

Unintentional Injury for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

Number of Students Surveyed:

61

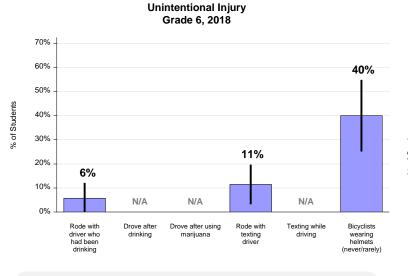
Unintentional Injury Trends

Background:

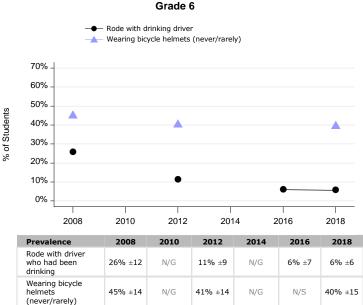
- Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth. Motor vehicle crashes are the most common cause.
- Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as drinking and driving, riding with a drinking driver, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, or not wearing a life jacket.
- Most unintentional injuries can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to injuries and even death.

For More Information:

• Visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: www.doh.wa.gov/DataandStatisticalReports/InjuryViolenceandPoisoning.



In 2018, 6% of 6th graders in our school rode with a drinking driver.



70 -Local State 60 50 % of Students 40 30 20 10 0 6th 8th 10th 12th 6th 8th 10th 12th Prevalence Local N/A 58% ±3 State N/A 24% ±3 21% ±2

Texting While Driving, among Those Who Drove Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



Violent Behaviors and School Safety for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

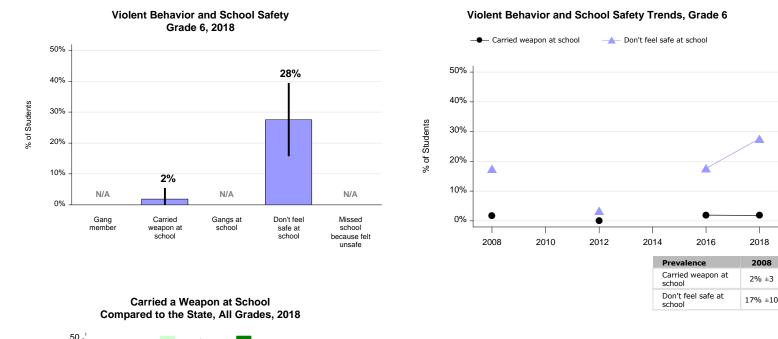
Number of Students Surveyed: 61

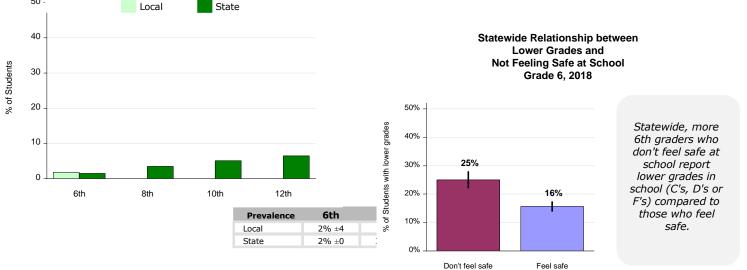
Background:

- · Creating a supportive learning environment is critical for student academic achievement.
- Researchers have identified best practice programs that can address negative student behaviors and build positive school culture.
- School safety requires the commitment of staff, students, parents and the community. Washington schools are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes: prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response, and post crisis recovery (RCW 28A.320.125).
- Schools referral systems that encourage students to report threats will help prevent violent incidents.

For More Information:

- School Safety Center, the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter.
- Washington State Department of Health Injury and Violence Prevention Program website: www.doh.wa.gov.





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*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

201

N/G

N/G



Bullying and Harassment for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

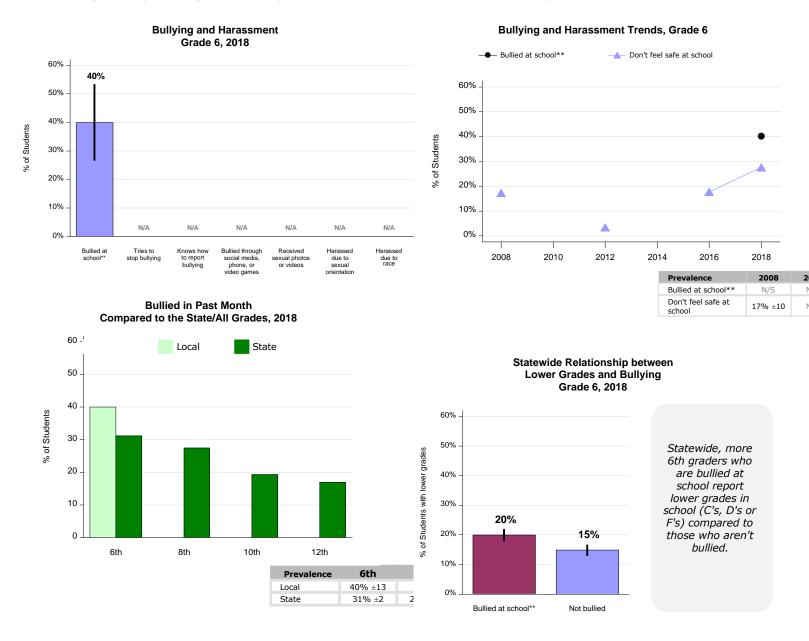
Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

- All Washington schools are required, at a minimum, to implement state model policy and procedures which prohibit harassment, intimidation and bullying.
- Bullying is intentional, repeated, negative behavior on the part of an aggressor or aggressors toward a target or targets. It also involves a perceived power imbalance of some kind.
- · Students who report being bullied or harassed also report getting lower grades in school.
- Researchers have identified evidence-based programs which reduce bullying and harassment and help build positive school climates.

For More Information:

School Safety Center, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter.



**In 2018, bullying is defined as when one or more students threaten, spread rumors about, hit, shove, or otherwise hurt another student over and over again. It is not bullying when two students of about the same strength or power argue or fight or tease each other in a friendly way.

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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



Community Risk Factors for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All Number of S

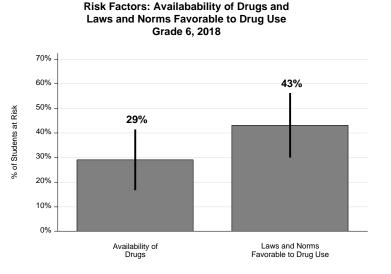
Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

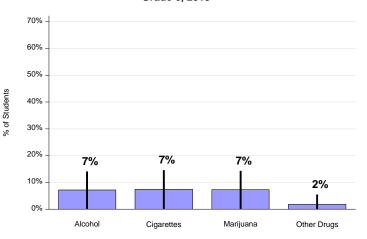
- Researchers at the University of Washington (UW) developed a public health model for the prevention of youth substance abuse. They identified risk factors that predict youth substance use, and protective factors that can protect youth from the effects of those risks. Prevention strategies are designed to lower risk and increase protection.
- Each "factor" in the HYS is measured with two or more questions to include multiple dimensions of the risk or protective factor. The charts and tables below refer to the "percent of students at risk," which is defined as the percent of students whose scores were above a risk cutpoint determined by UW researchers. We also report some of the individual questions.
- Risk factors in the **community environment** point to youth perceptions of local attitudes, beliefs, and standards: if youth <u>perceive</u> people in the community look the other way when kids are using substances, the youth have a higher likelihood of being substance users that is, they are "at risk."

For More Information:

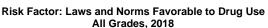
- Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. To learn more go to the Start Talking Now website:
 www.StartTalkingNow.org. To find out about prevention coalitions in your area and how to get involved, go to https://www.theathenaforum.org/cpwi_coalitions.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
- For prevention tips and other online resources visit www.StartTalkingNow.org and www.drugfree.org.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.

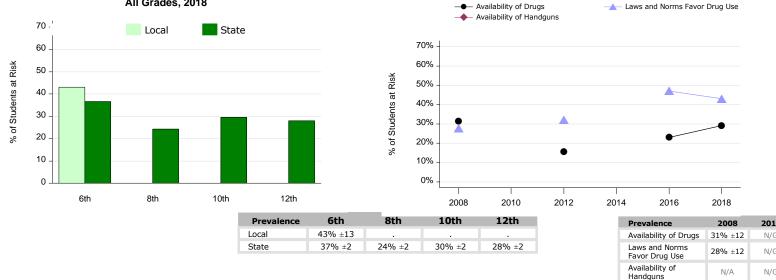


Substances Perceived as "Very Easy" to Get Grade 6, 2018



Community Risk Factor Trends, Grade 6





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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



School Risk Factors for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All Numb

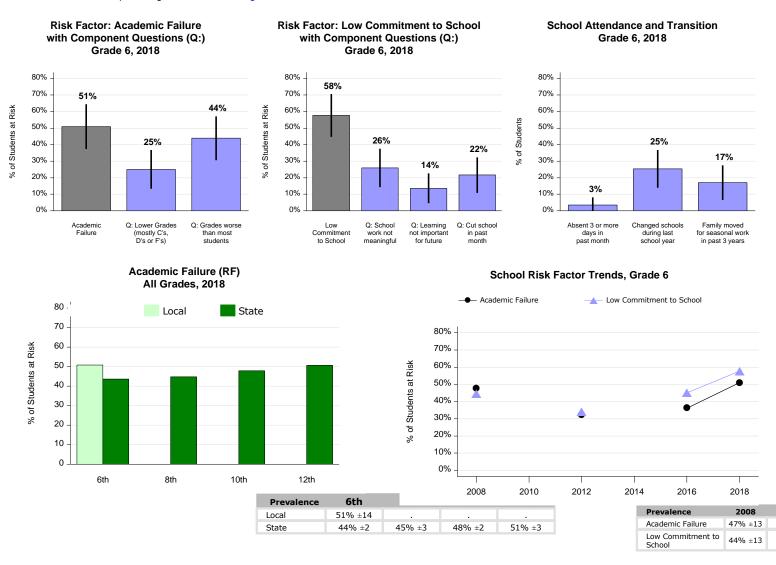
Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

- Researchers at the University of Washington (UW) developed a public health model for the prevention of youth substance abuse. They identified risk factors that predict youth substance use, and protective factors that can protect youth from the effects of those risks. Prevention strategies are designed to lower risk and increase protection.
- Each "factor" in the HYS is measured with two or more questions to include multiple dimensions of the risk or protective factor. The charts and tables below refer to the "percent of students at risk," which is defined as the percent of students whose scores were above a risk cutpoint determined by UW researchers. We also report some of the individual questions.
- Risk factors in the **school environment** are those perceptions related to connection and commitment to school. Kids who are not doing well academically, or who don't believe that school is important, are likely to feel less connected and less committed to school and likely to be those same kids who are experimenting with drugs, or having trouble with depression.
- Researchers have identified best practice programs that can decrease risk factors and build supportive school culture.

For More Information:

- Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction visit www.k12.wa.us/compassionateschools.
- For information about the associations between Risk and Protective Factors and problem behaviors visit www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RiskProtFactors2011.pdf.
- Parents can find definitions for Risk and Protective Factors at www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RPFactorDictionary07.pdf.
- For local Risk Factor profiles go to www.dshs.wa.gov/rda/research/Risk.shtm.



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

N/G

N/G



School Protective Factors for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

• Researchers at the University of Washington (UW) developed a public health model for the prevention of youth substance abuse. They identified risk factors that predict youth substance use, and protective factors that can protect youth from the effects of those risks. Prevention strategies are designed to lower risk and increase protection.

Gender: All

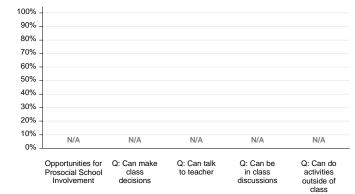
- Each "factor" in the HYS is measured with two or more questions to include multiple dimensions of the risk or protective factor. The charts and tables below refer to the "percent of students protected," which is defined as the percent of students whose scores were above a protection cutpoint determined by UW researchers. We also report some of the individual questions.
- Protective factors in the school environment are those that provide youth the opportunities to participate in meaningful ways, and to experience the rewards of doing so.

For More Information:

- Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction visit www.k12.wa.us/compassionateschools.
- For information about the associations between Risk and Protective Factors and problem behaviors visit www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RiskProtFactors2011.pdf.
- Parents can find definitions for Risk and Protective Factors at www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RPFactorDictionary07.pdf.
- For local Risk Factor profiles go to www.dshs.wa.gov/rda/research/Risk.shtm.

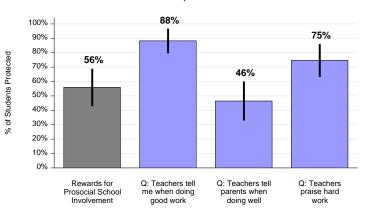
Protective Factor: Opportunities for Prosocial School Involvement with Component Questions (Q:)

Grade 6, 2018

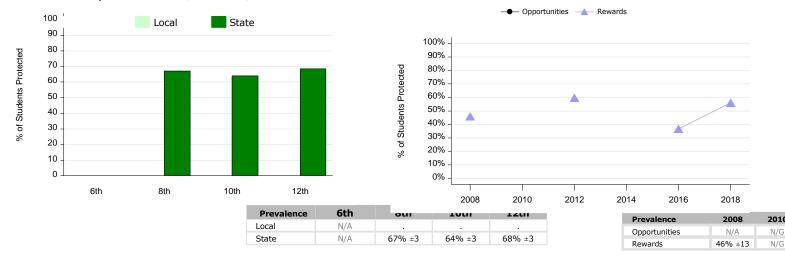




Protective Factor: Rewards for Prosocial School Involvement with Component Questions (Q:) Grade 6, 2018



School Protective Factor Trends, Grade 6



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as ± or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

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Healthy	Fouth Survey

Peer-Individual Risk Factors

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

All Numbe

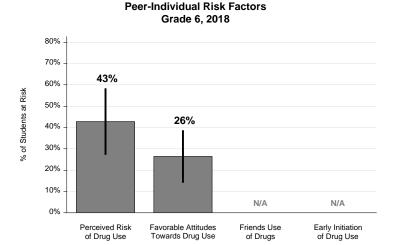
Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

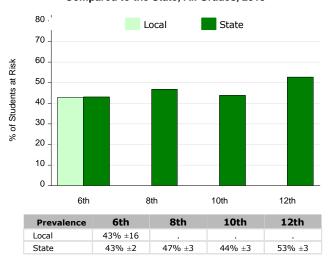
- Researchers at the University of Washington (UW) developed a public health model for the prevention of youth substance abuse. They identified risk
 factors that predict youth substance use, and protective factors that can protect youth from the effects of those risks. Prevention strategies are designed
 to lower risk and increase protection.
- Each "factor" in the HYS is measured with two or more questions to include multiple dimensions of the risk or protective factor. The charts and tables below refer to the "percent of students at risk," which is defined as the percent of students whose scores were above a risk cutpoint determined by UW researchers. We also report some of the individual questions.
- Risk factors in the **peer and individual domain** include attitudes youth have about substance use as well as the behaviors of their friends. For More Information:
- Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. To learn more about prevention coalitions in your area and how to get involved, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.StartTalkingNow.org.

% of Students at Risk

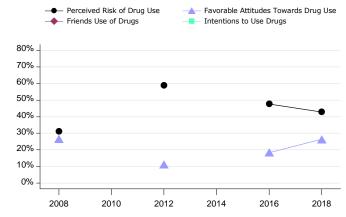
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
- For prevention tips and other online resources, visit www.StartTalkingNow.org and www.drugfree.org.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.



Risk Factor: Perceived Risk of Drug Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018



Peer-Individual Risk Factor Trends Grade 6



Prevalence	2008	2010	2012	2014	2016	2018
Perceived Risk of Drug Use	31% ±12	N/G	59% ±16	N/G	48% ±16	43% ±16
Favorable Attitudes Towards Drug Use	27% ±12	N/G	11% ±9	N/G	18% ±11	26% ±12
Friends Use of Drugs	N/A	N/G	N/A	N/G	N/A	N/A
Intentions to Use Drugs	N/A	N/G	N/A	N/G	N/S	N/S

In 2018, 26% of 6th graders in our school were at risk for favorable attitudes towards drugs.

From 2016 to 2018, there has been no change in the perceived risk of drug use among 6th graders in our school.

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*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



Family Protective Influences for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

100%

90%

Year: 2018

Grade: 6 Gender: All

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Number of Students Surveyed:
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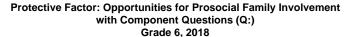
61

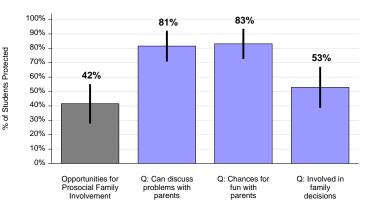
Background:

- Researchers at the University of Washington (UW) developed a public health model for the prevention of youth substance abuse. They identified risk factors that predict youth substance use, and protective factors that can protect youth from the effects of those risks. Prevention strategies are designed to lower risk and increase protection.
- Each "factor" in the HYS is measured with two or more questions to include multiple dimensions of the risk or protective factor. The charts and tables below refer to the "percent of students protected," which is defined as the percent of students whose scores were above a protection cutpoint determined by UW researchers. We also report some of the individual questions.
- Protective factors in the family environment are those that encourage positive participation in the family setting, and reward youth for that involvement.

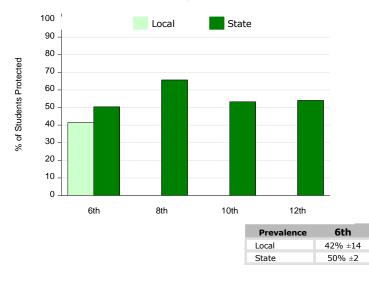
For More Information:

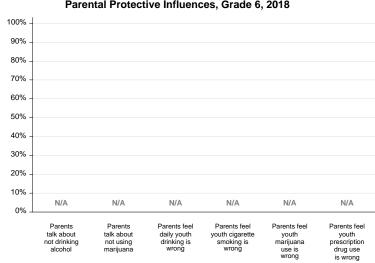
- Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. To learn more about prevention coalitions in your area and how to get involved, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.StartTalkingNow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse at www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
- For prevention tips and other online resources visit www.StartTalkingNow.org and www.drugfree.org.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.





Protective Factor: Opportunities for Prosocial Family Involvement All Grades, 2018





Parental Protective Influences, Grade 6, 2018

Opportunities

Rewards

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

Family Protective Factor Trends, Grade 6

201

N/G

N/G

38% ±14

43% ±14

Opportunities

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

80% % of Students Protected 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2008 Prevalence

% of Students



Dietary Behaviors for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Gender: All

Number of Students Surveyed:

61

Background:

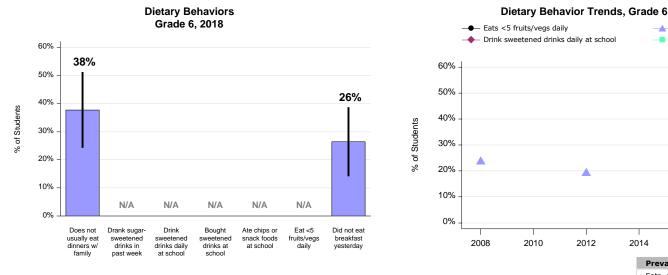
- A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, diabetes, and high blood cholesterol.
- · Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development, health status and academic achievement of children and adolescents.
- Individual food choices are made within the context of the family and the community.

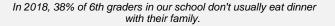
Grade: 6

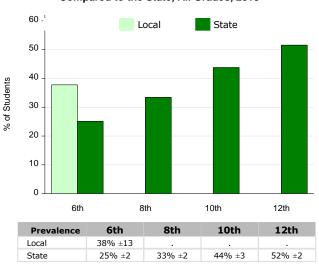
• In order to be able to choose a nutritious diet, an affordable supply of health-promoting foods must be available.

For More Information:

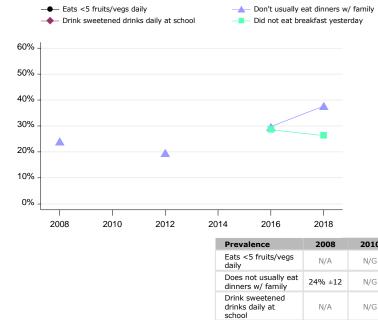
Visit the Washington State Healthy Eating Active Living Program website: www.doh.wa.gov.



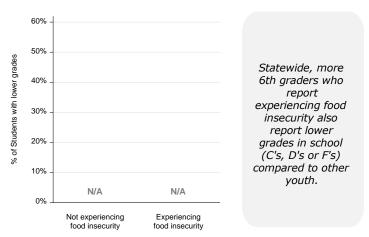




Does Not Usually Eat Dinners with Family Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Food Insecurity Grade 6, 2018



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

Did not eat

breakfast yesterday

N/S

N/G



Oral Health for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

Number of Students Surveyed:

61

Background:

• Dental decay affects 53% of Third Graders in Washington.

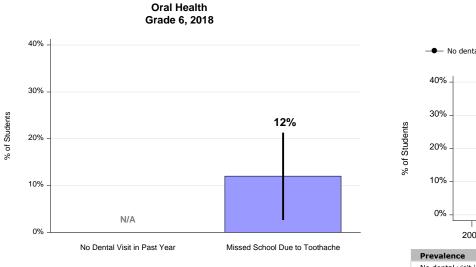
• The bacteria that causes tooth decay is a chronic condition that typically lasts into adulthood with greater costs and consequences for health and well-being.

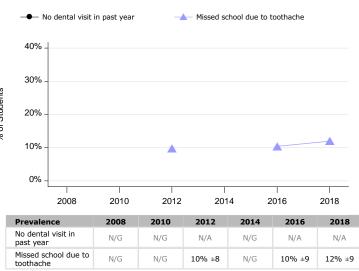
• Dental disease is linked to broader health problems, including cardiovascular disease, stroke and diabetes mellitus.

• In the U.S., over 51 million school hours are missed each year by children due to dental related illness.

For More Information:

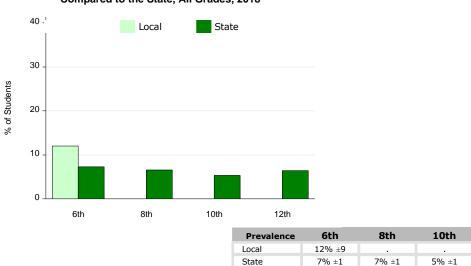
• Visit the Washington State Oral Health Program Website at: www.doh.wa.gov.





Oral Health Trends

Grade 6



Missed School due to Toothache Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as ± or black bar)

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

12th

6% ±1



Physical Activity for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Gender: All

er: All Nur

% of Students

Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

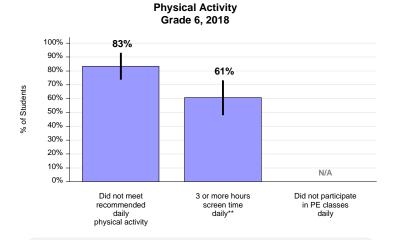
- Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recommends that children and adolescents participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity daily, and muscle strengthening 3 days a week.
- One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games, using a computer for fun, or cell phone usage.
- Many social and environmental factors influence the decision to be active. Successful strategies to promote physical activity include educating individuals and developing policies in schools and communities to create environments that support being physically active.

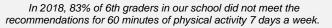
For More Information:

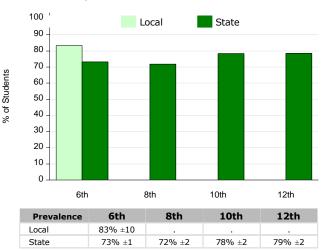
• Visit the Washington State Healthy Eating Active Living Program website: www.doh.wa.gov.

Grade: 6

- Visit the National Physical Activity Plan: www.physicalactivityplan.org.
- Visit CDC Physical activity guidelines: www.cdc.gov/physicalactivity/everyone/guidelines/children.html.
- Note: DOH advocates using the CDC recommendations of 'at least 60 minutes of physical activity daily.'

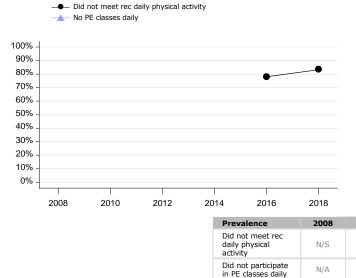






Did Not Meet Recommendations for Physical Activity Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018

Physical Activity Trends, Grade 6

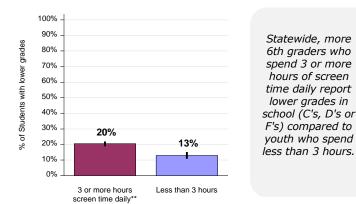


201

N/G

N/G

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and 3 or More Hours of Screen Time Daily Grade 6, 2018



**In 2018, screen time includes watching TV shows or movies or steam videos (such as YouTube, Netflix, Hulu) on any electronic advice (computer, TV, tablet or smartphone) and playing video or computer games or using a computer for something that is not school work (count time spent on things such as Xbox, PlayStation, tablet, smartphone, social media).

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



Substance Use for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

use***

Number of Students Surveyed: 61

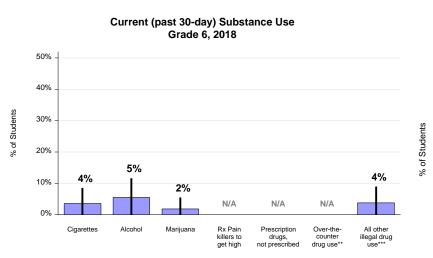
Current (past 30-day) Substance Use Trends, Grade 6

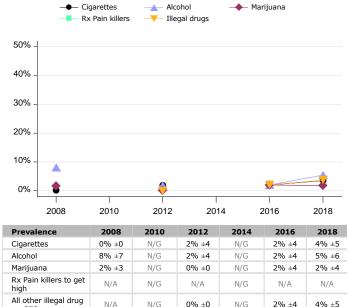
Background:

- Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- The developing brain is more vulnerable to the effects of alcohol and other drugs. Brain development continues into the mid-20s.

For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. For prevention tips and to connect with a prevention coalition in your area, visit www.StartTalkingNow.org.
- For free printed guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance use and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.

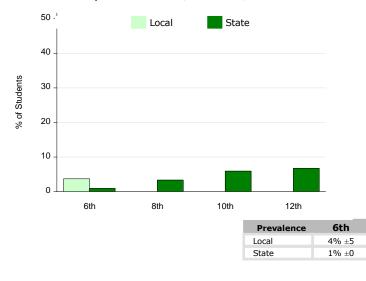




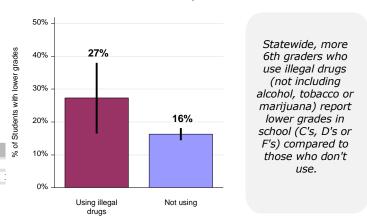
Current (past 30-day) All Other Illegal Drug Use**

Most youth don't use alcohol or other substances.

Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Current (past 30-day) All Other Illegal Drug Use*** Grade 6, 2018



**Over-the-counter drug use is the use of drugs like cough syrup or cold medical purposes.

***All other illegal drug use includes prescription drugs not prescribed, Rx pain killers to get high, and all other illegal drugs; but does not include alcohol, tobacco or marijuana.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)

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Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019



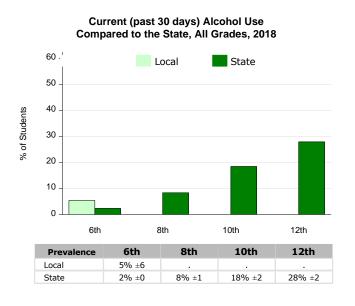
Alcohol Use for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD), page 1 of 2

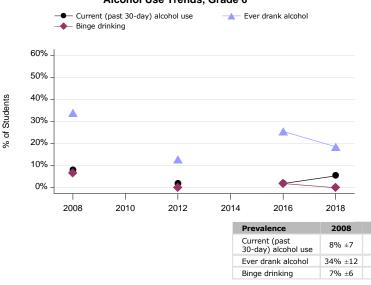
Year: 2018

Grade: 6 Gender: All Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

- 5,000 people under the age of 21 die each year from alcohol-related car crashes, homicides, suicides, poisoning, falls, drownings and other injuries.
- · Youth alcohol use is associated with violence, school failure, and sexual activity.
- Research shows that heavy alcohol use during teen years can permanently damage the still-developing brain.





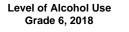
Alcohol Use Trends, Grade 6

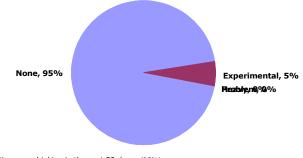
201

N/G

N/G

N/G

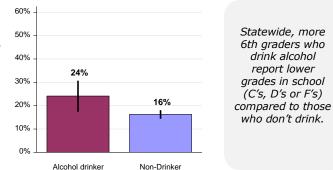




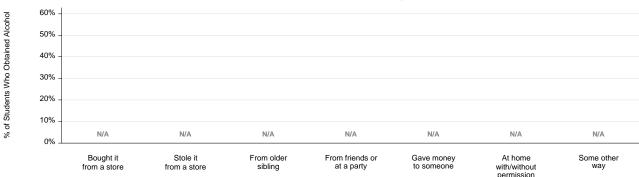
% of Students with lower grades

None: no drinking in the past 30 days (95%) Experimental: 1-2 days drinking, and no binge drinking (5%) Heavy: 3-5 days drinking, and/or one binge (0%) Problem: 6+ days drinking, and/or 2+ binges (0%)

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Current (past 30-day) Alcohol Use Grade 6, 2018



Where Do Youth Get Alcohol? Grade 6, 2018

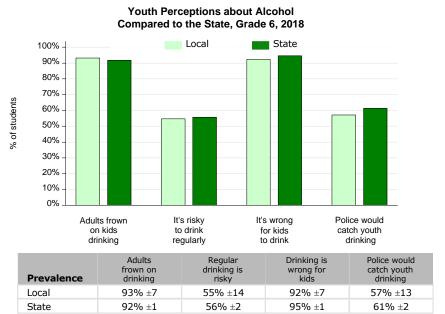


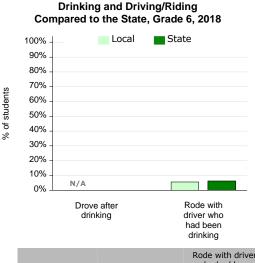
The percentages in this chart are based on all students who reported getting alcohol in the past 30 days, regardless whether they reported drinking in the past 30 days. Students could select multiple sources.



Alcohol Use for College Place Elementary (Edmond

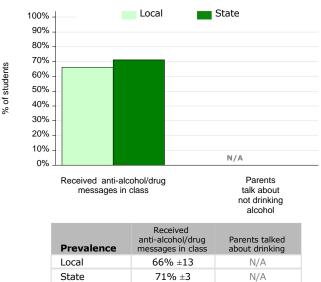
(Edmonds SD), page 2 of 2



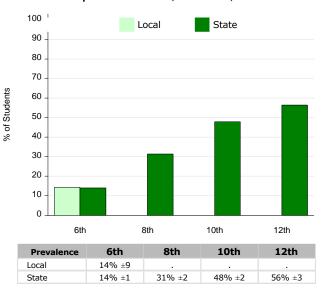


Prevalence	Drove after drinking	who had been drinking
Local	N/A	6% ±6
State	N/A	6% ±1

Received Anti-Alcohol Messages Compared to the State, Grade 6, 2018



Youth Perception that Alcohol is Easy to Get Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018



For More Information:

- Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. For prevention tips and to connect with a prevention coalition in your area, visit www.StartTalkingNow.org.
- For free printed guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar)



Tobacco Use for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD)

Year: 2018

Gender: All

Number of Students Surveyed: 61

Background:

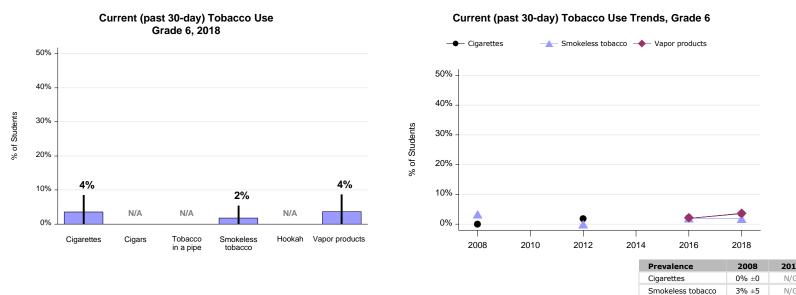
- In Washington State, about 40 youth start smoking cigarettes each day.
- About 104,000 youth alive in Washington now will ultimately die prematurely from smoking.

Grade: 6

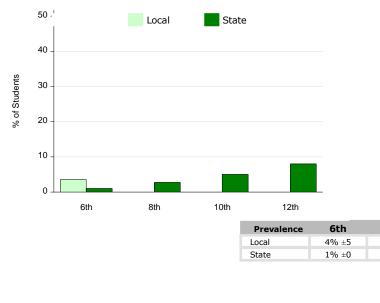
· Smoking is associated with drug use and low academic performance.

For More Information:

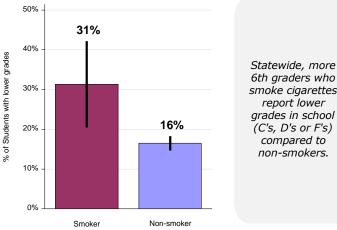
- The Washington State Department of Health funds a tobacco prevention and control program to keep youth from beginning to use tobacco, to help people quit using tobacco, and to reduce exposure to secondhand smoke. Visit www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/Tobacco.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org.



Current (past 30-day) Cigarette Smoking Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Current (past 30-day) Cigarette Smoking Grade 6, 2018



6th graders who smoke cigarettes report lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to non-smokers.

Vapor products

N/G

N/S

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as ± or black bar)

*indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019

College Place Elementary Healthy Youth Survey TOBACCO & VAPOR PRODUCT USE

Fact Sheet

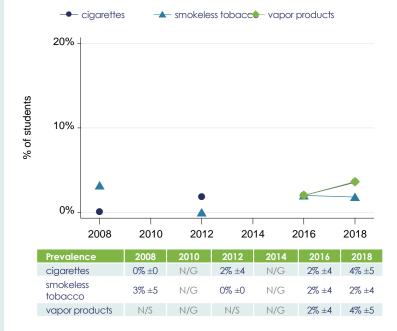
Year: 2018

Grade: 6

Gender: All

BACKGROUND

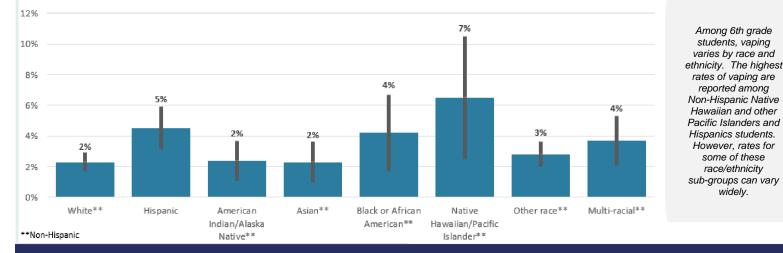
- Tobacco use remains the leading cause of preventable death and disease in Washington.
- Preventing youth initiation of tobacco and other nicotine use is critical to stem the tide of tobacco-related mortality, morbidity, and economic costs.
- Youth and young adults under age 18 are far more likely to start using tobacco than adults; nearly 9 out of 10 adults who smoke started by age 18.
- 104,000 Washington youth alive today will ultimately die prematurely from smoking.
- The emergence of vapor products (also called electronic cigarettes) has raised serious concern. Nicotine use can adversely affect brain development.
- The effects of nicotine exposure during youth and young adulthood can be long-lasting and can include lower impulse control and mood disorders. The nicotine in vapor products can prime young brains for tobacco use and addiction to other drugs.



Number of Students Surveyed: 61

(Edmonds SD)

Statewide current [past 30-day] vapor product use and race/ethnicity, grade 6

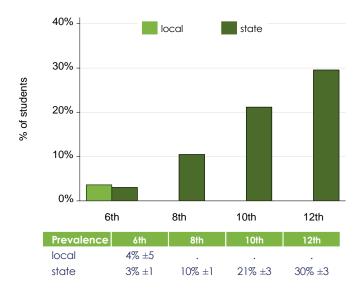


missing codes

S = result suppressed due to insufficient reporting from students of schools; N/G = grade not available; N/S = question was not surveyed this year; N/A = question was not asked of this grade; prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as± or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year, <0.05

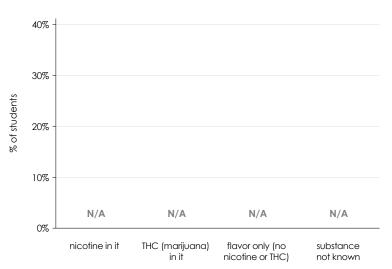
results generated at <u>askhys.net</u> on <u>03/28/2019</u>

- Vapor products are the most common nicotine product used by youth.
- Youth and young adults under age 18 are far more likely to start tobacco use than adults: 4 out of 5 smokers started during adolescence. According to the U.S. Surgeon General, there is a strong association between the use of e-cigarettes, cigarettes, and the use of other burned tobacco products by young people.
- The minimum age of purchase for tobacco and vapor products is 18, but youth can get these products from their older friends and classmates.
- In 2016, Washington State passed a Vapor Products law, establishing a statewide licensing system and important
 protections to reduce illegal youth access to vapor products. This law applies to any vapor product, whether or
 not it contains nicotine.



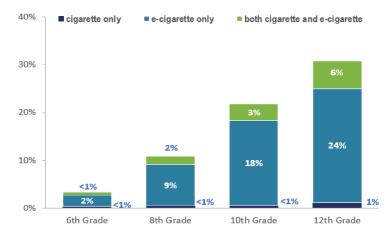
Current (past 30-day) vapor product use compared to the state, all grades

Reported substance "vaped" among

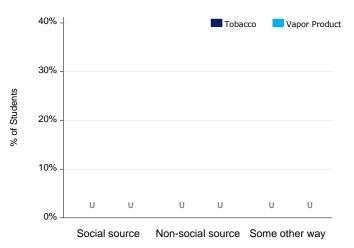


*Students can select more than one type of substance

Statewide prevalence of past 30 day e-cigarette, cigarette and use of both among youth by grade



Source of tobacco and vapor products among



**Social sources include: giving money to someone, "bumming", from a person 18 or older, and taking from a store or family. Non-social sources include buying from a store, the internet, or a vending machine.

MORE INFORMATION...

- Through key partnerships, the Tobacco and Vapor Product Prevention and Control Program addresses youth access to tobacco and the growth in the use of electronic cigarettes and vapor products in Washington State. Find out more here: www.doh.wa.gov/YouandYourFamily/Tobacco____
- For help quitting tobacco and other nicotine use, teens can call 1-800-QUIT-NOW to anonymously enroll in a free youth support program. They can also text "QUIT" to 202-804-9884 to enroll in a text message program for vaping cessation.
- For 24-hour help with mental health, substance abuse, and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit ww.warecoveryhelpline.org.
- E-cigarette Use Among Youth and Young Adults: A Report of the Surgeon General. (2016. December). Retrieved from https://e-cigarettes.surgeongeneral.gov/documents/2016_SGR_Fact_Sheet_508.pdf



Marijuana Use for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD), page 1 of 2

Year: 2018

Gender: All

Number of Students Surveyed: 61

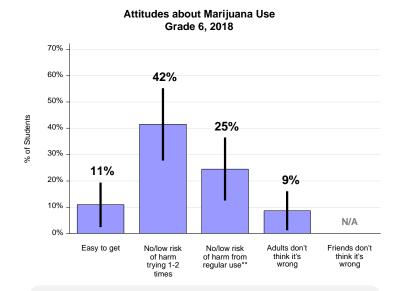
Background:

- Marijuana is addictive. Most teens who enter drug treatment programs report marijuana is the primary drug they use.
- If teens use marijuana, anxiety and depression can get worse. Marijuana use is associated with risk of anxiety and depression.
- Teens who use marijuana can have problems with learning and memory and are more likely to fail in school.

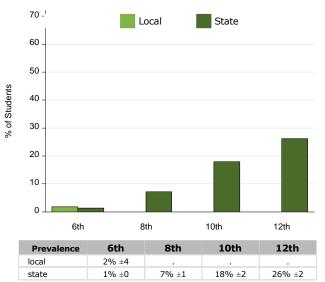
Grade: 6

For More Information:

- · Parents, schools, and communities can work together to keep youth healthy and safe. For prevention tips and to connect with a prevention coalition in your area, visit www.StartTalkingNow.org.
- For free printed guides on preventing marijuana, alcohol and other drug use, visit the ADAI Clearinghouse www.adaiclearinghouse.org or call (206) 221-8325.
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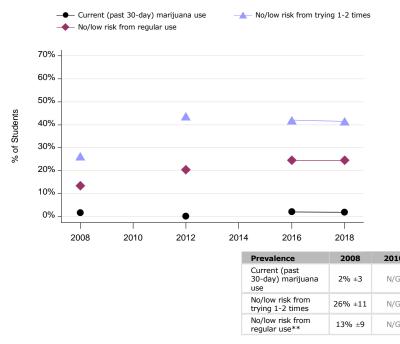


In 2018, 25% of 6th graders in our school thought there was little or no risk of using marijuana regularly.



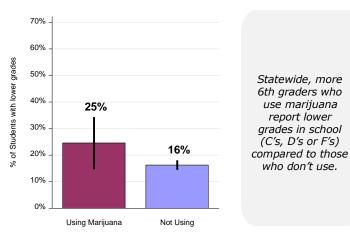
Current (past 30-day) Marijuana Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2018

Marijuana Use and Perception of Harm Trends Grade 6



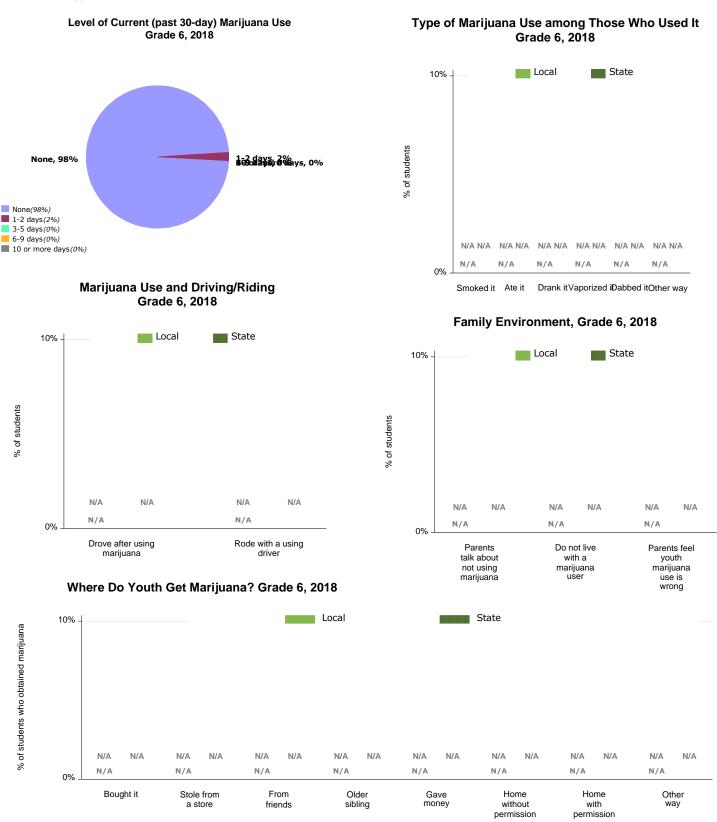
**"Smoke" marijuana regularly was changed to "Use" regularly in 2014. This may mark a break in the trend.

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Current (past 30-day) Marijuana Use Grade 6, 2018





Marijuana Use for College Place Elementary (Edmonds SD), page 2 of 2



The percentages in this chart are based on all students who reported getting marijuana in the past 30 days, regardless whether they reported using in the past 30 days. Students could select multiple sources.

Washington HYS results generated at AskHYS.net on 03-28-2019