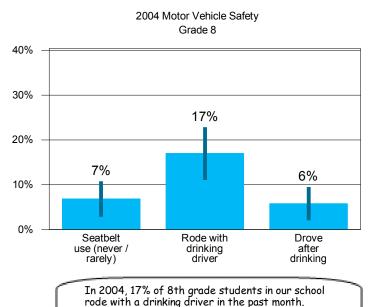


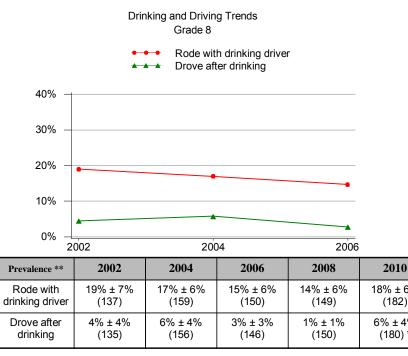
Unintentional Injury for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

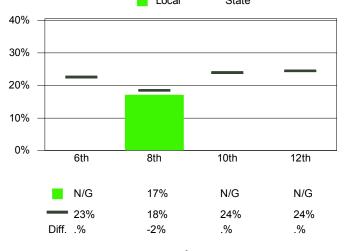
# Highlights

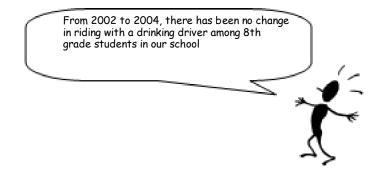
- Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth.
- Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as not wearing a seatbelt, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, drinking and driving, riding with a drunk driver and not wearing a life jacket.
- Motor vehicle crashes are the most common type of injury death among youth.





Rode with Drinking Driver Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004





### For More Information

Most unintentional injuries are not accidents because they can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to the likelihood of many injuries and even death. For more information and resources, visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/hsqa/emstrauma/injury/

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

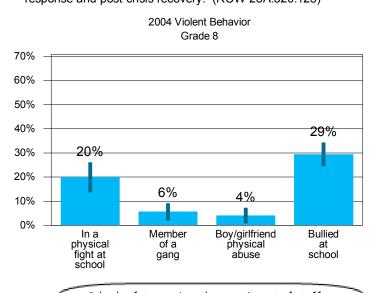


Violent Behaviors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

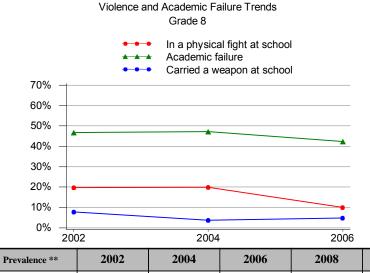
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

- The federal Gun Free Schools Act requires the expulsion of students who bring firearms to school (SED. 4141) and Washington Law requires a one year expulsion for possession of firearms or dangerous weapons on school campuses. (RCW 28A.600.420 / RCW 9.41.280)
- Schools in Washington are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response and post crisis recovery. (RCW 28A.320.125)



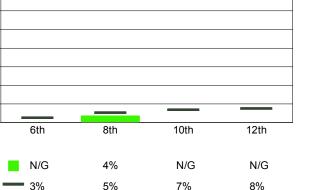
School safety requires the commitment of staff, students, parents and the community. Researchers have identified best practice programs that can address negative student behaviors and build positive school culture.



Prevalence ***	2002	2004	2000	2008	201
In a physical fight	20% ± 7%	20% ± 6%	10% ± 5%	14% ± 6%	14% ±
at school	(137)	(161)	(150) *	(152)	(95
Academic failure	47% ± 8%	47% ± 8%	42% ± 8%	43% ± 8%	51% ±
	(141)	(161)	(137)	(141)	(100
Carried a weapon	8% ± 3%	4% ± 2%	5% ± 2%	4% ± 2%	6% ±
at school	(284)	(323) *	(290)	(293)	(196



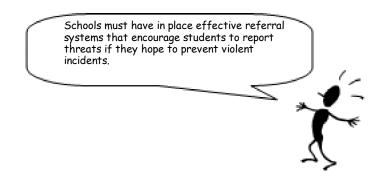
-2%



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Carried a Weapon at School



### For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful.

For More Information about school safety, visit the OSPI-sponsored Safety Center Website at: http://www.K12.wa.us/safetycenter/

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

Diff. .%

0%

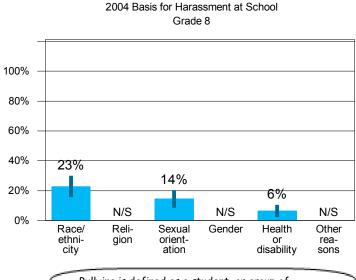


Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

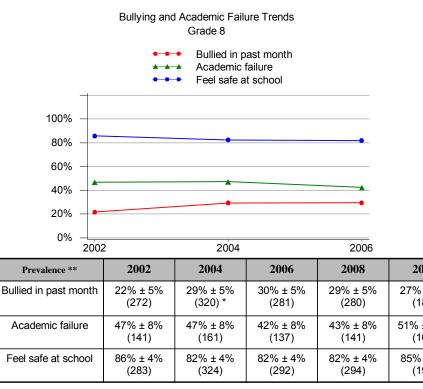
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

### Highlights

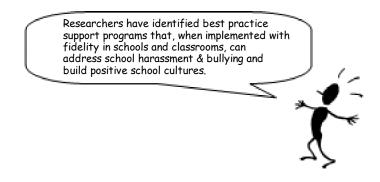
- Washington State Law (RCW 28A.300.285) requires all school districts to adopt a policy that prohibits harassment, intimidation, and bullying (HIB).
- The legislation also requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to publish a model policy at the following website: http://www.k12.wa.us/Safetycenter/LawEnforcement/Student Discipline.aspx



Bullying is defined as a student, or group of students, saying or doing nasty or unpleasant things to another student. It is also bullying when a student is teased repeatedly in a way he or she doesn't like.



Bullied in Past Month Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004 Local State 100% 80% 60% 40% 20% 0% 6th 8th 10th 12th 29% N/G N/G N/G 30% 29% 22% 16% Diff. .% 1% .% .%



#### For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful.

For More Information visit the OSPI-sponsored Safety Center Website at: http://www.K12.wa.us/safetycenter/

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

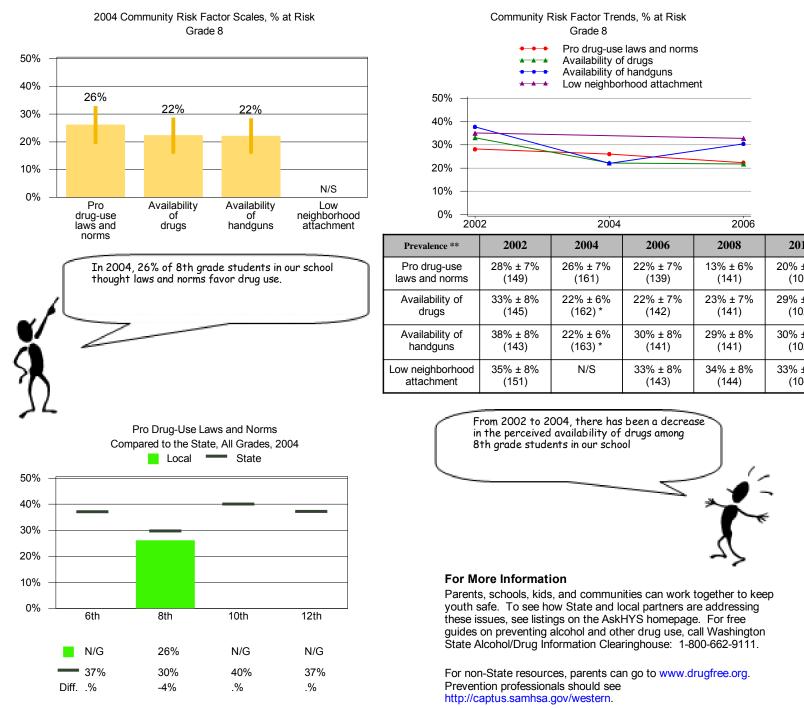


Community Risk Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

### Noteworthv

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The more risk factors a youth is exposed to, the more likely it is that she or he will engage in problem behaviors.



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\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

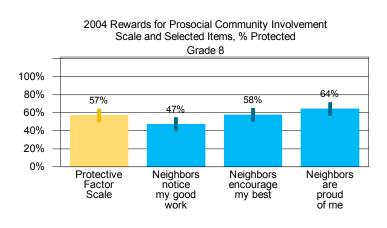


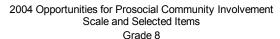
Community Protective Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

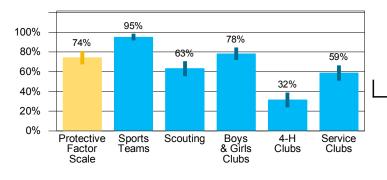
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

### Noteworthy

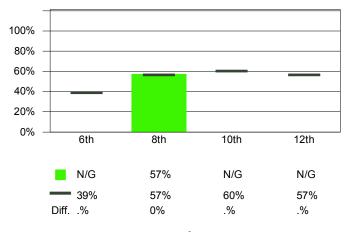
- Kids living in high-risk environments can be protected from problem behaviors by positive relationships with adults who care about their healthy development.
- Providing opportunities for involvement in positive and healthy activities help communities promote youth development.



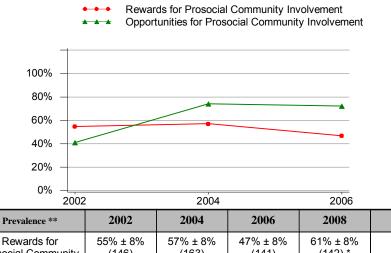








\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)



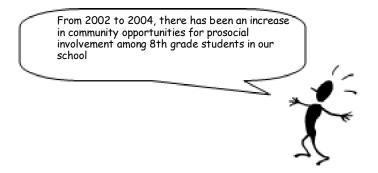
Protective Factor Trends. % Protected

Grade 8

social Community Involvement	(146)	(163)	(141)	(142) *	
Dpportunities for psocial Community Involvement	41% ± 8% (139)	74% ± 7% (159) *	72% ± 8% (140)	73% ± 7% (141)	70% (1

20

Ν



#### For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

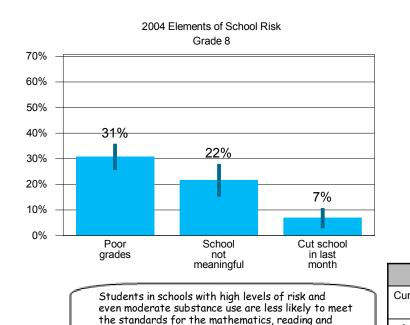


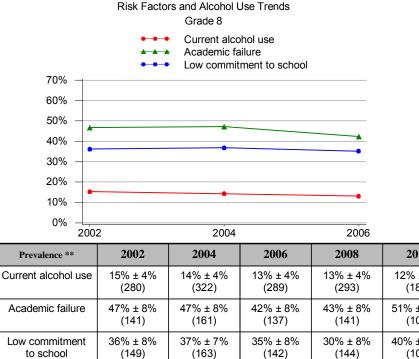
School Risk Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

## Highlights

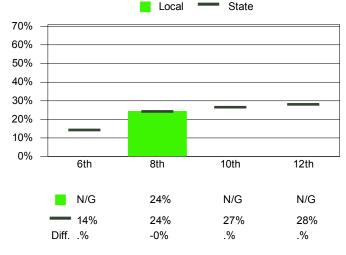
- Research has identified a unique set of risk factors that put youth at risk for problems, such as substance use and school drop out.
- Youth who get poor grades, have friends who smoke, experience family conflict, and live in neighborhoods that are disorganized are at greater risk for negative youth behaviors.

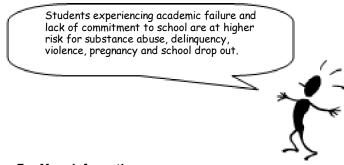




Does Not Enjoy Being at School Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004

writing sections of standardized tests.





### For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful. Researchers have identified best practice support programs that, when implemented with fidelity in schools and classrooms, can decrease risk factors and build positive school cultures.

For More Information about school risk factors, visit the website http://captus.samhsa.gov/western

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

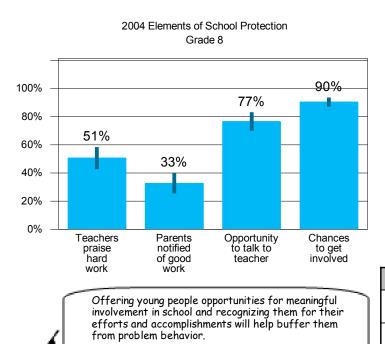


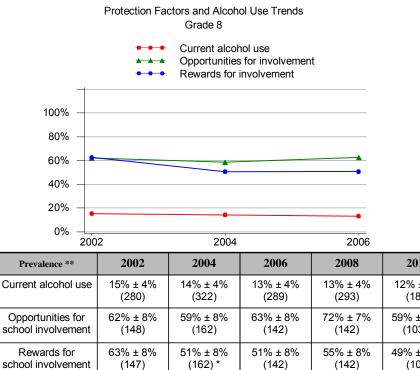
School Protective Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

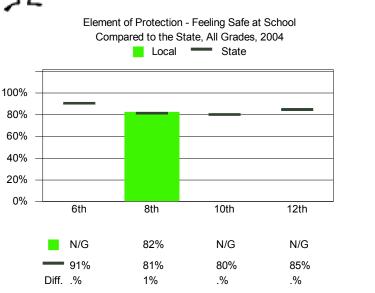
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

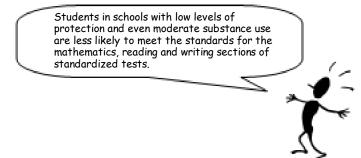
## Highlights

- Research has identified a unique set of protective factors that buffer youth from problems such as substance use and school drop out.
  - Youth who are involved in positive school activities, have well developed social skills, are attached to their families, and live in
- neighborhoods that invite positive participation are at less risk for negative youth behaviors.









### For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful. Researchers have identified best practice support programs that, when implemented with fidelity in schools and classrooms, can increase protective factors and build supportive school cultures.

For More Information about school protective factors, visit the website http://captus.samhsa.gov/western

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

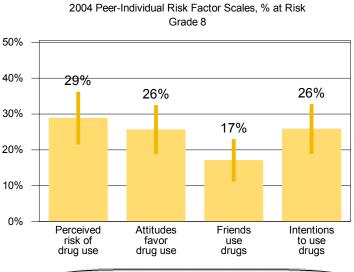


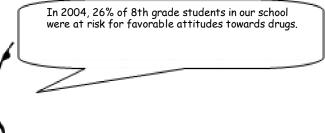
Peer-Individual Risk Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

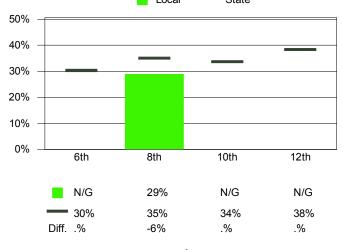
# Highlights

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The attitudes kids have about drug use strongly influence the likelihood they will use drugs. Families and communities should model healthy
  attitudes and choices.





Perceived Risk of Drug Use, % at Risk Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004 Local State

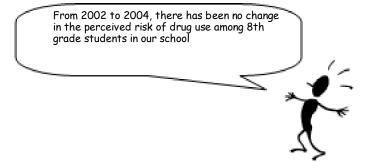


Perceived risk of drug use Attitudes favor drug use Friends use drugs Intentions to use drugs 40% 20% 10% 2002 2004 2004 2006

Peer-Individual Risk Factor Trends, % at Risk

Grade 8

		-	-			
Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010	
Perceived risk	35% ± 8%	29% ± 7%	29% ± 8%	24% ± 7%	38% ± 1	
of drug use	(135)	(149)	(136)	(141)	(93) *	
Attitudes favor	25% ± 7%	26% ± 7%	23% ± 7%	24% ± 7%	27% ± 9	
drug use	(135)	(160)	(130)	(134)	(89)	
Friends use	22% ± 7%	17% ± 6%	17% ± 7%	18% ± 7%	21% ± 9	
drugs	(134)	(158)	(125)	(129)	(84)	
Intentions to	21% ± 7%	26% ± 7%	27% ± 8%	27% ± 8%	30% ± 1	
use drugs	(136)	(155)	(124)	(128)	(86)	



#### For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

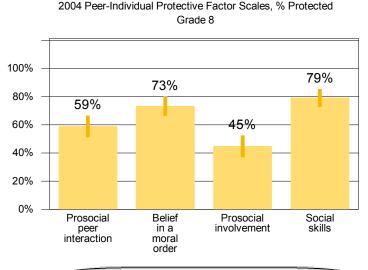


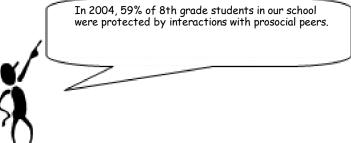
Peer-Individual Protective Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

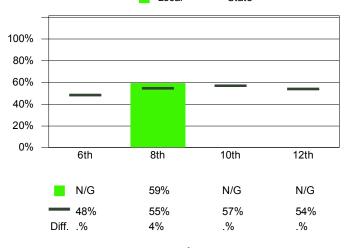
## Highlights

- Kids are strongly influenced by their peers. Parents need to know who their children's friends are, where they are and what they are doing.
- Kids who have the skills and opportunities to be involved in pro-social activities are less likely to engage in risky behavior.

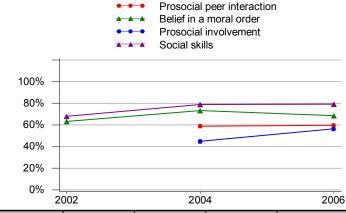




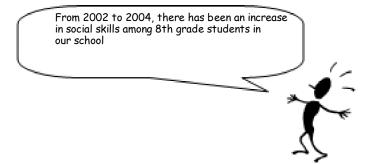
Interaction with Prosocial Peers, % Protected Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004 Local — State



Peer-Individual Protective Factor Trends, % Protected Grade 8



Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Prosocial peer interaction	N/S	59% ± 8% (158)	60% ± 9% (129)	69% ± 8% (130)	58% ± 1 (85)
Belief in a moral order	63% ± 8% (144)	73% ± 7% (161)	69% ± 8% (140)	68% ± 8% (142)	57% ± 1 (96)
Prosocial involvement	N/S	45% ± 8% (163)	56% ± 8% (142) *	N/S	N/S
Social skills	68% ± 8% (144)	79% ± 6% (162) *	79% ± 7% (140)	75% ± 7% (142)	60% ± 1 (83) *



#### For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

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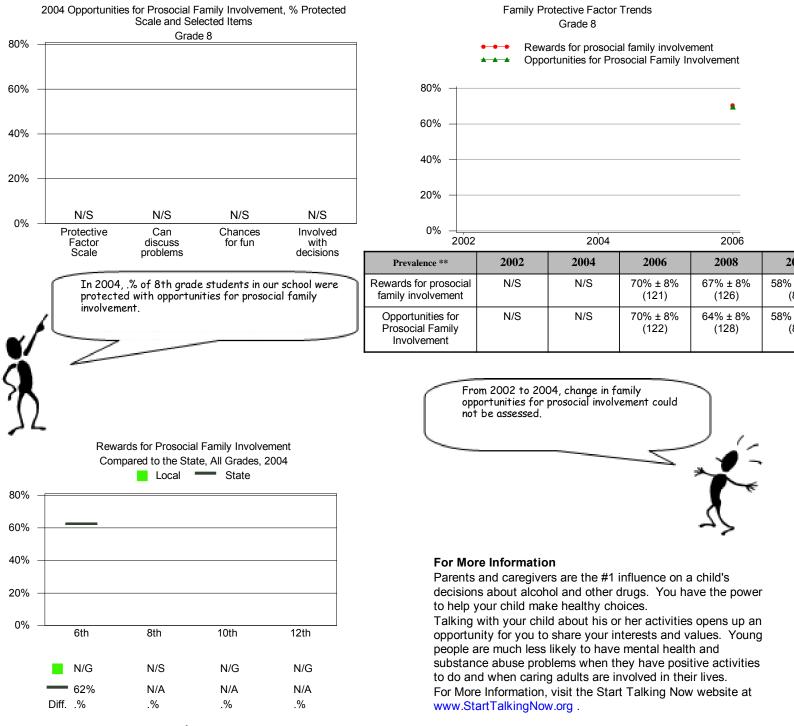


Family Protective Factors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

## Highlights

- Children who are attached to positive families are less likely to develop problems in adolescence.
- When parents set clear standards for children's behavior, when they are widely and consistently supported, and when the consequences for not following the standards are consistent, young people are more likely to follow the standards.

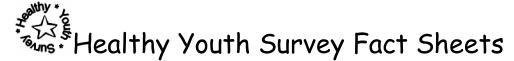


\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)



Weight and Obesity for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

The Weight and Obesity report is unavailable at the school level.

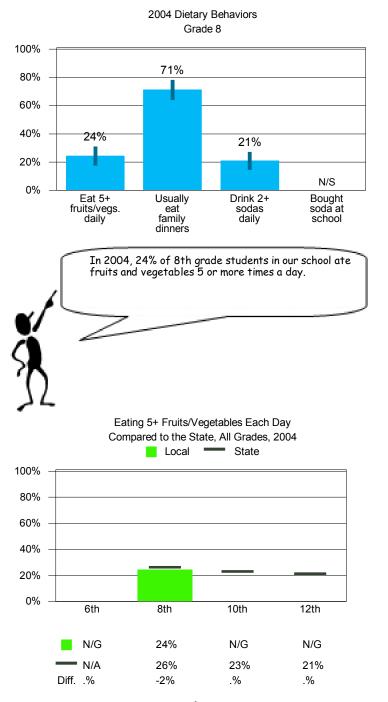


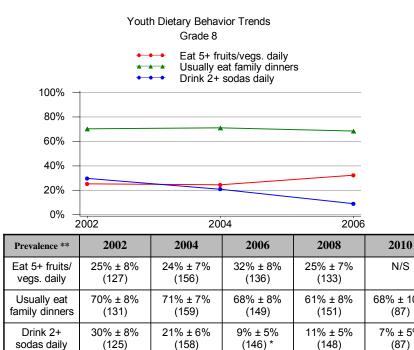
Dietary Behaviors for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

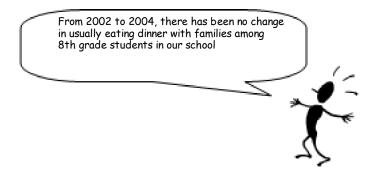
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

- A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol.
- Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development, and health status of children and adolescents.







### For More Information

Individual food choices are made within the context of the family and the community. In order to be able to choose a nutritious diet, an affordable supply of health-promoting foods must be available.

For More Information and resources visit the Washington State Nutrition and Physical Activity Website at: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/nutritionpa

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

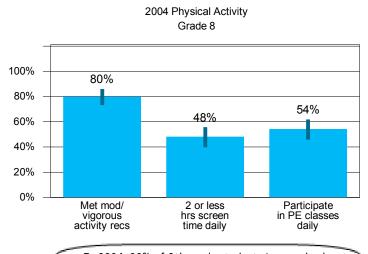


Physical Activity for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

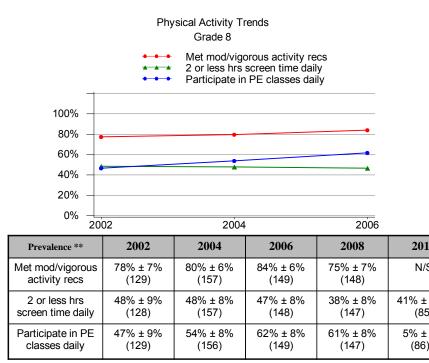
Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

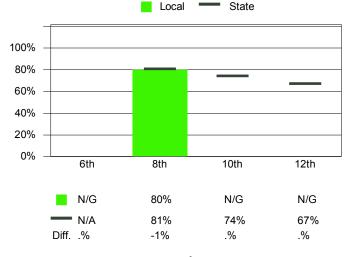
- Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends 60 minutes of physical activity on five or more days a week.
- One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games or using a computer for fun.

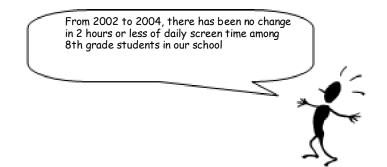


In 2004, 80% of 8th grade students in our school met the recommendations for moderate or vigorous physical activity.



Meeting Recommendations for Moderate or Vigorous Activity Compared to the State, All Grades, 2004





### For More Information

Many social and environmental factors influence the decision to be active. Successful strategies to promote physical activity include educating individuals and developing policies to create environments that support being physically active.

For More Information and resources visit the Washington State Nutrition and Physical Activity Website at: www.doh.wa.gov/cfh/nutritionpa

\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

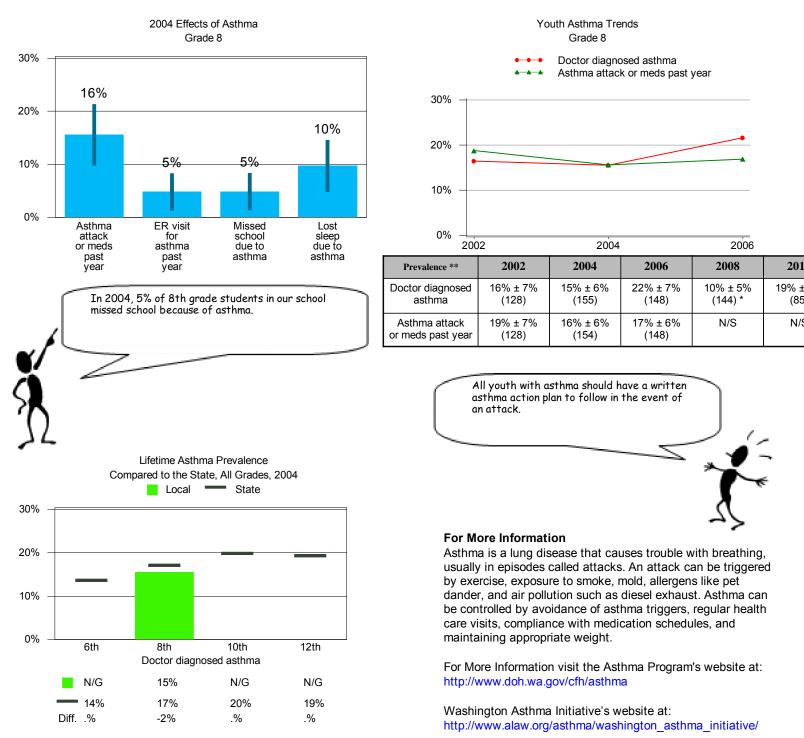


Asthma for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

- In Washington State, about one in five youth have been diagnosed with asthma.
- Among youth with asthma, about one in five had at least one visit to an emergency department for asthma attack during 2006.
- Youth who smoke are more likely to have asthma.



\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

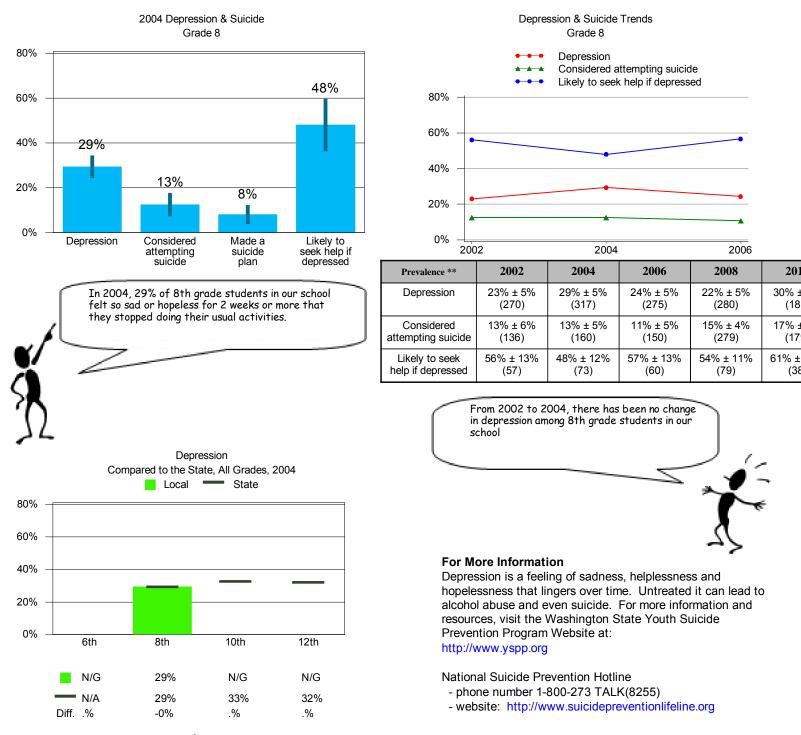


Depression & Suicide for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

- Suicide is the second leading cause of death for Washington teens 15-19 years old.
- Most youth suicides occur at home.



\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)

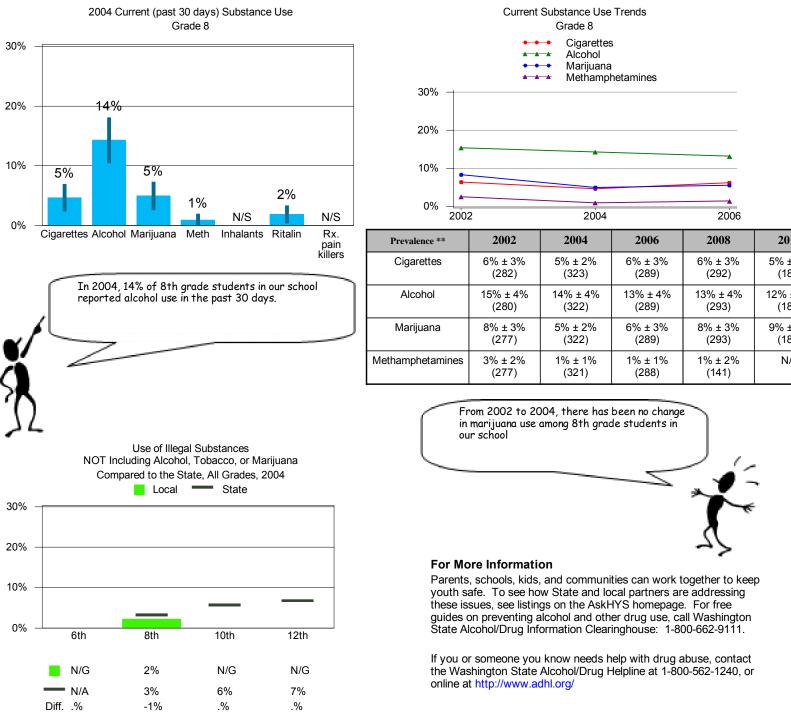


Current Substance Use for Meadowdale Middle School (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 8 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

# Highlights

- Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- Brain development continues into the early twenties. The growing brain is more vulnerable to long-term impact from alcohol and other drugs.



\* indicates a significant change (Wald X<sup>2</sup>, p<.05)