)

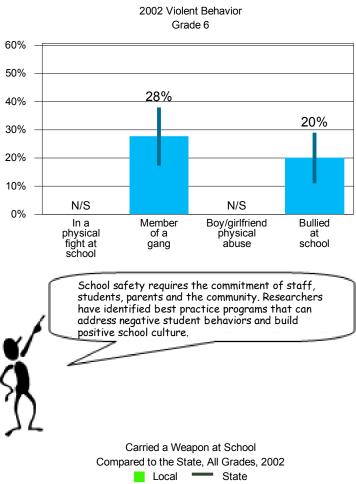


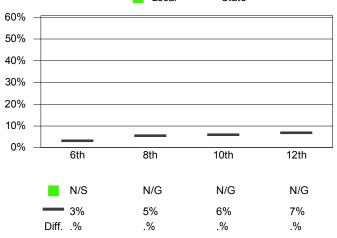
Violent Behaviors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

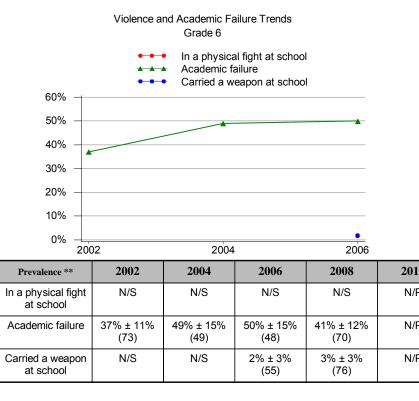
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

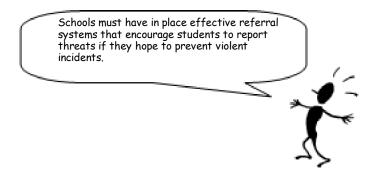
Highlights

- The federal Gun Free Schools Act requires the expulsion of students who bring firearms to school (SED. 4141) and Washington Law requires a one year expulsion for possession of firearms or dangerous weapons on school campuses. (RCW 28A.600.420 / RCW 9.41.280)
- Schools in Washington are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response and post crisis recovery. (RCW 28A.320.125)









For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful.

For More Information about school safety, visit the OSPI-sponsored Safety Center Website at: http://www.K12.wa.us/safetycenter/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

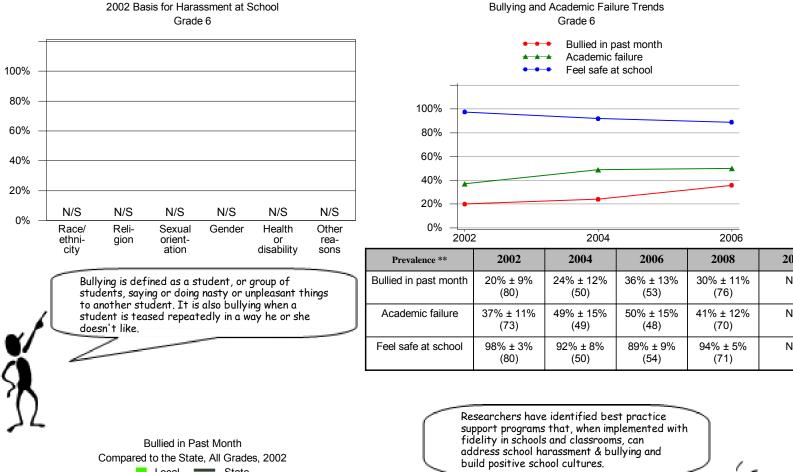


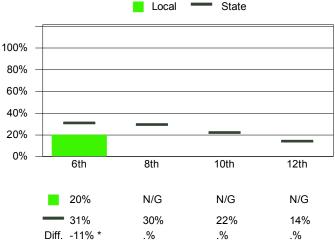
Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

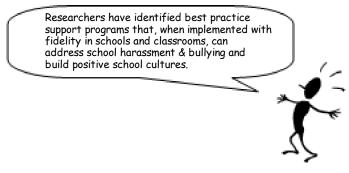
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Washington State Law (RCW 28A.300.285) requires all school districts to adopt a policy that prohibits harassment, intimidation, and bullying (HIB).
- The legislation also requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to publish a model policy at the following website: http://www.k12.wa.us/Safetycenter/LawEnforcement/Student Discipline.aspx







For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful.

For More Information visit the OSPI-sponsored Safety Center Website at: http://www.K12.wa.us/safetycenter/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

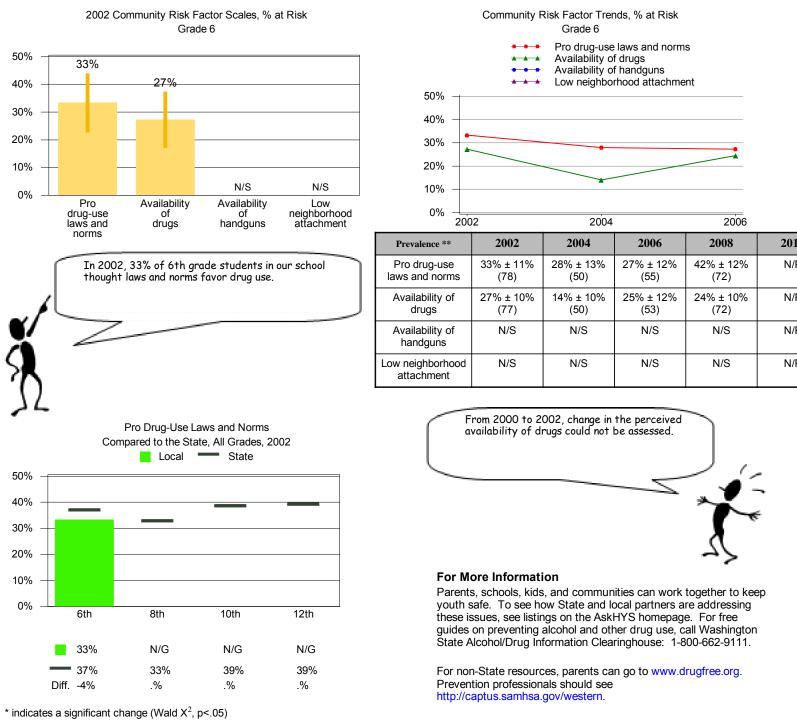


Community Risk Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Noteworthy

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The more risk factors a youth is exposed to, the more likely it is that she or he will engage in problem behaviors.



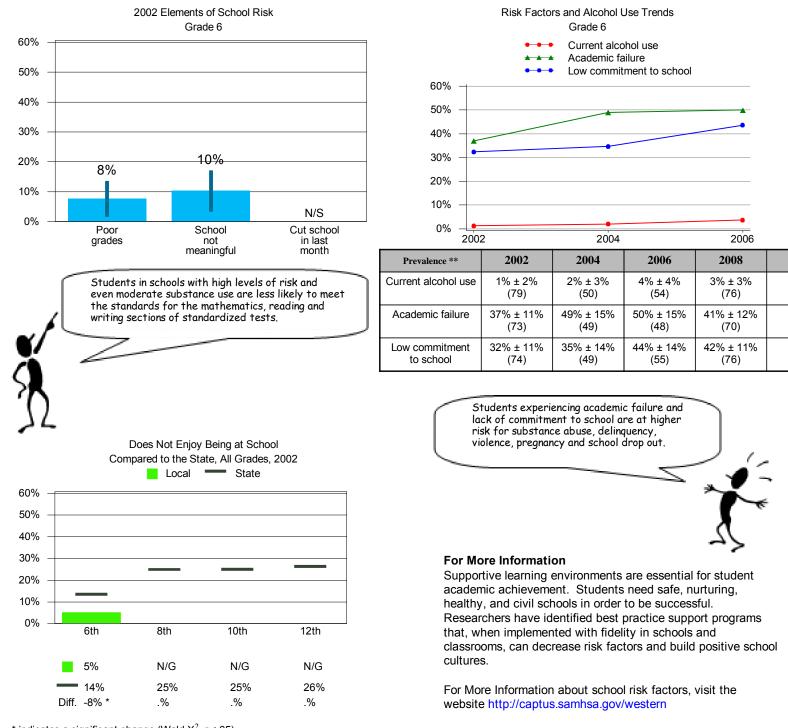


School Risk Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Research has identified a unique set of risk factors that put youth at risk for problems, such as substance use and school drop out.
- Youth who get poor grades, have friends who smoke, experience family conflict, and live in neighborhoods that are disorganized are at greater risk for negative youth behaviors.



20

N/

N/

N/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

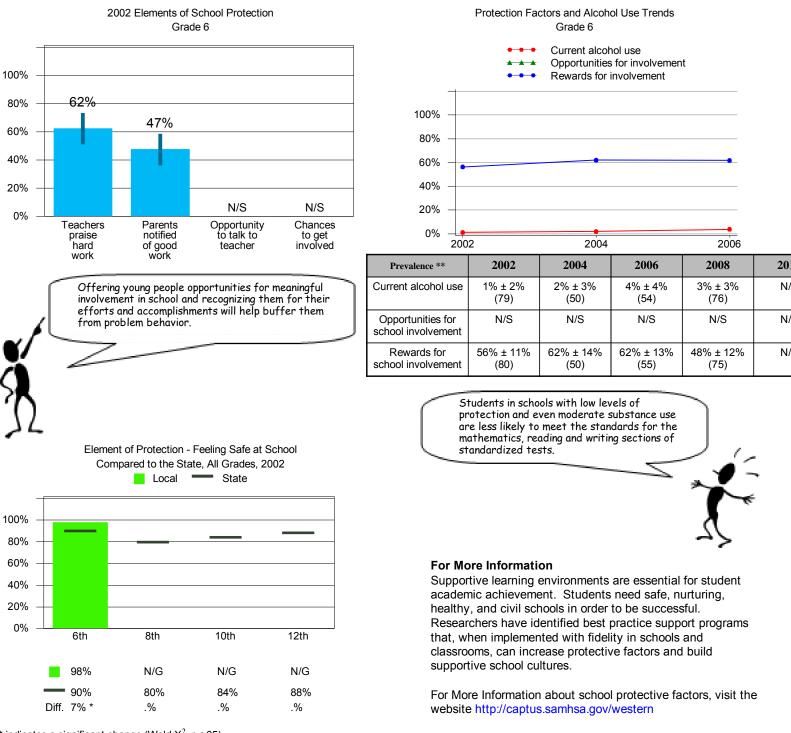


School Protective Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Research has identified a unique set of protective factors that buffer youth from problems such as substance use and school drop out.
 - Youth who are involved in positive school activities, have well developed social skills, are attached to their families, and live in
- neighborhoods that invite positive participation are at less risk for negative youth behaviors.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X^2 , p<.05)



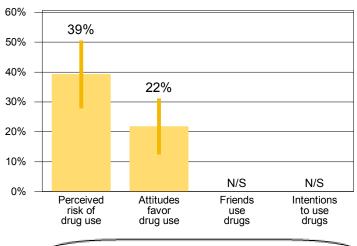
Peer-Individual Risk Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

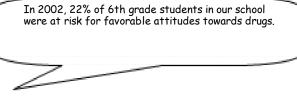
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

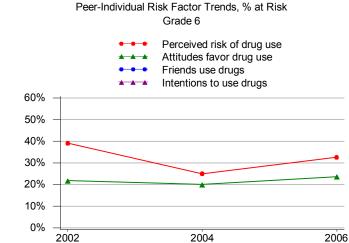
Highlights

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The attitudes kids have about drug use strongly influence the likelihood they will use drugs. Families and communities should model healthy
 attitudes and choices.

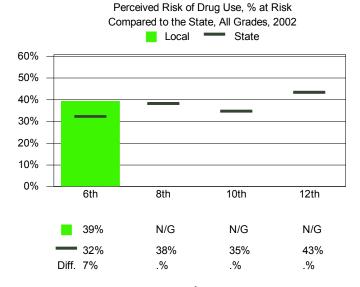
2002 Peer-Individual Risk Factor Scales, % at Risk Grade 6

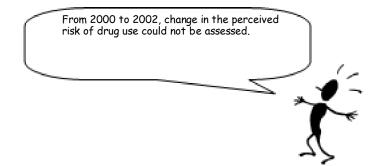






Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Perceived risk of drug use	39% ± 11% (74)	25% ± 14% (40)	33% ± 14% (46)	34% ± 12% (65)	N/P
Attitudes favor drug use	22% ± 9% (78)	20% ± 11% (50)	24% ± 12% (55)	14% ± 8% (76)	N/P
Friends use drugs	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/P
Intentions to use drugs	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/P





For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

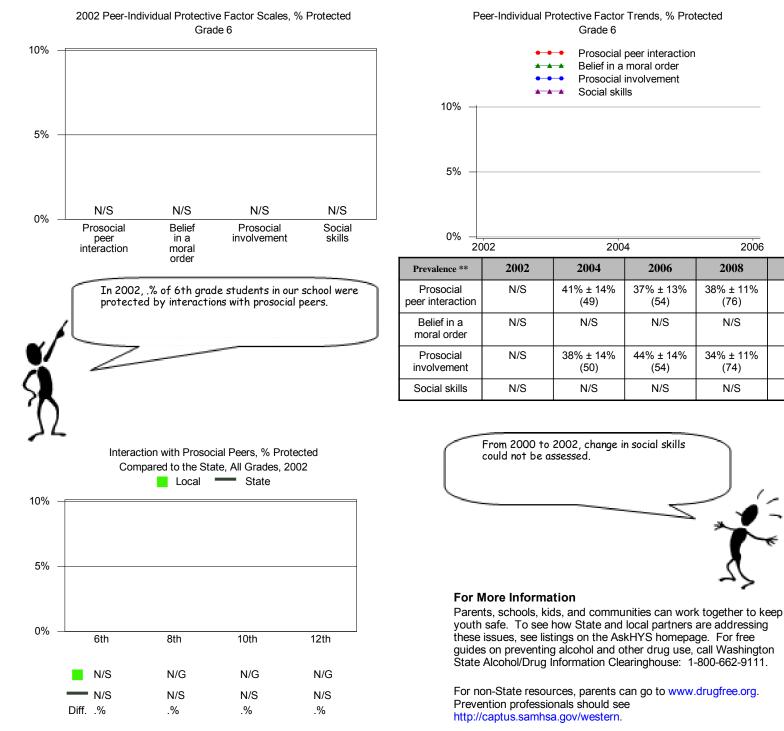


Peer-Individual Protective Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Kids are strongly influenced by their peers. Parents need to know who their children's friends are, where they are and what they are doing.
- Kids who have the skills and opportunities to be involved in pro-social activities are less likely to engage in risky behavior.



2010

N/P

N/P

N/P

N/P

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

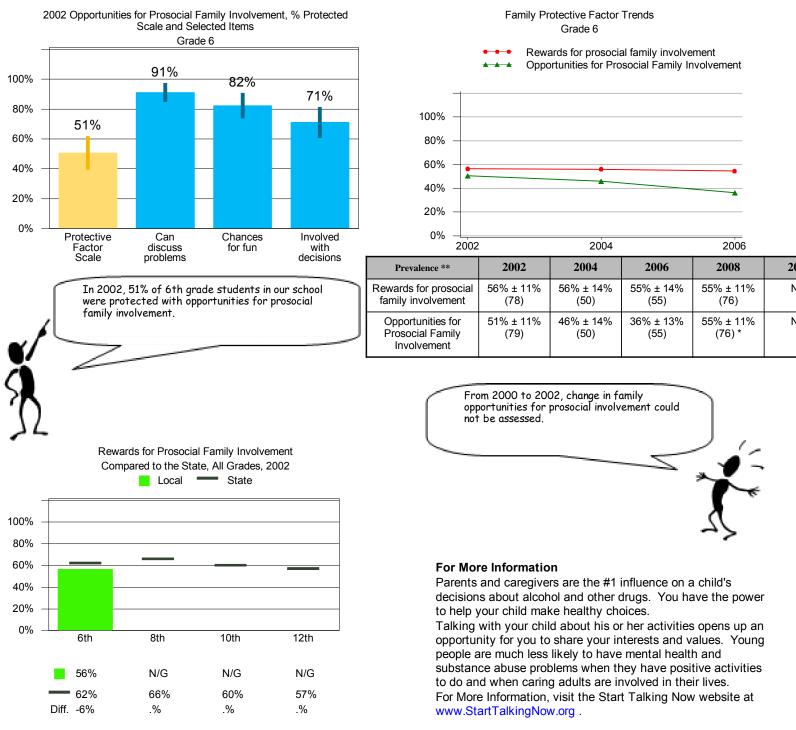


Family Protective Factors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Children who are attached to positive families are less likely to develop problems in adolescence.
- When parents set clear standards for children's behavior, when they are widely and consistently supported, and when the consequences for not following the standards are consistent, young people are more likely to follow the standards.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

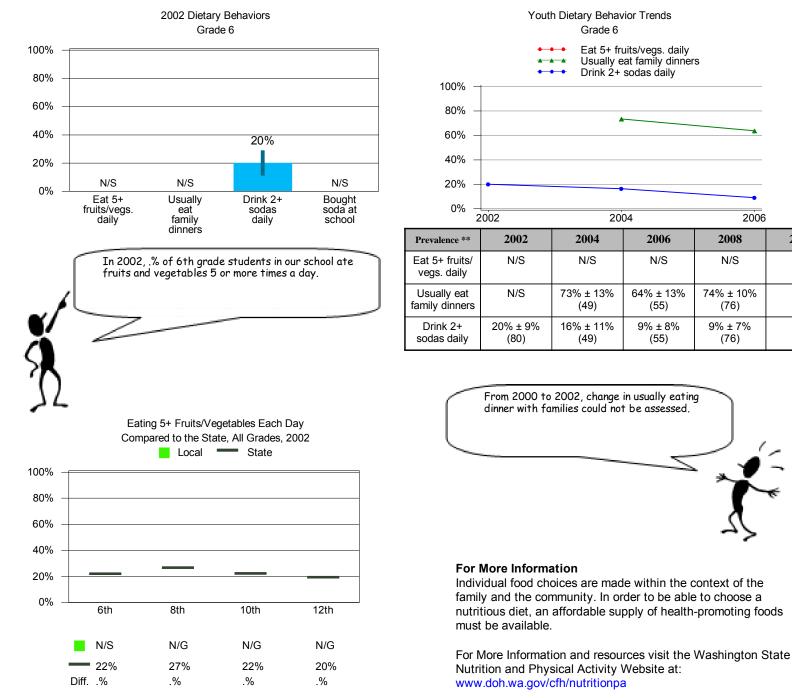


Dietary Behaviors for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

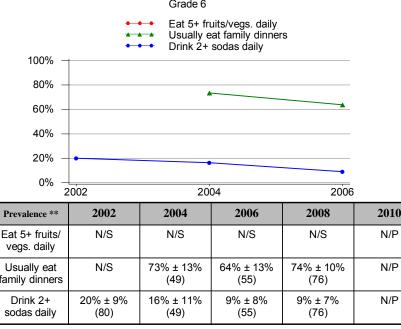
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol.
- Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development, and health status of children and adolescents.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)





Physical Activity for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends 60 minutes of physical activity on five or more days a week.
- One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games or using a computer for fun.

2006

201

N/F

N/F

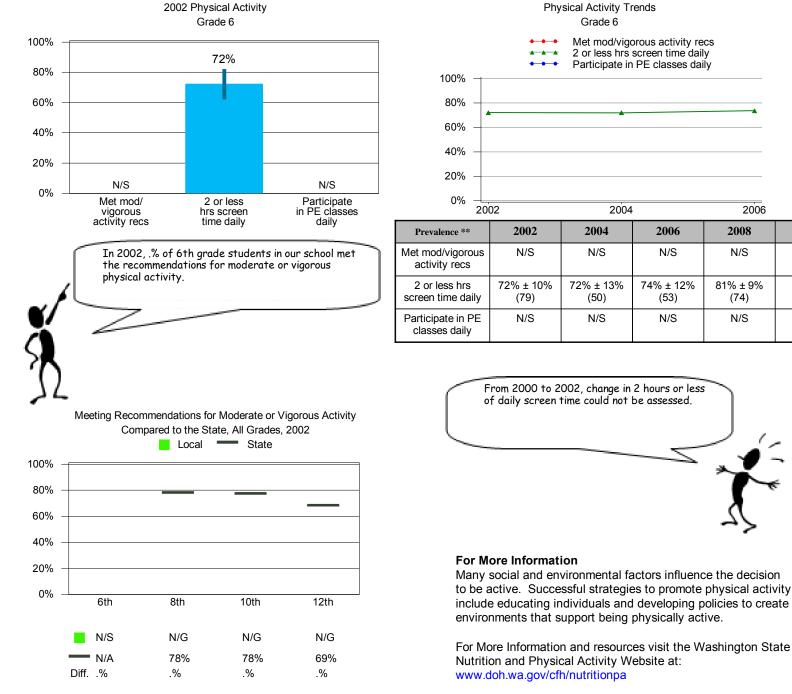
N/F

2008

N/S

(74)

N/S



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

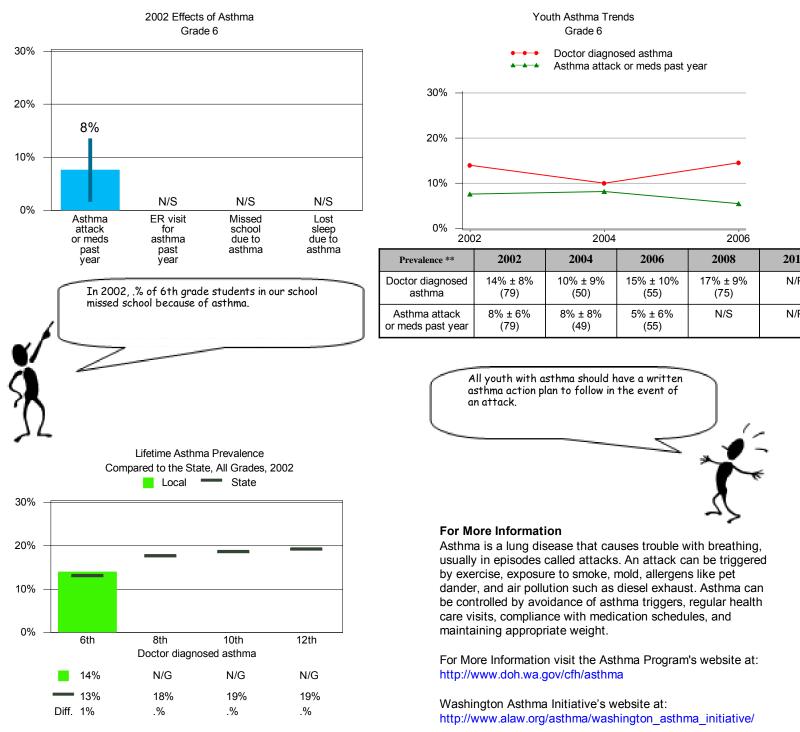


Asthma for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- In Washington State, about one in five youth have been diagnosed with asthma.
- Among youth with asthma, about one in five had at least one visit to an emergency department for asthma attack during 2006.
- Youth who smoke are more likely to have asthma.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

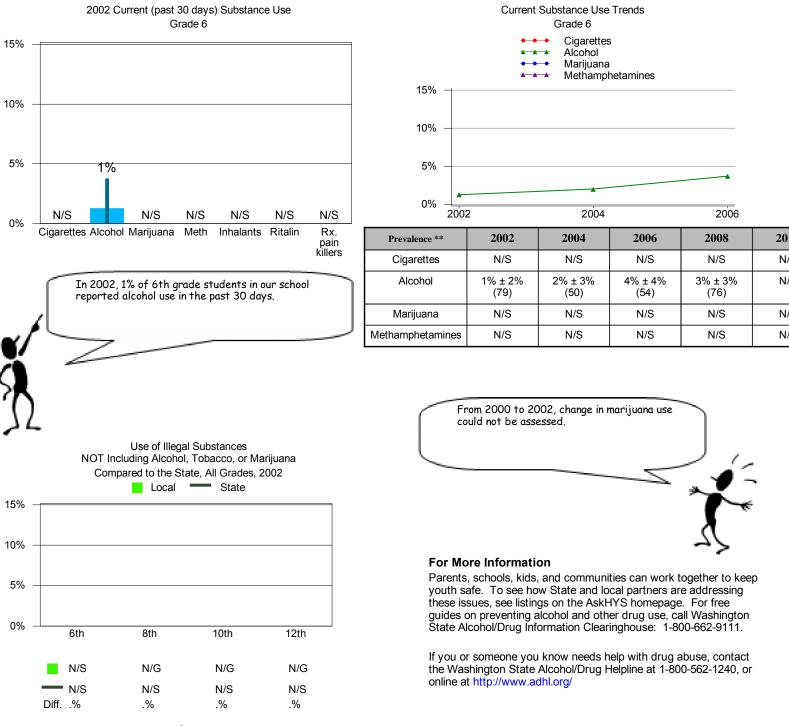


Current Substance Use for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- Brain development continues into the early twenties. The growing brain is more vulnerable to long-term impact from alcohol and other drugs.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

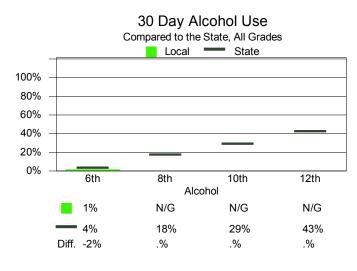


Alcohol Use for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District), page 1 of 2

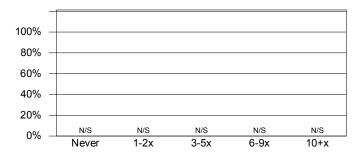
Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

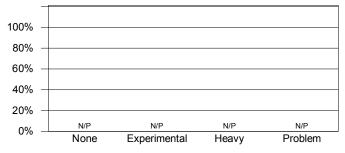
- Alcohol is implicated in nearly a third of youth traffic fatalities. It is also associated with violence, suicide, educational failure, and sexual activity.
- Contrary to earlier beliefs, recent research shows that alcohol can affect the developing adolescent brain.
- Most kids find it easy to get alcohol from friends, at parties, or from home.











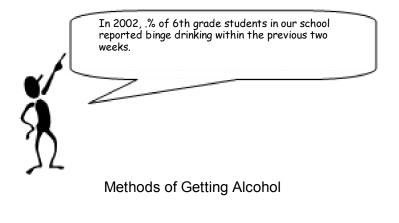
[•] None: no drinking in the past 30 days.

- Experimental: 1-2 days drinking, and no binge drinking.
- Heavy: 3-5 days drinking, and/or one binge.
- Problem: 6+ days drinking, and/or 2+ binge.

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

Alcohol Use Trends Alcohol Ever Drank Alcohol Binge Drinking

Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Alcohol	1% ± 2% (79)	2% ± 3% (50)	4% ± 4% (54)	3% ± 3% (76)	N/P
Ever Drank Alcohol	28% ± 10% (79)	32% ± 13% (50)	36% ± 13% (55)	20% ± 9% (74) *	N/P
Binge Drinking	N/S	N/S	N/S	1% ± 2% (76)	N/P



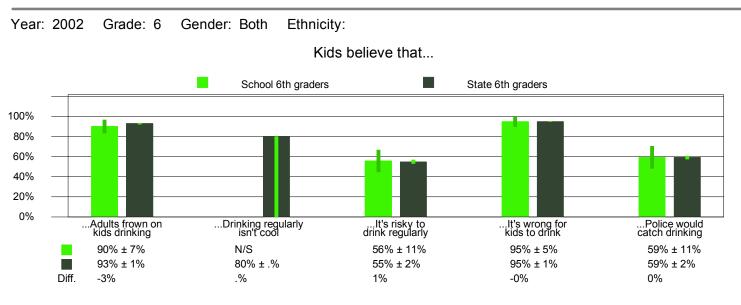
Data is unavailable for the pie chart.

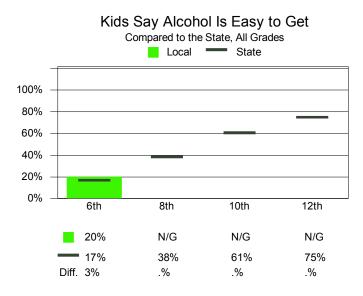
(This question was not surveyed this year.)

^{**} Prevalence is displayed as the estimated percentage ± 95% confidence interval, with the number of respondents to this question in parentheses. Missing Codes: S = result suppressed due to insufficient reporting from students or schools; N/P = location did not participate in the survey this year; not available; N/S = question was not surveyed this year; N/A = question was not asked of this grade; NB/G = this gender was not at this location Report generated at www.AskHYS.net

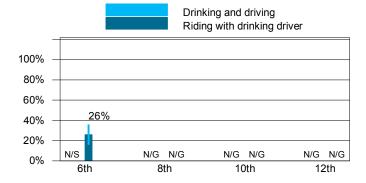
Healthy Youth Survey Alcohol Report

Alcohol Use for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District), page 2 of 2

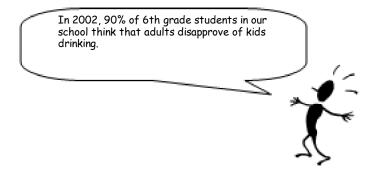




Drinking and Driving / Riding All Grades



* indicates a significant change (Wald X^2 , p<.05)



For More Information

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Parents can get tips on how to talk to their kids about alcohol use at www.StartTalkingNow.org.

If you or someone you know needs help with drug abuse, contact the Washington State Alcohol/Drug Helpline at 1-800-562-1240, or online at www.adhl.org.



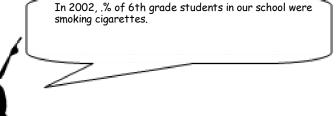
Tobacco Use for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

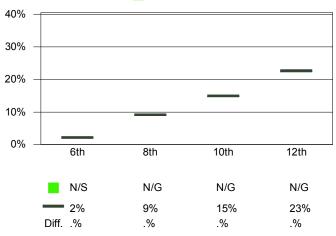
- In Washington State, 45 youth start smoking each day
- One in three of all youth smokers will die prematurely from a smoking-caused disease
- Smoking is associated with the increased risk of drug use and low academic performance

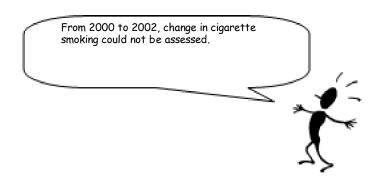
2002 Current Tobacco Product Use (any use in the past 30 days) Grade 6 40% 30% 20% 10% N/S N/S N/S N/S N/S N/S 0% Cigarettes Cigars Smokeless Bidis Cloves Pipe tobacco



	То	bacco Product Grade 6				
		🔺 🔺 Cigar	rettes rs keless tobacco			
40% -					_	
30% -					_	
20% -					_	
10% -					_	
- 0%	2002	2	2004		2006	
Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	
Cigarettes	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/P	
Cigars	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/P	
Smokeless tobacco	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/P	

Cigarette Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2002 Local State





For More Information

The Washington State Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control Program funds a comprehensive statewide tobacco prevention program to reduce the initiation of youth smoking and help currrent smokers guit.

For More Information, visit the Tobacco Program's website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/tobacco .

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

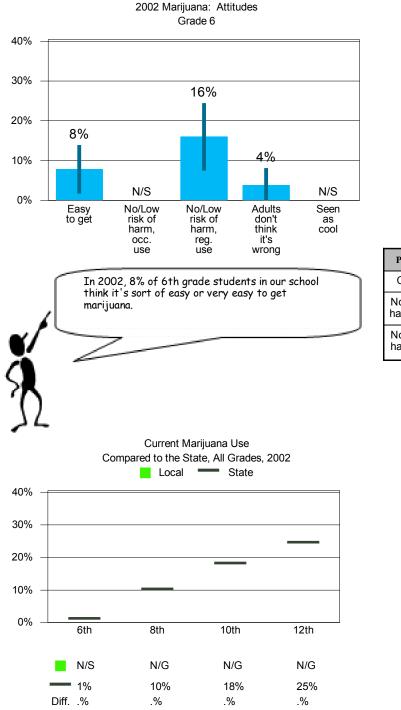


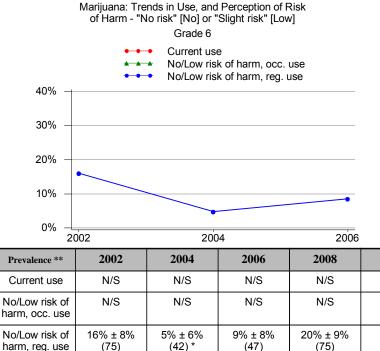
Marijuana Use for Martha Lake Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2002 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Smoking marijuana affects neuropsychological functioning, such as hand-eye coordination, reaction time, and memory.
- Marijuana is far more potent and therefore far more toxic than marijuana grown in the 1970's.
- The earlier someone starts using marijuana, the greater their vulnerability to addition disorders and psychiatric disorders.



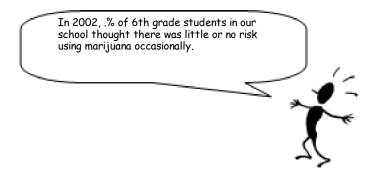


2010

N/P

N/P

N/P



For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

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* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)