

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

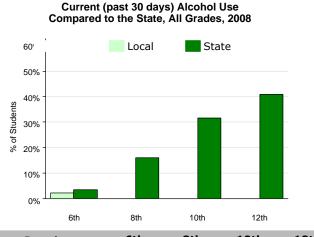
Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

- Alcohol is implicated in nearly a third of youth traffic fatalities. It is also associated with violence, suicide, educational failure, and sexual activity.
- Contrary to earlier beliefs, recent research shows that alcohol can affect the developing adolescent brain.

Experimental, 2% Problem, Heavy, 2%

• Most kids find it easy to get alcohol from friends, at parties, or from home.

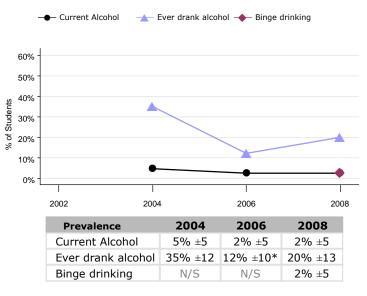


Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	2% ±5	N/G	N/G	N/G
State	$4\%~\pm 1$	$16\% \ \pm 2$	$32\% \ \pm 2$	41% ±3

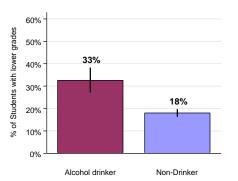
Level of Alcohol Use

Grade 6, 2008





Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Alcohol Use Grade 6, 2008

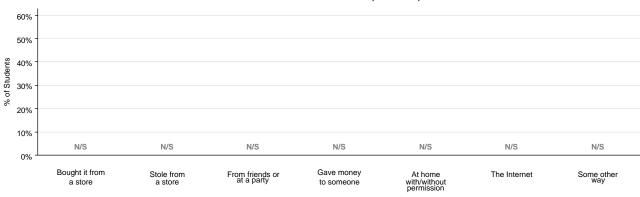


Statewide, 6th graders who drink alcohol are more likely to get lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to those who don't drink.

None: no drinking in the past 30 days Experimental: 1-2 days drinking, and no binge drinking Heavy: 3-5 days drinking, and/or one binge Problem: 6+ days drinking, and/or 2+ binges

None, 95%

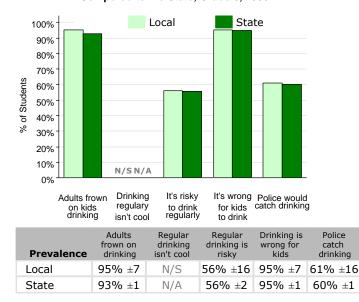
Source for Those Who Got Alcohol, Grade 6, 2008

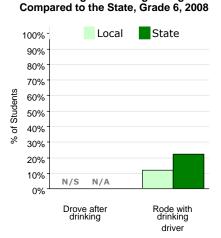




Current Alcohol Use Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District), page 2 of 2

Youth Perceptions about Alcohol Compared to the State, Grade 6, 2008





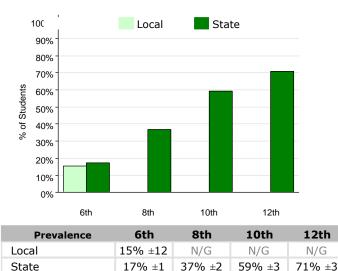
Drinking and Driving/Riding

Prevalence	Drove after drinking	Rode with drinking driver
Local	N/S	12% ±10
State	N/A	22% ±1

Received Anti-Alcohol Messages Compared to the State, Grade 6, 2008



Youth Perception that Alcohol is Easy to Get Compared to the State, Grade 6, 2008



For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111, or www.clearinghouse.adhl.org
- Parents can find prevention tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org.
- Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |)



Asthma Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

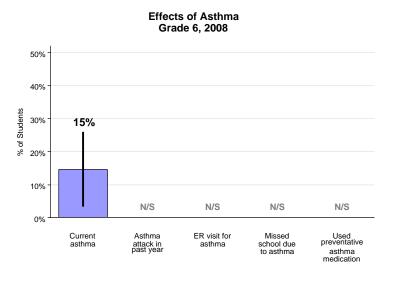
Grade: 6

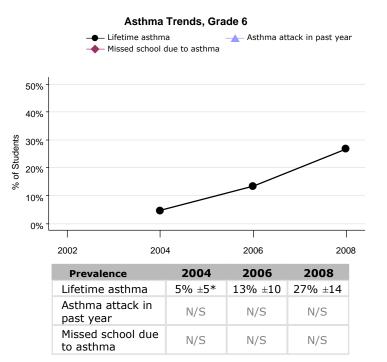
Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed: 41

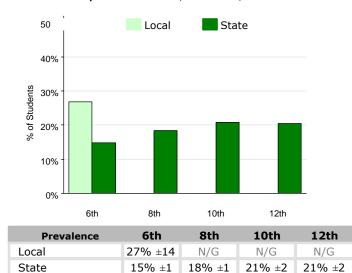
Background:

- · In Washington State, about one in five youth have been diagnosed with asthma.
- · Among youth with asthma, about one in five had at least one visit to an emergency department for asthma attack during 2008.
- · Youth who smoke are more likely to have asthma.
- · Asthma is a lung disease that causes trouble with breathing, usually in episodes called attacks. An attack can be triggered by exercise, exposure to smoke, mold, allergens like pet dander, and air pollution such as diesel exhaust.





Lifetime Asthma Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008



All youth with asthma should have a written asthma action plan to follow in the event of an attack.

Asthma can be controlled by avoidance of asthma triggers, regular health care visits, compliance with medication schedules, and maintaining appropriate weight.

For More Information:

- Visit the Asthma Program's website at:www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/asthma
- · Washington Asthma Initiative's website at: www.alaw.org/asthma/washington_asthma_initiative

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

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Community Risk Factors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

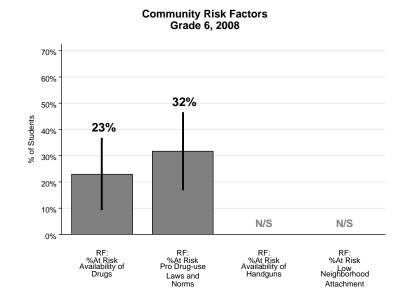
- · Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- . The more risk factors a youth is exposed to, the more likely it is that she or he will engage in problem behaviors.

For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111, or www.clearinghouse.adhl.org.
- · Parents can find prevention tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org.

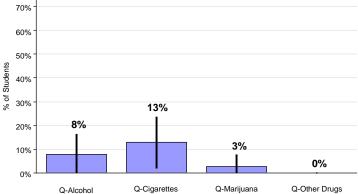
Grade: 6

• Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.



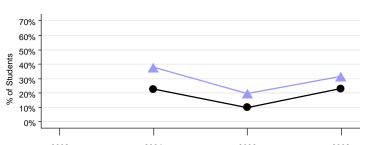
Percent reporting "very easy to get" Grade 6, 2008

Availability of Drugs, Selected Questions (Q)



Community Risk Factors Trends, Grade 6

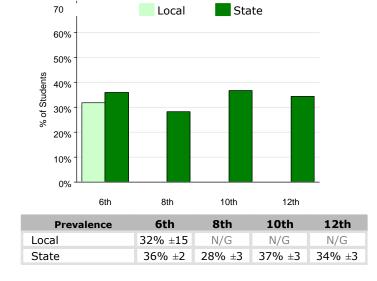
Availability of Drugs (RF) Pro Drug-use Laws and Norms (RF) Availability of Handguns (RF Low Neighborhood Attachment (RF)



2002 200	4	2006	200	
Prevalence	2004	2006	2008	
Availability of Drugs (RF)	23% ±11	$10\% \ \pm 10$	23% ±14	
Pro Drug-use Laws (RF)	38% ±13	20% ±13*	32% ±15	
Availability of Handguns (RF)	N/S	N/S	N/S	
Low Neighborhood Attachment (RF)	N/S	N/S	N/S	

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013

Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use (RF) All Grades, 2008



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Current Substance Use Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

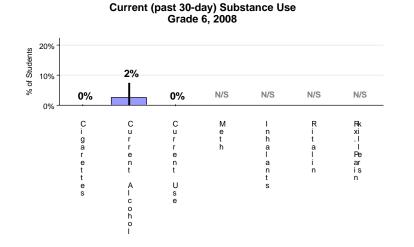
41

Background:

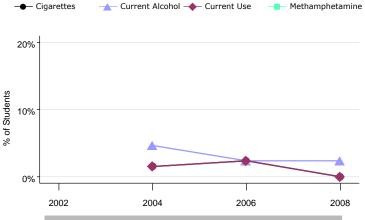
- · Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- · Brain development continues into the early twenties. The growing brain is more vulnerable to long-term impact from alcohol and other drugs.

For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111, or www.clearinghouse.adhl.org.
- · Parents can find preventative tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org.
- Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

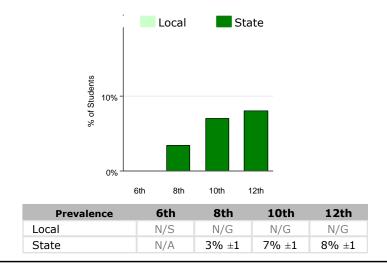


Current Substance Use Trends, Grade 6



Prevalence	2004	2006	2008
Cigarettes	2% ±3	2% ±5	0% ±0
Current Alcohol	5% ±5	2% ±5	2% ±5
Current Use	2% ±3	2% ±5	0% ±0
Meth	N/S	N/S	N/S

Current Drug Use (*Drugs other than Alcohol, Tobacco or Marijuana) Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008



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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Dietary Behaviors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

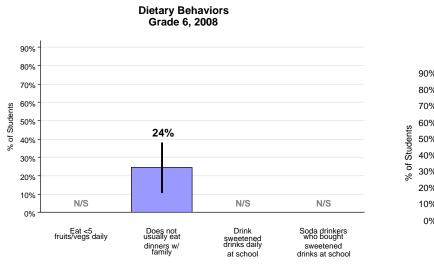
Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

- · A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol.
- · Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development and health status of children and adolescents.
- · Individual food choices are made within the context of the family and the community.
- In order to be able to choose a nutritious diet, an affordable supply of health-promoting foods must be available.

For More Information:

· Visit the Washington State Nutrition, Physical Activity and Obesity Prevention Program website: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/nutritionpa



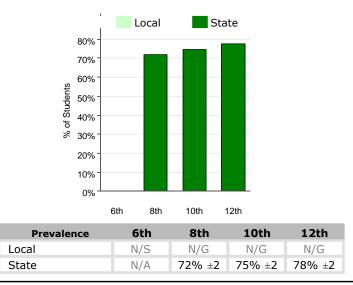
Drink sweetened drinks daily at school 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2002 2004 2006 2008 Prevalence 2004 2006 2008 Fats <5 N/S N/S N/S fruits/vegs daily Does not usually eat dinners w/ 22% ±11 21% ±14 24% ±14 family Drink sweetened drinks daily at N/S N/S N/S school

Dietary Behavior Trends, Grade 6

Don't usually eat dinners w/ family

Eats <5 fruits/vegs daily

Eating Less than 5 Fruits/Vegatables Each Day Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008



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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS net on 06-20-2013



Family Protective Factors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

41

Background:

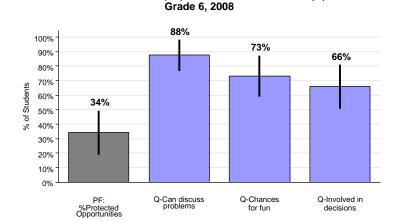
- · Children who are attached to positive families are less likely to develop problems in adolescence.
- When parents set clear and healthy standards for children's behavior, when they are widely and consistently supported, and when the consequences for not following the standards are consistent, young people are more likely to make healthy choices.

For More Information:

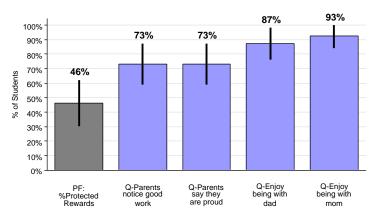
- · Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.
- · For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org.
- Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

Opportunities for Family Involvement

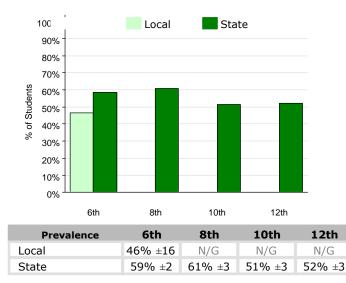
Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q)



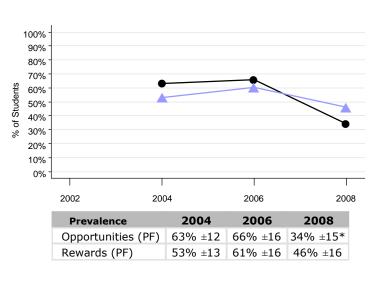
Rewards for Family Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 6, 2008



Rewards for Family Involvement Protective Factor (PF), All Grades, 2008



Family Protective Factor Trends, Grade 6 — Opportunities (PF) </u> Rewards (PF)



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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Bullying and Harassment Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

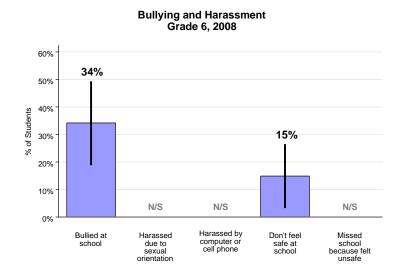
41

Background:

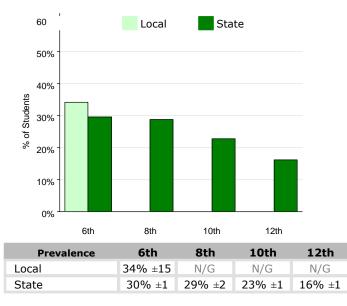
- Washington law requires schools to adopt a policy that prohibits harassment, intimidation and bullying (RCW 28A.300.285).
- Bullying is when a student, or group of students, say or do nasty or unpleasant things to him or her. It is also bullying when a student is teased repeatedly in a way he or she doesn't like.
- · Creating a safe learning environment is critical for student academic achievement.
- · Researchers have identified best practice support programs that address school harassment and bullying and build positive school culture.

For More Information:

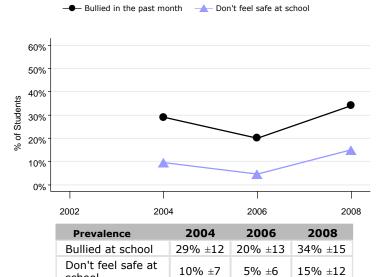
• School Safety Center, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter.

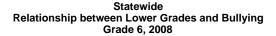


Bullied in Past Month Compared to the State/All Grades, 2008

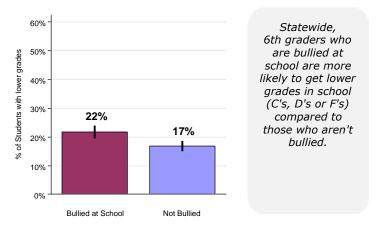


Bullying and Harassment Trends, Grade 6





school



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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Current Marijuana Use Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

41

Background:

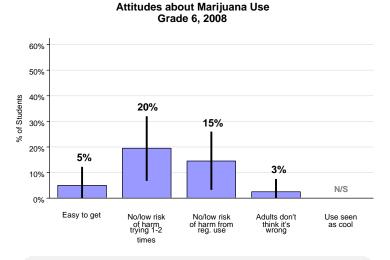
- · Smoking marijuana affects neuropsychological functioning, such as hand-eye coordination, reaction time, and memory.
- Marijuana is far more potent and therefore far more toxic than marijuana grown in the 1970's.

· The earlier someone starts using marijuana, the greater their vulnerability to addiction and psychiatric disorders.

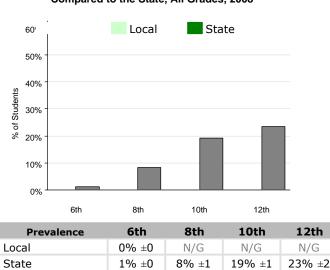
For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- · For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111, or www.clearinghouse.adhl.org
- · Parents can find prevention tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org

Contact the Washington State Alcohol/Drug Helpline at: 1-800-562-1240, or online at: www.adhl.org

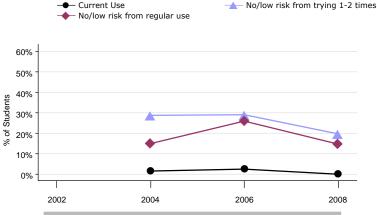


In 2008, 15% of 6th graders in our s thought there was little or no risk of using marijuana regularly.

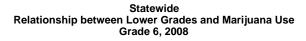


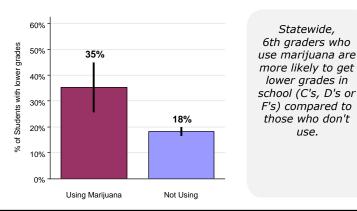
Current Marijuana Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008

Current Marijuana Use and Perception of Harm Trends Grade 6



Prevalence	2004	2006	2008
Current Use	2% ±3	2% ±5	0% ±0
No/low risk from trying 1-2 times	29% ±11	29% ±15	20% ±13
No/low risk from regular use	15% ±9	26% ±15	15% ±11





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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Peer-Individual Risk Factors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

- Friends Use Drugs (RF)

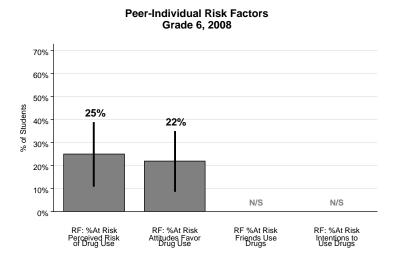
Year: 2008

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

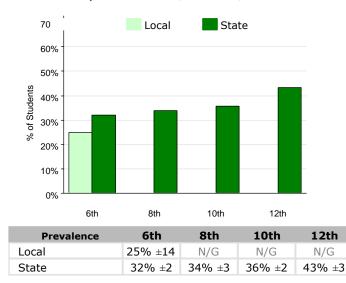
- · Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- · The attitudes kids have about drug use strongly influence the likelihood they will use drugs. Families and communities should model health attitudes and choices.



Grade: 6

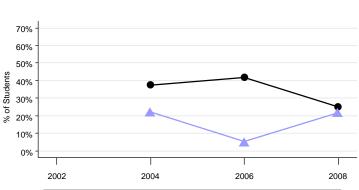
In 2008, 22% of 6th graders in our s were at risk for favorable attitudes towards drugs.

Perceived Risk of Drug Use (RF) Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008





Intentions to Use Drugs (RF)



Prevalence	2004	2006	2008
Perceived Risk of Drug Use (RF)	37% ±13	42% ±17	25% ±14
Attitudes Favor Drug Use (RF)	22% ±11	5% ±7*	22% ±13*
Friends Use Drugs (RF)	N/S	N/S	N/S
Intentions to Use Drugs (RF)	N/S	N/S	N/S

From 2006 to 2008, there has been no change in the perceived risk of drug use among 6th graders in our s.

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the www.AskHYS.net homepage.
- · For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.
- · For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org.
- Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Year: 2008

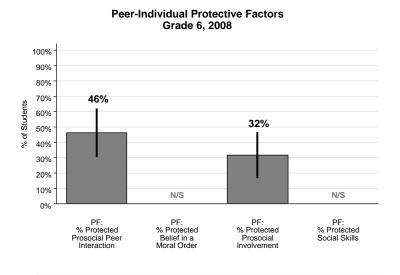
Grade: 6

Gender: Both

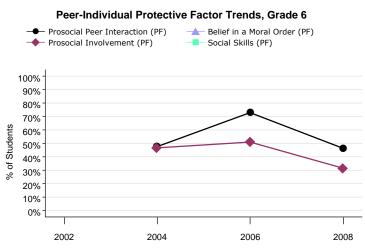
Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

- · Kids are strongly influenced by their peers. Parents need to know who their children's friends are, where they are and what they are doing.
- · Kids who have skills and opportunities to be involved in prosocial activities are less likely to engage in risky behaviors.

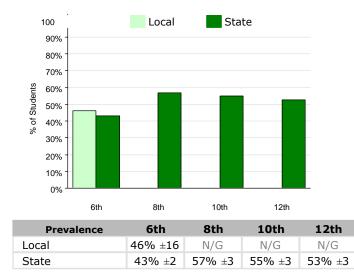


In 2008, 46% of 6th graders in our s were protected by interactions with prosocial peers.



Prevalence	2004	2006	2008
Interaction with Prosocial Peers (PF)	47% ±13	73% ±14*	46% ±16*
Belief in a Moral Order (PF)	N/S	N/S	N/S
Prosocial Involvement (PF)	47% ±13	51% ±16	32% ±15
Social Skills (PF)	N/S	N/S	N/S

Interaction with Prosocial Peers (PF) All Grades, 2008



From 2006 to 2008, there has been a decrease in protection by interactions with prosocial peers among 6th graders in our s.

For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111, or www.clearinghouse.adhl.org.
- · Parents can find prevention tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org
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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS net on 06-20-2013



Physical Activity Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

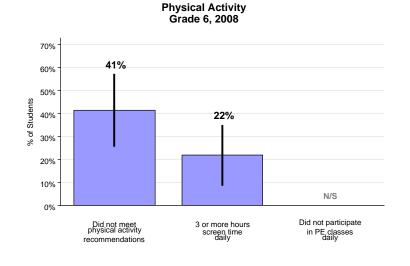
Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

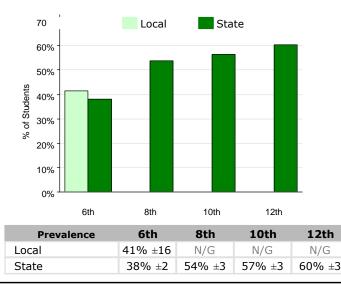
- · Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the National Association for Sport & Physical Education recommend that children and adolescents participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity most days of the week, preferably daily.
- · One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games or using a computer for fun.
- · Many social and environmental factors influence the decision to be active. Successful strategies to promote physical activity include educating individuals and developing policies to create environments that support being physically active.

For More Information:

Visit the Washington State Nutrition, Physical Activity and Obesity Prevention Program website: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/nutritionpa



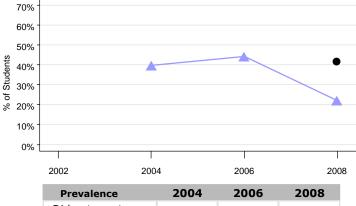
In 2008, 41% of 6th graders in our s did not meet the recommendations for 60 minutes of physical activity daily.



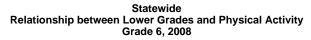
Did Not Meet Recommendations for Physical Activity Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008

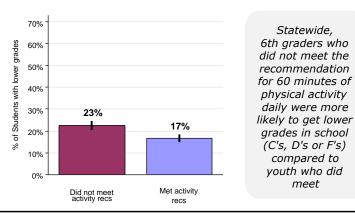
Physical Activity Trends, Grade 6





Prevalence	2004	2000	2008
Did not meet physical activity recs	N/S	N/S	41% ±16
3 or more hours screen time daily	40% ±12	44% ±15	22% ±13*
Did not participate in PE classes daily	N/S	N/S	N/S





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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



School Protective Factors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

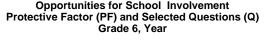
41

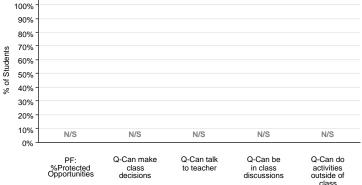
Background:

- · Research has identified a unique set of factors that protect youth from substance use, delinquency, violence, pregnancy, and school dropout.
- · Students that experience protective factors, such as opportunities and rewards for school involvement, are more protected from problems and more likely to be academically successful.
- · Researchers have identified best practice programs that can increase protective factors and build supportive school cultures.

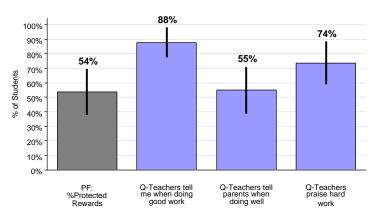
For More Information:

- · Information about school risk factors at: captus.samhsa.gov/western.
- · Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/LearningTeachingSupport.

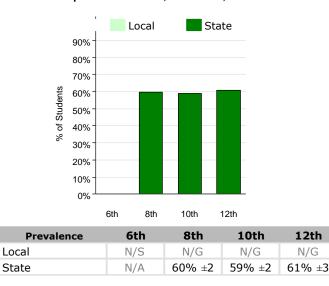




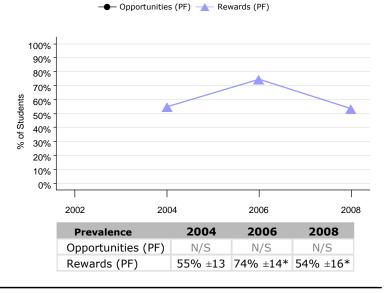
Rewards for School Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 6, 2008



Opportunities for School Involvement Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008



School Protective Factor Trends, Grade 6



Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS net on 06-20-2013

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



School Risk Factors Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

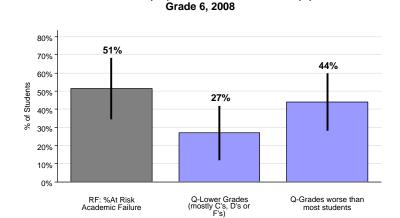
- · Research has identified a unique set of factors that put youth at risk for substance use, delinquency, violence, pregnancy, and school dropout.
- · Students that experience risk factors, such as academic failure and lack of commitment to school, are at greater risk of problems.
- Students in schools with high levels of risk and even moderate substance use are less likely to meet mathematics, reading and writing standards.
- Researchers have identified best practice programs that can decrease risk factors and build supportive school culture.

For More Information:

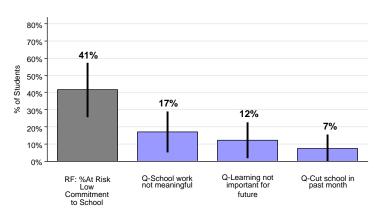
· Information about school risk factors at: captus.samhsa.gov/western.

Academic Failure Risk Factor (RF) and Selected Questions (Q)

· Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/LearningTeachingSupport.



Low Commitment to School Risk Factor (RF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 6, 2008





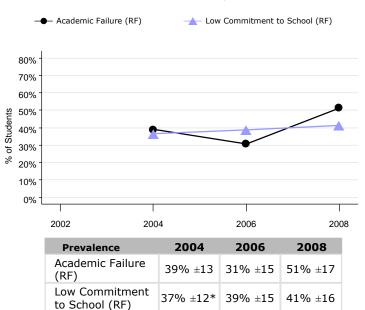
Academic Failure (RF)

All Grades, 2008

	_	-								
		6	th	8	th	1	0th	12	2th	
	0% -									
	10% -									_
	20% -									_
% of Students	30% -									-
Sti	40% -									
nder	400/ -									
lts	50%				_			1		

Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	$51\% \ \pm 17$	N/G	N/G	N/G
State	42% ±2	47% ±2	$48\%~\pm 2$	51% ±2

School Risk Factor Trends, Grade 6



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Tobacco Use Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

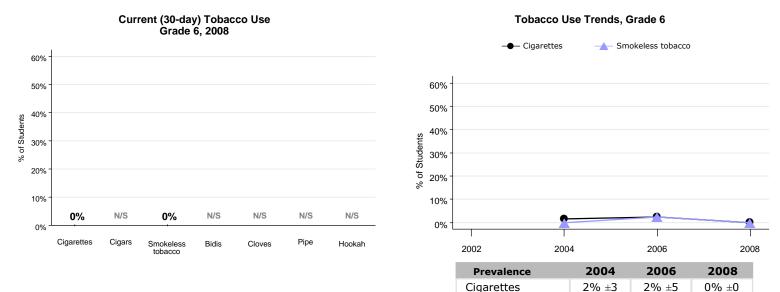
Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

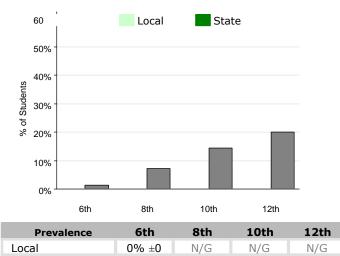
- · In Washington State, 45 youth start smoking cigarettes each day.
- One in three of all youth smokers will die prematurely from a smoking-caused disease.
- · Smoking is associated with the increased risk of drug use and low academic performance.

For More Information:

• The Washington State Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control Program funds a comprehensive statewide tobacco prevention program to reduce the initiation of youth smoking and help current smokers quit. Visit the Tobacco Program's website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/tobacco



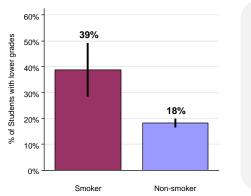




Statewide **Relationship between Lower Grades and Cigarette Smoking** Grade 6, 2008

0% ±0

2% ±5



Smokeless

tobacco

Statewide, 6th graders who smoke cigarettes are more likely to get lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to non-smokers.

0% ±0

1% ±0

State

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

7% ±1

14% ±2

20% ±3

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



Unintentional Injury Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Grade: 6

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed:

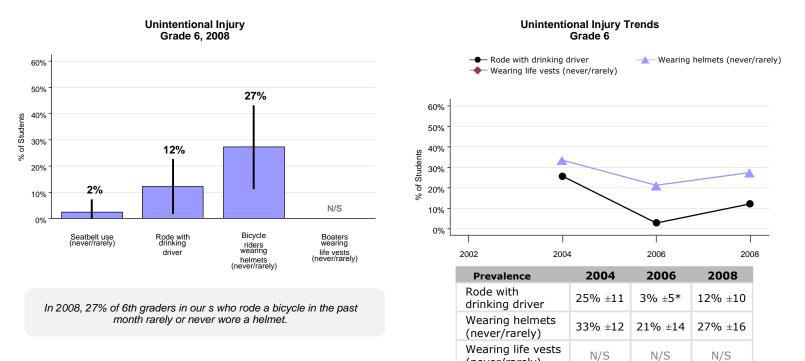
41

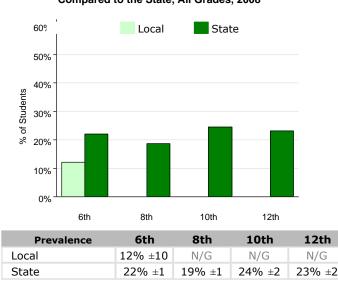
Background:

- · Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth. Motor vehicle crashes are the most common cause.
- · Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as not wearing a seatbelt, drinking and driving, riding with a drunk driver, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, or not wearing a life jacket.
- · Most unintentional injuries are not accidents because they can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to injuries and even death.

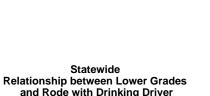
For More Information:

Visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: www.doh.wa.gov/hsga/emstrauma/injury



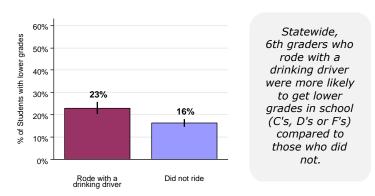


Rode with Drinking Driver Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008



(never/rarely)

and Rode with Drinking Driver Grade 6, 2008



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013



 $\hat{\mathbf{N}}$ iolent Behaviors and School Safety Cedar Way Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2008

Gender: Both

Number of Students Surveyed: 41

Background:

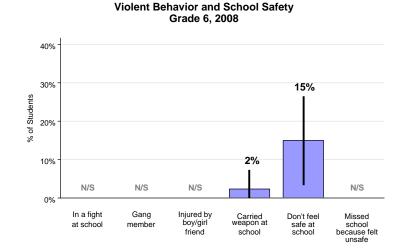
- Washington schools are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes: prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response, and post crisis recovery (RCW 28A.320.125).
- Schools referral systems that encourage students to report threats will help prevent violent incidents.
- · Creating a supportive learning environment is critical for student academic achievement.

Grade: 6

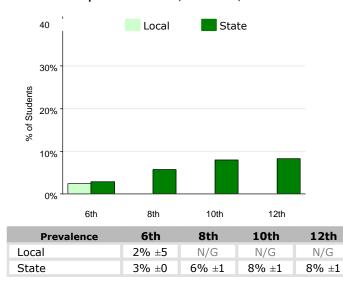
· School safety requires the commitment of staff, students, parents and the community. Researchers have identified best practice programs that can address negative student behaviors and build positive school culture.

For More Information:

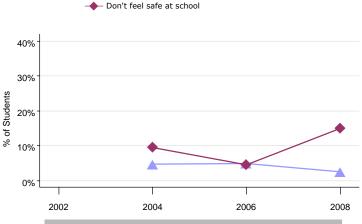
- School Safety Center, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter
- · Washington State Department of Health Injury and Violence Prevention Program website: www.doh.wa.gov/hsga/emstrauma/injury



Carried a Weapon at School Compared to the State, All Grades, 2008

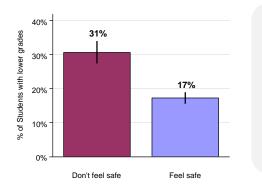


Violent Behavior and School Safety Trends, Grade 6 Carried weapon at school



Prevalence	2004	2006	2008
In a fight at school	N/S	N/S	N/S
Carried weapon at school	5% ±5	5% ±7	2% ±5
Don't feel safe at school	10% ±7	5% ±6	15% ±12

Statewide **Relationship between Lower Grades** and Not Feeling Safe at School Grade 6, 2008



Statewide, 6th graders who don't feel safe at school are more likely to get lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to those who feel safe.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 06-20-2013