Washington Sale

Healthy Youth Survey Fact Sheet

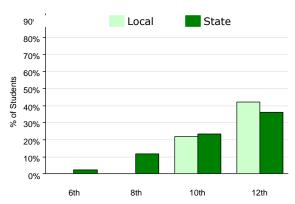
Gurrent Alcohol Use for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District), page 1 of 2

Year: 2012 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: Grade: 12

Background:

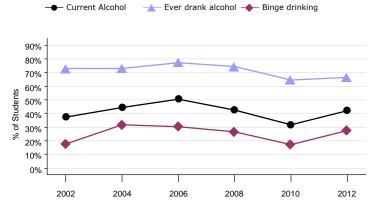
- · Alcohol is implicated in nearly a third of youth traffic fatalities. It is also associated with violence, suicide, educational failure, and sexual activity.
- · Contrary to earlier beliefs, recent research shows that alcohol can affect the developing adolescent brain.
- Most kids find it easy to get alcohol from friends, at parties, or from home.

Current (past 30 days) Alcohol Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	22% ±5	42% ±6
State	3% ±0	12% ±1	23% ±2	36% ±2

Current Alcohol Use Trends, Grade 12



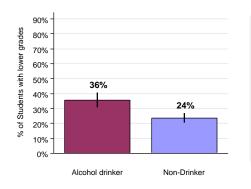
Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Current Alcohol	37% ±9	45% ±9	50% ±7	42% ±6	32% ±6*	42% ±6*
Ever drank alcohol	73% ±8	73% ±8	77% ±6	74% ±6	65% ±6*	66% ±6
Binge drinking	18% ±7	32% ±8*	31% ±9	26% ±6	17% ±5*	27% ±6*

Level of Alcohol Use Grade 12, 2012



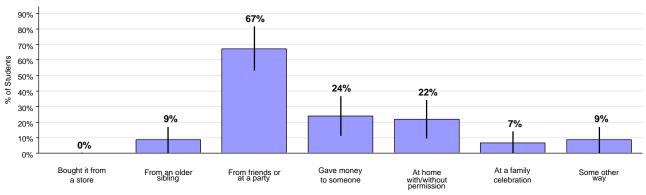
None: no drinking in the past 30 days
Experimental: 1-2 days drinking, and no binge drinking
Heavy: 3-5 days drinking, and/or one binge
Problem: 6+ days drinking, and/or 2+ binges

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Alcohol Use Grade 12, 2012



Statewide, 12th graders who drink alcohol are more likely to get lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to those who don't drink.

Source for Those Who Got Alcohol, Grade 12, 2012

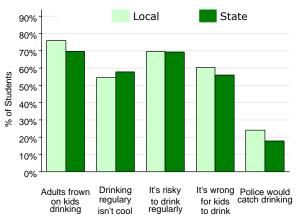


E ARIAN Youth Sure

Healthy Youth Survey Fact Sheet

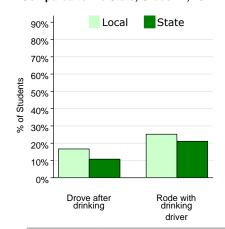
Gurrent Alcohol Use for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District), page 2 of 2

Youth Perceptions about Alcohol Compared to the State, Grade 12, 2012



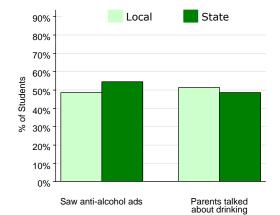
Prevalence	Adults frown on drinking	Regular drinking isn't cool	Regular drinking is risky	Drinking is wrong for kids	Police catch drinking
Local	76% ±8	55% ±9	70% ±8	60% ±9	24% ±8
State	70% ±2	58% ±3	69% ±3	56% ±2	18% ±2

Drinking and Driving/Riding Compared to the State, Grade 12, 2012



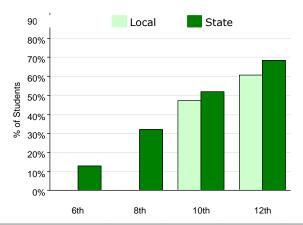
Prevalence	Drove after drinking	Rode with drinking driver
Local	17% ±5	25% ±5
State	11% ±1	21% ±2

Received Anti-Alcohol Messages Compared to the State, Grade 12, 2012



Prevalence	Saw anti-alcohol ads	Parents talked about drinking		
Local	49% ±9	51% ±9		
State	55% ±2	49% ±2		

Youth Perception that Alcohol is Easy to Get Compared to the State, Grade 12, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	47% ±9	61% ±9
State	13% ±1	32% ±2	52% ±2	68% ±2

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- · Parents can find prevention tips at The Partnership at DrugFree.org website: www.drugfree.org
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org

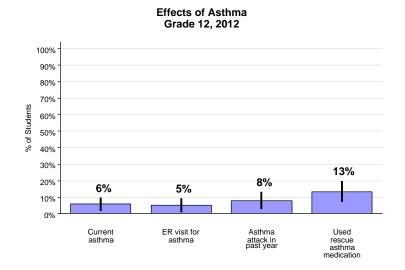


Asthma for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

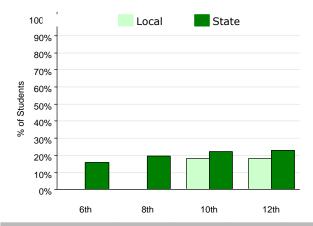
Background:

- · Youth who smoke are more likely to have asthma.
- Asthma is a lung disease that causes trouble with breathing, usually in episodes called attacks. An attack can be triggered by exercise, exposure to smoke, mold, allergens like pet dander, and air pollution such as diesel exhaust.



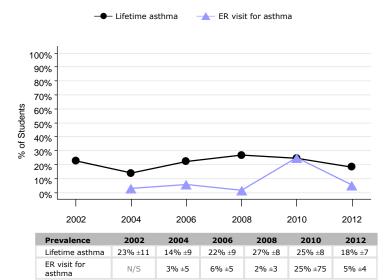
In 2012, 8% of 12th graders in our s had an asthma attack in the past year.

Lifetime Asthma Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	18% ±7	18% ±7
State	16% ±1	19% ±1	22% ±2	23% ±2

Asthma Trends, Grade 12



All youth with asthma should have a written asthma action plan to follow in the event of an attack.

Asthma can be controlled by avoidance of asthma triggers, regular health care visits, compliance with medication schedules, and maintaining appropriate weight.

For More Information:

- · Visit the Asthma Program's website at:www.doh.wa.gov
- Washington Asthma Initiative's website at: www.alaw.org/asthma/washington_asthma_initiative

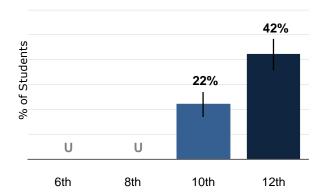


Youth Alcohol Use in Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District) in 2012

Are OUR children using alcohol?

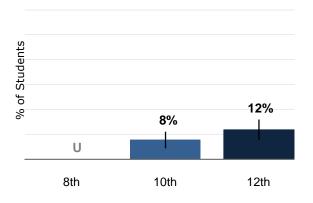
Current Drinking

Students who report drinking at least once in the past month



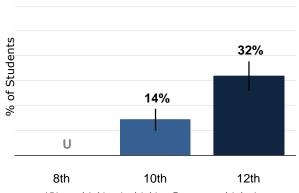
Experimental Drinking

Students who report drinking on 1-2 days in the past month, but no binge drinking



Problem or Heavy Drinking

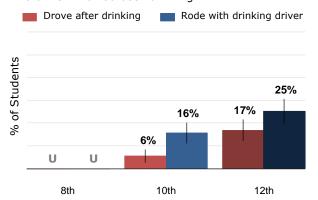
Students who report drinking 3 or more days in the past month and/or one or more binge drinking episodes*



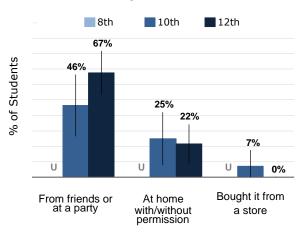
*Binge drinking is drinking 5 or more drinks in a row in the past two weeks.

In a Vehicle

Students who report drinking and driving OR riding with a driver who had been drinking



Where Do They Get It?



*The numbers in this chart are based on those students who reported getting alcohol. Students who got alcohol could choose multiple sources. Kids also report getting alcohol from other sources like giving money to someone to buy it for them, getting it from older siblings, from family celebrations, or other ways.

The data in these charts are based on the State of Washington's Healthy Youth Survey conducted in fall 2012. In Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District), &Surveyed6 6th graders, &Surveyed8 8th graders, 275 10th graders and 247 12th graders completed the anonymous survey.

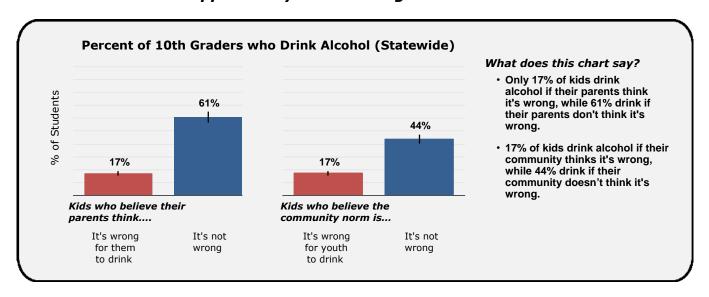
For more results from the 2012 Healthy Youth Survey, please visit www.AskHYS.net

Confidence - The length of the vertical mark on the top of each bar (|) in these graphs indicates the level of confidence we have in each rate. A short line indicates great confidence; a longer line indicates less confidence. "U" indicates data is unavailable, which could be for a variety of reasons (e.g., too few surveys completed, questions not asked, etc.).

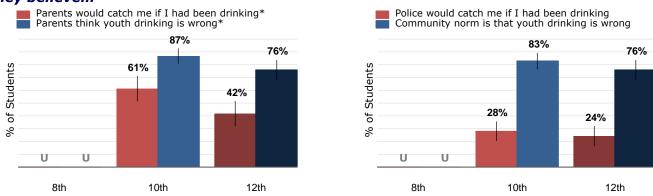
Good News!

Parents and communities have influence!

Kids are less likely to drink if they believe their parents or their communities disapprove of youth drinking.



Kids in Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District) reported that they believe...



^{*}Questions about parental attitudes were only included at the discretion of school districts. Local results may be missing or may not reflect a representative sample of all students in the community.

Take action to reduce youth alcohol use!

Community Members - help reduce youth drinking by making it difficult for them to get alcohol. (Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District) data unavailable)

Parents - talk to your kids about the dangers of drinking alcohol.

(Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District) data unavailable)

Start the conversation

Continue the conversation

Visit us at: StartTalkingNow.org





Community Protective Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

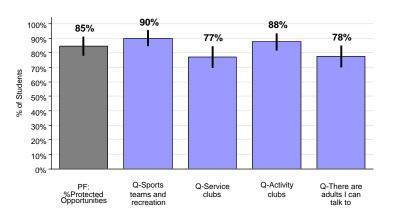
- Kids living in high-risk environments can be protected from problem behaviors by positive relationships with adults who care about their healthy development.
- · Providing opportunities for involvement in positive and healthy activities helps communities promote youth development.

For More Information:

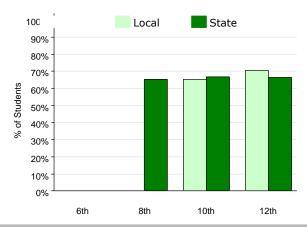
Washington Sale

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- Parents can find prevention tips at The Partnership at DrugFree.org website: www.drugfree.org

Opportunities for Community Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012

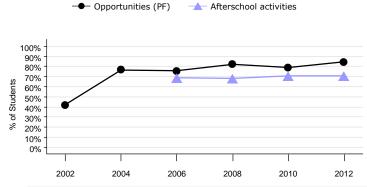


Participate in Afterschool Activities All Grades, 2012



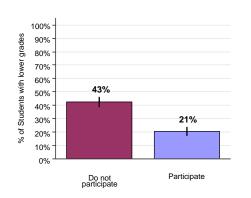
Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/A	65% ±6	71% ±6
State	N/A	65% ±2	67% ±3	66% ±3

Community Protective Factor (PF) and Afterschool Activity Trends Grade 12, 2012



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Opportunities (PF)	42% ±12	77% ±11*	76% ±9	82% ±7	79% ±8	85% ±7
Participation in afterschool activities	N/S	N/S	69% ±7	68% ±6	71% ±6	71% ±6

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Participation in Afterschool Activities Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
do not participate
in after school
activities are
more likely to get
lower grades in
school (C's, D's or
F's) compared to
who do
participate.



Community Risk Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

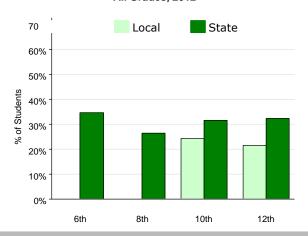
- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school
 dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- · The more risk factors a youth is exposed to, the more likely it is that she or he will engage in problem behaviors.

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
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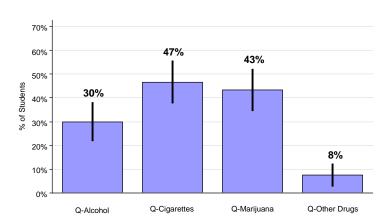
Community Risk Factors Grade 12, 2012 70% 60% 50% 33% % of Students 40% 21% 30% 17% 20% 10% 0% %At Risk Pro Drug-use Drugs Laws and Norms Handguns

Laws and Norms Favorable to Drug Use (RF) All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	24% ±7	21% ±7*
State	34% ±2	26% ±2	31% ±3	32% ±2

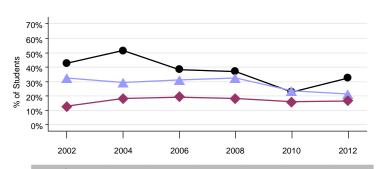
Availability of Drugs, Selected Questions (Q) Percent reporting "very easy to get" Grade 12, 2012



Community Risk Factors Trends, Grade 12

Availability of Drugs (RF)Availability of Handguns (RF)

Pro Drug-use Laws and Norms (RF)



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Availability of Drugs (RF)	43% ±13	52% ±12	38% ±10	37% ±9	23% ±8*	33% ±9
Pro Drug-use Laws (RF)	32% ±12	29% ±11	31% ±9	32% ±8	24% ±8	21% ±7
Availability of Handguns (RF)	13% ±8	18% ±10	19% ±8	18% ±7	16% ±7	17% ±7



Current Substance Use for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

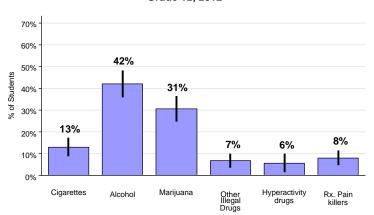
Background:

- · Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- · Brain development continues into the early twenties. The growing brain is more vulnerable to long-term impact from alcohol and other drugs.

For More Information

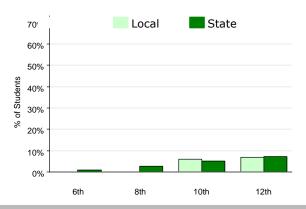
- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- · Parents can find preventative tips at the Start Talking Now website, and www.drugfree.org.
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org

Current (past 30-day) Substance Use Grade 12, 2012



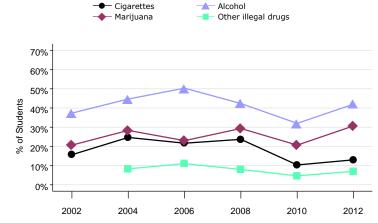
In 2012, 1% of 12th graders in our s took pain killers from home or someone else's home without permission.

Current Illegal Drug Use (*Drugs other than Alcohol, Tobacco or Marijuana) Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



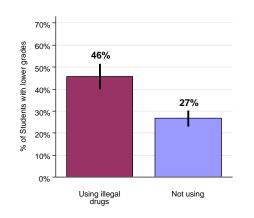
Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/A	6% ±3	7% ±3
State	1% ±0	3% ±0	5% ±1	7% ±1

Current Substance Use Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Cigarettes	16% ±7	25% ±8	22% ±6	24% ±5	10% ±4*	13% ±4
Alcohol	37% ±9	45% ±9	50% ±7	42% ±6	32% ±6*	42% ±6*
Marijuana	21% ±7	28% ±8	23% ±6	29% ±6	21% ±5*	31% ±6*
Other illegal drugs	N/S	9% ±5	11% ±4	8% ±4	5% ±3	7% ±3

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Illegal Drug Use* (*Drugs other than Alcohol, Tobacco or Marijuana) Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
use illegal drugs
(not including
alcohol, tobacco
or marijuana) are
more likely to get
lower grades in
school (C's, D's or
F's) compared to
those who don't
use.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Pepressive Feelings and Suicide for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · Suicide is the second leading cause of death for Washington teens 15-19 years old.
- · Most youth suicides occur at home.

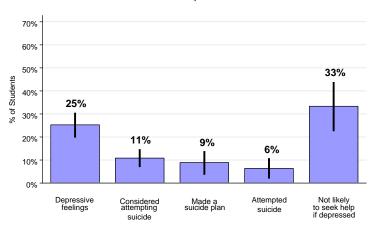
Washington Sale

· Depression is a feeling of sadness, helplessness and hopelessness that lingers over time. Untreated it can lead to alcohol abuse and even suicide.

For More Information:

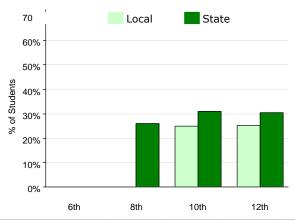
- · Visit the Washington State Youth Suicide Prevention Program Website: www.doh.wa.gov
- National Suicide Prevention Hotline 1-800-273-TALK(8255) or www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org

Depressive Feelings and Suicide Grade 12, 2012



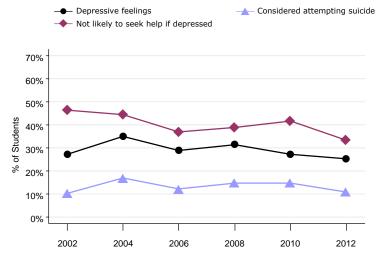
In 2012, 25% of 12th graders in our s state felt so sad or hopeless for 2 weeks or more that they stopped doing their usual activities.

Depressive Feelings Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



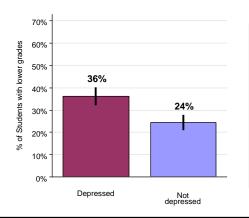
Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/G	25% ±5*	25% ±5
State	N/A	26% ±2	31% ±1	30% ±2

Depressive Feelings and Suicide Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Depressive feelings	27% ±8	35% ±8	29% ±6	31% ±6	27% ±6	25% ±5
Considered attempting suicide	10% ±8	17% ±9	12% ±7	15% ±5	15% ±5	11% ±4
Not likely to seek help if depressed	46% ±16	44% ±15	37% ±13	39% ±11	42% ±12	33% ±11

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Depressive Feelings Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
have depressive
feelings are more
likely to get lower
grades in school
(C's, D's or F's)
compared to
youth who are not
having depressive
feelings.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar $|\rangle$) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



Dietary Behaviors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

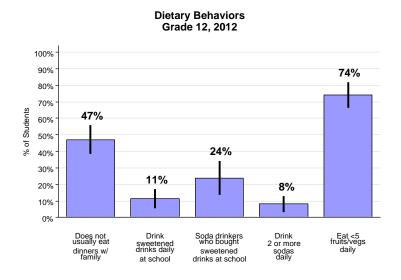
Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol.
- · Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development, health status and academic achievement of children and adolescents.
- · Individual food choices are made within the context of the family and the community.
- In order to be able to choose a nutritious diet, an affordable supply of health-promoting foods must be available.

For More Information:

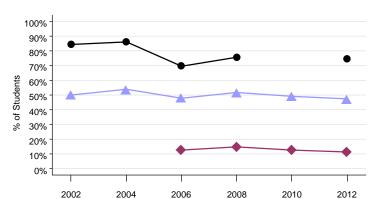
· Visit the Washington State Healthy Eating Active Living Program website: www.doh.wa.gov



In 2012, 47% of 12th graders in our s don't usually eat dinner with their family.

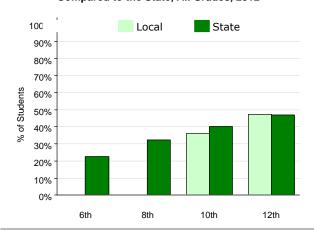
Dietary Behavior Trends, Grade 12 5 fruits/vegs daily Don't us





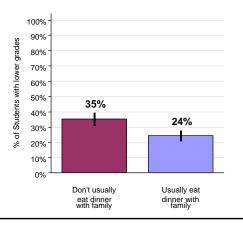
Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Eats <5 fruits/vegs daily	84% ±10	86% ±9	70% ±10*	76% ±8	N/S	74% ±8
Does not usually eat dinners w/ family	50% ±13	54% ±12	48% ±10	52% ±9	49% ±9	47% ±9
Drink sweetened drinks daily at school	N/S	N/S	13% ±7	15% ±7	12% ±6	11% ±6

Does Not Usually Eat Dinners with Family Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	36% ±8	47% ±9
State	23% ±2	32% ±2	40% ±2	47% ±3

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Usually Eating Dinner with Family Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
do not usually eat
dinner with their
families are more
likely to get lower
grades in school
(C's, D's or F's)
compared to
youth who do.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar $|\rangle$) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



Family Protective Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

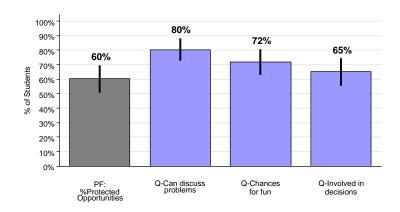
Background:

- · Children who are attached to positive families are less likely to develop problems in adolescence.
- When parents set clear and healthy standards for children's behavior, when they are widely and consistently supported, and when the consequences for not following the standards are consistent, young people are more likely to make healthy choices.

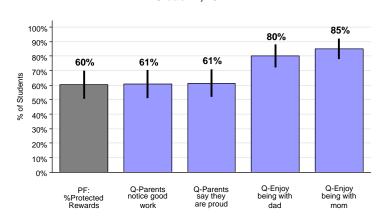
For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see
 listings on the AskHYS homepage.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- · For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org.

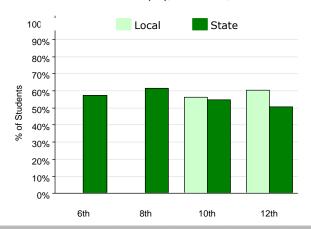
Opportunities for Family Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012



Rewards for Family Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012

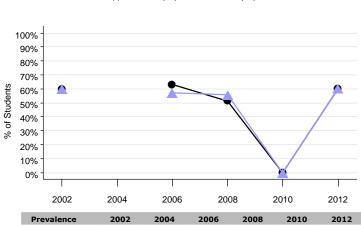


Rewards for Family Involvement Protective Factor (PF), All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	56% ±10	60% ±10
State	57% ±2	62% ±2	55% ±3	51% ±3

Family Protective Factor Trends, Grade 12 Opportunities (PF) Rewards (PF)



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Opportunities (PF)	60% ±13	N/A	63% ±10	51% ±9	0% ±0	60% ±10
Rewards (PF)	60% ±13	N/A	57% ±10	56% ±9	0% ±0	60% ±10



Bullying and Harassment for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

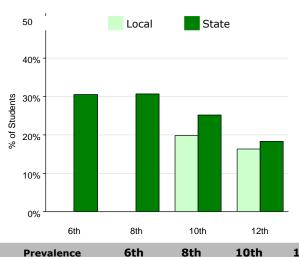
- · All Washington schools must implement model policies and procedures that prohibit harassment, intimidation and bullying.
- Bullying is when an aggressor says or does nasty or unpleasant things to a targeted student. It is also bullying when targeted students are teased
 repeatedly in ways they don't like.
- · Students who report being bullied also report getting lower grades in school.
- · Researchers have identified evidence-based programs that reduce bullying and build positive school climates.

For More Information:

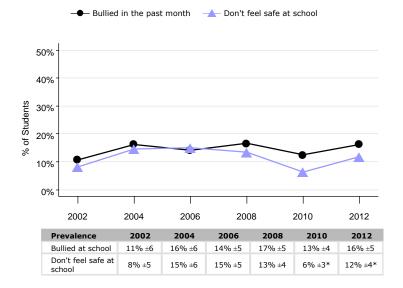
• School Safety Center, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter.

Bullying and Harassment Grade 12, 2012 40% % of Students 16% 20% 11% 10% 6% 10% 0% Bullied or harassed by computer or cell phone Bullied at Harassed Harassed due to due to race

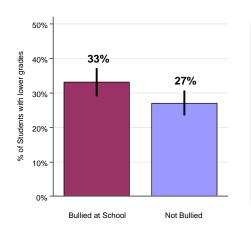
Bullied in Past Month Compared to the State/All Grades, 2012



Bullying and Harassment Trends, Grade 12



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Bullying Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
are bullied at
school are more
likely to get lower
grades in school
(C's, D's or F's)
compared to
those who aren't
bullied.



Current Marijuana Use for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · Smoking marijuana affects neuropsychological functioning, such as hand-eye coordination, reaction time, and memory.
- · Marijuana potency appears to have increased over time.
- · The earlier someone starts using marijuana, the greater their vulnerability to addiction and psychiatric disorders.

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- · Parents can find prevention tips at The Partnership at DrugFree.org website: www.drugfree.org
- For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org

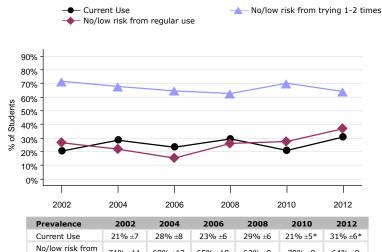
Grade 12, 2012 90% 66% 80% 64% 70% 60% 37% 50% 40% 21% 30% 20% 10% 0% Easy to get No/low risk of harm from reg. use Adults don't think it's wrong of harm trying 1-2

Attitudes about Marijuana Use

In 2012, 37% of 12th graders in our s thought there was little or no risk of using marijuana regularly.

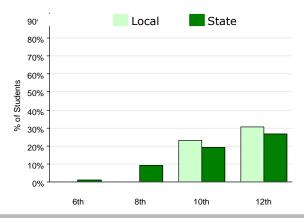
times

Current Marijuana Use and Perception of Harm Trends Grade 12



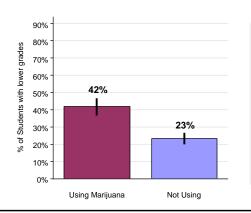
Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Current Use	21% ±7	28% ±8	23% ±6	29% ±6	21% ±5*	31% ±6*
No/low risk from trying 1-2 times	71% ±11	68% ±12	65% ±10	63% ±9	70% ±9	64% ±9
No/low risk from regular use	27% ±12	22% ±10	15% ±7	26% ±8*	27% ±8	37% ±9

Current Marijuana Use Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	23% ±5	31% ±6
State	1% ±0	9% ±1	19% ±2	27% ±1

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Marijuana Use Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
use marijuana are
more likely to get
lower grades in
school (C's, D's or
F's) compared to
those who don't
use.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar $|\rangle$) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

Touth Such

Healthy Youth Survey Fact Sheet

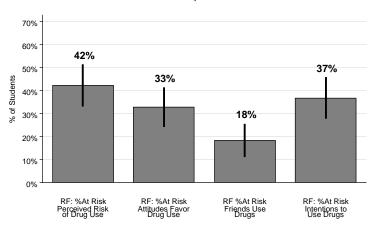
Peer-Individual Risk Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The attitudes kids have about drug use strongly influence the likelihood they will use drugs. Families and communities should model health attitudes and choices.

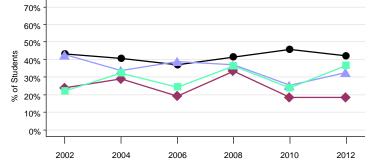
Peer-Individual Risk Factors Grade 12, 2012



In 2012, 33% of 12th graders in our s were at risk for favorable attitudes towards drugs.

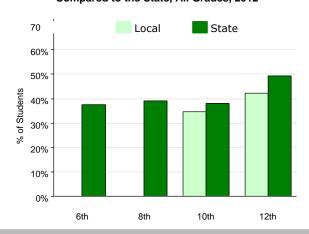
Peer-Individual Risk Factor Trends Gradexxx 12





2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
43% ±13	41% ±12	37% ±10	41% ±9	46% ±9	42% ±9
43% ±13	34% ±12	39% ±10	37% ±9	25% ±8	33% ±9
24% ±11	29% ±12	19% ±8	33% ±9*	19% ±7*	18% ±7
22% ±11	32% ±12	24% ±9	36% ±9	24% ±8*	37% ±9*
	43% ±13 43% ±13 24% ±11	43% ±13 41% ±12 43% ±13 34% ±12 24% ±11 29% ±12	43% ±13 41% ±12 37% ±10 43% ±13 34% ±12 39% ±10 24% ±11 29% ±12 19% ±8	43% ±13 41% ±12 37% ±10 41% ±9 43% ±13 34% ±12 39% ±10 37% ±9 24% ±11 29% ±12 19% ±8 33% ±9*	43% ±13 41% ±12 37% ±10 41% ±9 46% ±9 43% ±13 34% ±12 39% ±10 37% ±9 25% ±8 24% ±11 29% ±12 19% ±8 33% ±9* 19% ±7*

Perceived Risk of Drug Use (RF) Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	35% ±8	42% ±9
State	38% ±3	39% ±3	38% ±3	49% ±3

From 2010 to 2012, there has been no change in the perceived risk of drug use among 12th graders in our s.

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the www.AskHYS.net homepage.
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org.



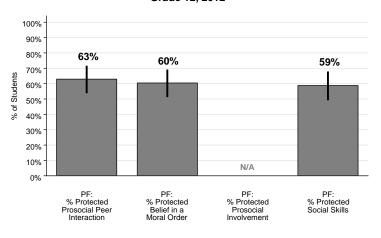
Peer-Individual Protective Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · Kids are strongly influenced by their peers. Parents need to know who their children's friends are, where they are and what they are doing.
- · Kids who have skills and opportunities to be involved in prosocial activities are less likely to engage in risky behaviors.

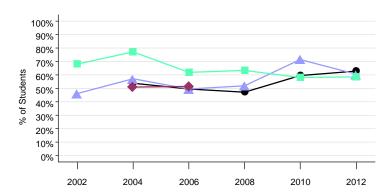
Peer-Individual Protective Factors Grade 12, 2012



In 2012, 63% of 12th graders in our s were protected by interactions with prosocial peers.

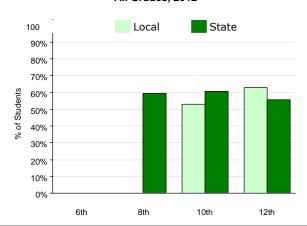
Peer-Individual Protective Factor Trends, Grade 12





Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Interaction with Prosocial Peers (PF)	N/S	54% ±13	49% ±10	47% ±9	60% ±9	63% ±9
Belief in a Moral Order (PF)	46% ±13	57% ±12	49% ±10	52% ±9	71% ±8*	60% ±9
Prosocial Involvement (PF)	N/S	51% ±12	52% ±10	N/A	N/A	N/A
Social Skills (PF)	68% ±12	77% ±11	62% ±10*	63% ±9	58% ±10	59% ±9

Interaction with Prosocial Peers (PF) All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/A	53% ±10	63% ±9
State	N/A	59% ±3	60% ±3	56% ±3

From 2010 to 2012, there has been no change in protection by interactions with prosocial peers among 12th graders in our s.

For More Information:

- Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see a list of prevention organizations in your county, go to the Start Talking Now website: www.starttalkingnow.org
- For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call the ADAI Clearinghouse at the University of Washington: 206-221-8325, or adaiclearinghouse.org.
- Parents can find prevention tips at The Partnership at DrugFree.org website: www.drugfree.org



Physical Activity for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

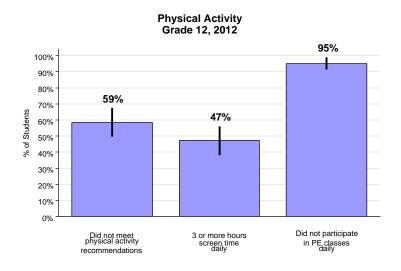
Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Dietary Guidelines for Americans and the National Association for Sport & Physical Education recommend that children and adolescents participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity most days of the week, preferably daily.
- One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games or using a computer for fun.
- Many social and environmental factors influence the decision to be active. Successful strategies to promote physical activity include educating
 individuals and developing policies to create environments that support being physically active.

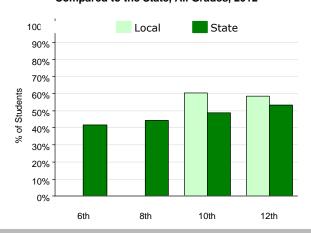
For More Information

· Visit the Washington State Healthy Eating Active Living Program website: www.doh.wa.gov



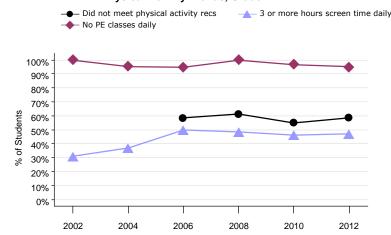
In 2012, 59% of 12th graders in our s did not meet the recommendations for 60 minutes of physical activity daily.

Did Not Meet Recommendations for Physical Activity Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



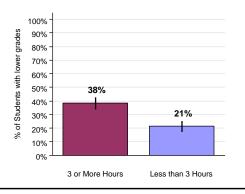
Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/A	60% ±8*	59% ±9
State	42% ±2	44% ±3	49% ±3	53% ±3

Physical Activity Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
Did not meet physical activity recs	N/S	N/S	59% ±10	61% ±9	55% ±9	59% ±9
3 or more hours screen time daily	31% ±12	37% ±12	50% ±10	48% ±9	46% ±9	47% ±9
Did not participate in PE classes daily	100% ±0	95% ±5	95% ±5	100% ±0	97% ±3	95% ±4

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and 3 or More Hours of Screen Time Daily Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
spend 3 or more
hours of screen
time daily are
more likely to get
lower grades in
school (C's, D's or
F's) compared to
youth who spend
less than 3 hours.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar $|\rangle$) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



School Protective Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

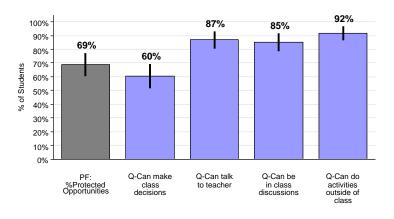
Background:

- · Research has identified a unique set of factors that protect youth from substance use, delinquency, violence, pregnancy, and school dropout.
- Students that experience protective factors, such as opportunities and rewards for school involvement, are more protected from problems and more likely to be academically successful.
- · Researchers have identified best practice programs that can increase protective factors and build supportive school cultures.

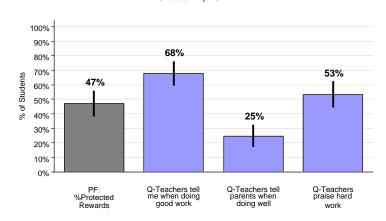
For More Information:

- Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/LearningTeachingSupport.
- For information about the associations between Risk and Protective Factors and problem behaviors: www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RiskProtFactors2011.pdf
- · For Risk and Protective Factor definitions: www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RPFactorDictionary07.pdf
- For local Risk Factor profiles: http://www.dshs.wa.gov/rda/research/Risk.shtm

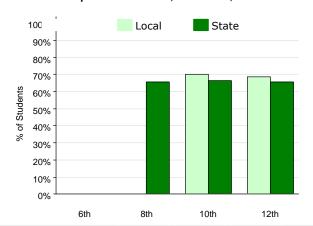
Opportunities for School Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012



Rewards for School Involvement Protective Factor (PF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012

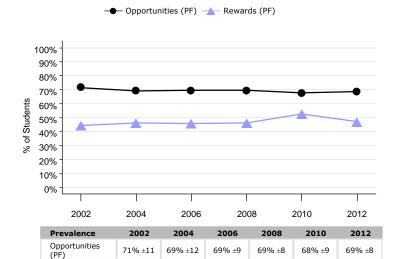


Opportunities for School Involvement Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/A	N/G	70% ±8	69% ±8
State	N/A	66% ±2	67% ±2	65% ±3

School Protective Factor Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar \parallel) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

46% ±9

53% ±9

47% ±9

46% ±10

Rewards (PF)

44% ±13

46% ±12



School Risk Factors for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

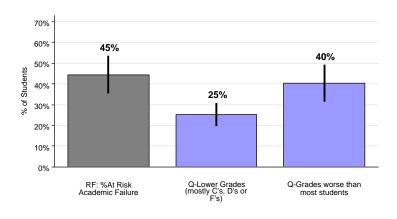
Background:

- · Research has identified a unique set of factors that put youth at risk for substance use, delinquency, violence, pregnancy, and school dropout.
- · Students that experience risk factors, such as academic failure and lack of commitment to school, are at greater risk of problems.
- Students in schools with high levels of risk and even moderate substance use are less likely to meet mathematics, reading and writing standards.
- · Researchers have identified best practice programs that can decrease risk factors and build supportive school culture.

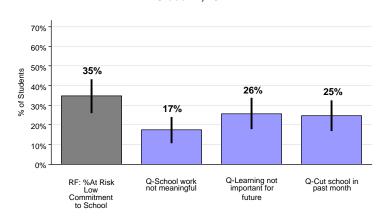
For More Information:

- Information about supportive learning environments, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/LearningTeachingSupport.
- For information about the associations between Risk and Protective Factors and problem behaviors: www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RiskProtFactors2011.pdf
- · For Risk and Protective Factor definitions: www.oasas.ny.gov/prevention/documents/RPFactorDictionary07.pdf
- For local Risk Factor profiles: http://www.dshs.wa.gov/rda/research/Risk.shtm

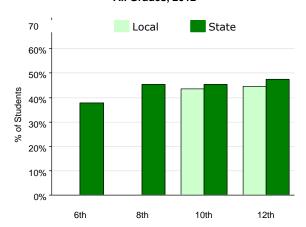
Academic Failure Risk Factor (RF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012



Low Commitment to School Risk Factor (RF) and Selected Questions (Q) Grade 12, 2012

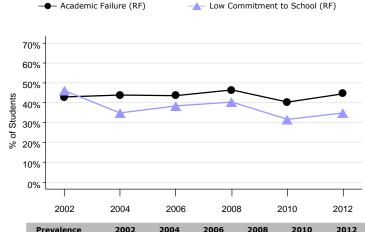


Academic Failure (RF) All Grades, 2012



Prevalence	6th	8th	10th	12th
Local	N/G	N/G	44% ±9	45% ±9
State	38% ±2	45% ±2	45% ±2	47% ±3

School Risk Factor Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012	Ĺ
Academic Failure (RF)	43% ±13	44% ±12	44% ±10	46% ±9	40% ±9	45% ±9	
Low Commitment to School (RF)	46% ±13	35% ±12	39% ±10	40% ±9	32% ±9	35% ±9	



Sexual Behavior for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- All Washington schools must offer HIV/AIDS prevention education each year starting no later than the 5th grade. (RCW 28A.230.070)
- The Healthy Youth Act provides a framework for those districts that choose to provide sexual health education. (RCW 28A.300.475)
- DOH and OSPI jointly developed Guidelines for Sexual Health Information and Disease Prevention at: www.k12.wa.us/HIVSexualhealth/pubdocs/SexEdGuidelines011005.pdf
- Research-based and evidence-based programs can significantly delay first intercourse, decrease sexual risk taking, and increase condom and contraceptive use. http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/documents/programs/SexHIVedProgs.pdf

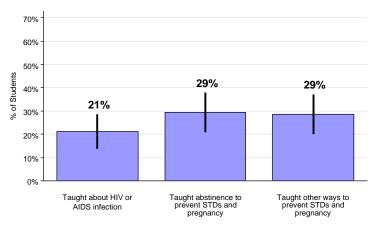
For More Information:

· HIV and Sexual Health Education, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction at: www.k12.wa.us/HIVSexualhealth

Questions about sexual behavior and teaching STD and pregnancy prevention were included at the discretion of each school district. Therefore, local results may be missing or may not reflect a representative sample of all students in the community. In order to improve the quality and usefulness of data, it is recommended that all schools include these questions when administering the Healthy Youth Survey.

70%

HIV/AIDS, STDs and Pregnancy Prevention Taught in School Grade 12, 2012

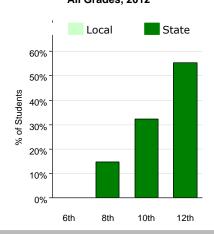


60% - 50% -

Sexual Behaviors

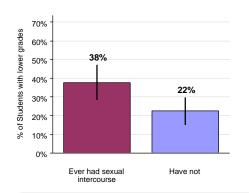
Grade 12, 2012

Ever Had Sexual Intercourse All Grades, 2012



Prevalence 6th 8th 10th 12th Local N/A N/G N/S N/S State N/A 15% ±3 32% ±5 55% ±6

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Ever Having Sexual Intercourse Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
had sexual
intercourse are
more likely to get
lower grades in
school (C's, D's or
F's) compared to
those who didn't.

last sexual

In 2012, students who report ever having had sexual intercourse also report higher rates of being depressed and higher rates of alcohol use.



Tobacco Use for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: Grade: 12

Background:

- · In Washington State, 40 youth start smoking cigarettes each day.
- One in three of all youth smokers will die prematurely from a smoking-caused disease.
- · Smoking is associated with the increased risk of drug use and low academic performance.

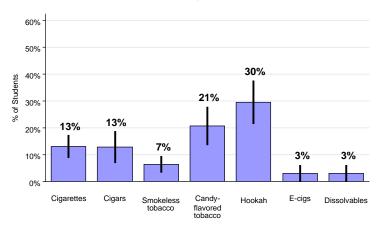
For More Information:

Local

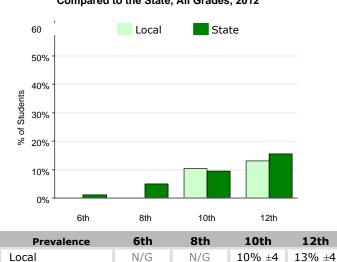
State

- The Washington State Department of Health funds a statewide tobacco prevention and control program to keep youth from beginning to use tobacco, to help people quit using tobacco, and to reduce exposure to secondhand smoke. Visit www.doh.wa.gov.
- · For 24 hour help for mental health, substance abuse and problem gambling, call 1-866-789-1511 or visit www.waRecoveryHelpLine.org

Current (30-day) Tobacco Use Grade 12, 2012



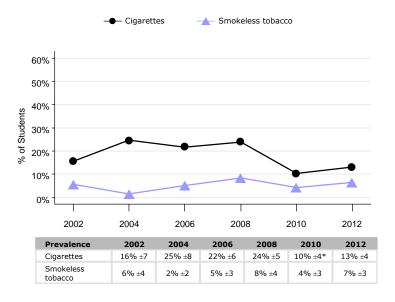
Cigarette Smoking Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012



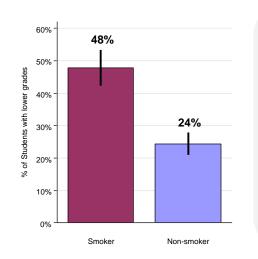
N/G

1% ±0

Tobacco Use Trends, Grade 12



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and **Cigarette Smoking Grade 12, 2012**



Statewide, 12th graders who smoke cigarettes are more likely to get lower grades in school (C's, D's or F's) compared to non-smokers.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05

N/G

5% ±1

10% ±1

16% ±2



Unintentional Injury for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

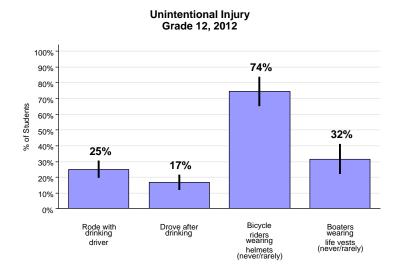
Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- · Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth. Motor vehicle crashes are the most common cause.
- Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as drinking and driving, riding with a drinking driver, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, or not wearing a life jacket.
- Most unintentional injuries are not accidents because they can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to injuries and even death.

For More Information:

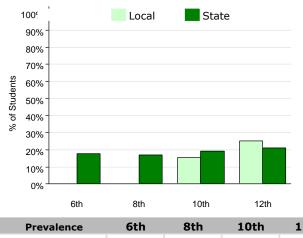
Visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: www.doh.wa.gov



In 2012, 74% of 12th graders in our s who rode a bicycle in the past month rarely or never wore a helmet.

Unintentional Injury Trends Grade 12 - Rode with drinking driver Wearing helmets (never/rarely) Wearing life vests (never/rarely) 100% 90% 80% 70% % of Students 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 Prevalence 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 Rode with 25% ±5* 21% ±11 29% ±11 26% ±9 23% ±8 17% ±5 drinking driver Wearing helmets 70% ±17 73% ±11 71% ±12 63% ±11 74% ±9

Rode with Drinking Driver Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012

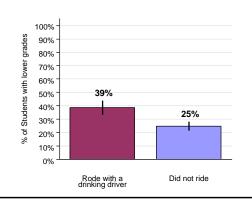


Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Rode with Drinking Driver Grade 12, 2012

32% ±11

33% ±10

32% ±9



35% ±14

(never/rarely) Wearing life vests

(never/rarely)

Statewide,
12th graders who
rode with a
drinking driver
were more likely
to get lower
grades in school
(C's, D's or F's)
compared to
those who did
not.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar $|\rangle$) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



Weight and Obesity for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Overweight

Not overweight

11% ±8

77% ±11

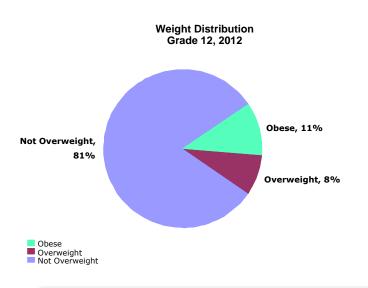
Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

Background:

- Youth who have fewer opportunities for physical activity and increased time spent in sedentary activities such as watching television and using
 computers are more likely to be overweight.
- Factors that contribute to overweight among youth include eating fewer meals at home, viewing more food advertisements targeting youth, and increased food portion sizes.
- To be successful in reducing obesity among youth, governments, communities and people need to work together to create environments that support
 healthy diets and opportunities for physical activity.

For More Information:

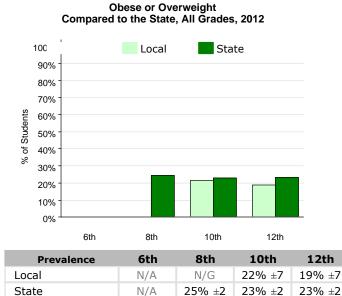
· Visit the Washington State Healthy Eating Active Living Program website: www.doh.wa.gov



In 2012, 11% of 12th graders in our s were obese.

– Obese Overweight Not overweight 100% 90% 80% 70% % of Students 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2008 Prevalence 2002 2006 Obese 12% ±9 5% ±5 11% ±7 13% ±6 11% ±6 11% ±6

Weight Distribution Trends, Grade 12



Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Obesity Grade 12, 2012

8% ±7

87% ±9

12% ±7

77% ±9

8% ±5

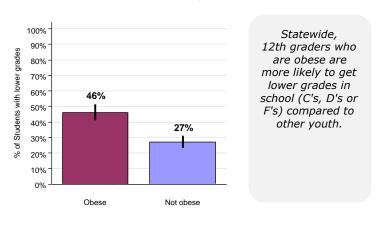
79% +8

10% ±6

79% ±8

8% ±5

81% ±7



Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar \parallel) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05



Violent Behaviors and School Safety for Meadowdale High School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2012 Grade: 12 Gender: Both Number of Students Surveyed: 247

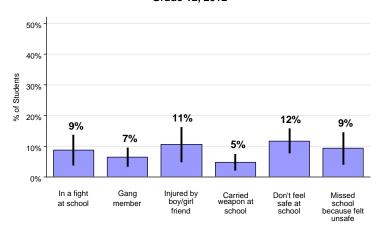
Background:

- Washington schools are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes: prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response, and
 post crisis recovery (RCW 28A.320.125).
- Schools referral systems that encourage students to report threats will help prevent violent incidents.
- · Creating a supportive learning environment is critical for student academic achievement.
- School safety requires the commitment of staff, students, parents and the community. Researchers have identified best practice programs that can
 address negative student behaviors and build positive school culture.

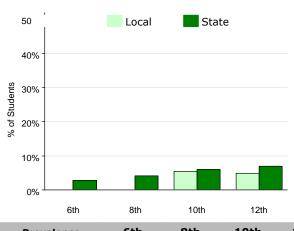
For More Information:

- · School Safety Center, sponsored by the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction: www.k12.wa.us/safetycenter
- · Washington State Department of Health Injury and Violence Prevention Program website: www.doh.wa.gov

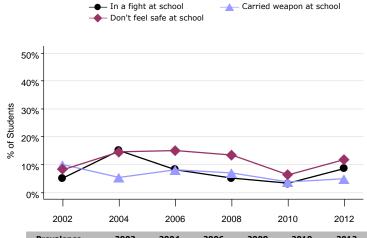
Violent Behavior and School Safety Grade 12, 2012



Carried a Weapon at School Compared to the State, All Grades, 2012

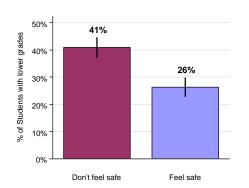


Violent Behavior and School Safety Trends, Grade 12



Prevalence	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
In a fight at school	5% ±6	15% ±9	8% ±6	5% ±4	3% ±3	9% ±5
Carried weapon at school	10% ±5	5% ±4	8% ±4	7% ±3	4% ±2	5% ±3
Don't feel safe at school	8% ±5	15% ±6	15% ±5	13% ±4	6% ±3*	12% ±4*

Statewide Relationship between Lower Grades and Not Feeling Safe at School Grade 12, 2012



Statewide,
12th graders who
don't feel safe at
school are more
likely to get lower
grades in school
(C's, D's or F's)
compared to
those who feel
safe.

Prevalence is displayed with 95% confidence intervals (as \pm or black bar |) *indicates a significant change from the previous year or a significant difference between state and local results, p<0.05