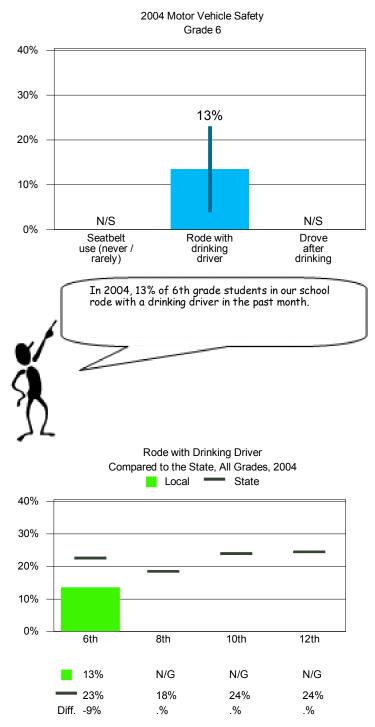


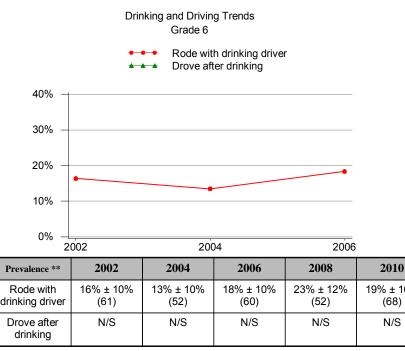
Unintentional Injury for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Unintentional injury is the leading cause of death among youth. •
- Unintentional injuries are caused by behaviors such as not wearing a seatbelt, riding a bike or motorcycle without a helmet, drinking and driving, riding with a drunk driver and not wearing a life jacket.
- Motor vehicle crashes are the most common type of injury death among youth.

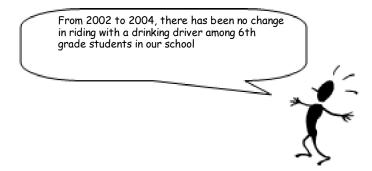




2010

(68)

N/S



For More Information

Most unintentional injuries are not accidents because they can be prevented. Alcohol and other substances impair one's judgment and may contribute to the likelihood of many injuries and even death. For more information and resources, visit the Washington State Injury and Violence Prevention Website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/hsqa/emstrauma/injury/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

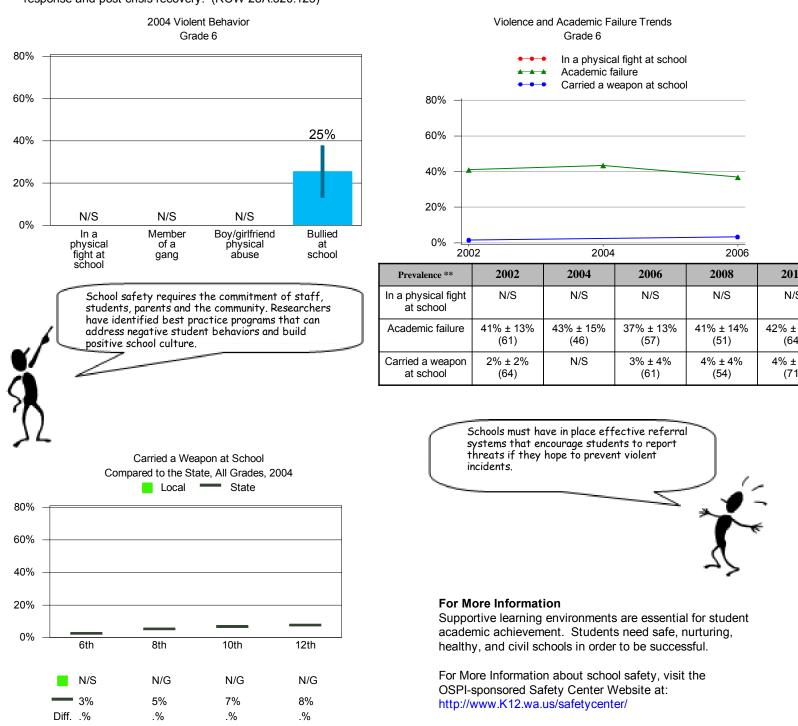


Violent Behaviors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- The federal Gun Free Schools Act requires the expulsion of students who bring firearms to school (SED. 4141) and Washington Law requires a one year expulsion for possession of firearms or dangerous weapons on school campuses. (RCW 28A.600.420 / RCW 9.41.280)
- Schools in Washington are required to have a comprehensive school safety plan that includes prevention, intervention, all-hazards/crisis response and post crisis recovery. (RCW 28A.320.125)



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

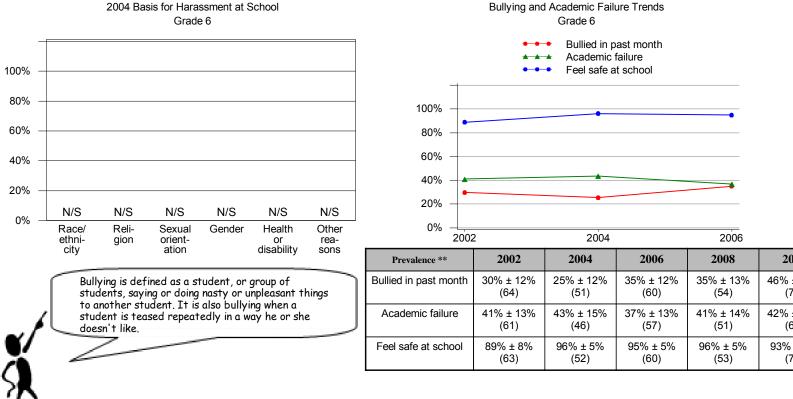


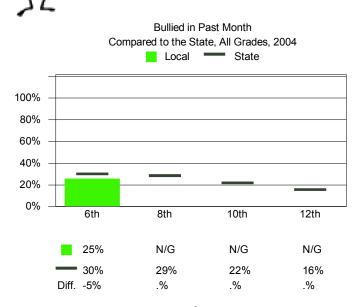
Harassment, Intimidation, and Bullying for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

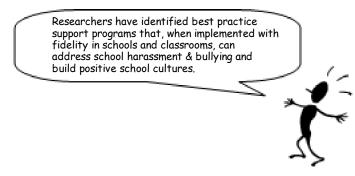
Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Washington State Law (RCW 28A.300.285) requires all school districts to adopt a policy that prohibits harassment, intimidation, and bullying (HIB).
- The legislation also requires the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) to publish a model policy at the following website: http://www.k12.wa.us/Safetycenter/LawEnforcement/Student Discipline.aspx







For More Information

Supportive learning environments are essential for student academic achievement. Students need safe, nurturing, healthy, and civil schools in order to be successful.

For More Information visit the OSPI-sponsored Safety Center Website at: http://www.K12.wa.us/safetycenter/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X^2 , p<.05)

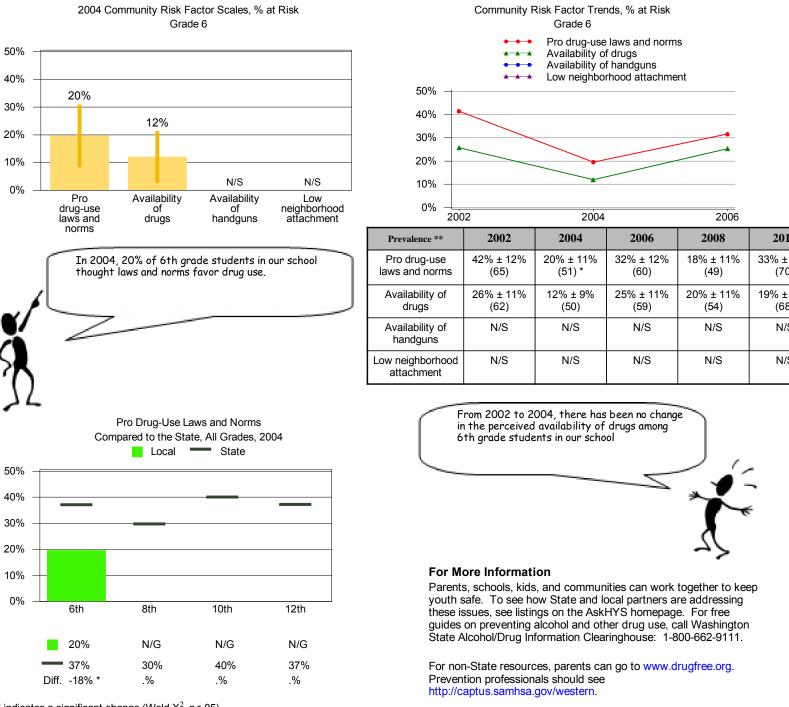


Community Risk Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Noteworthy

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The more risk factors a youth is exposed to, the more likely it is that she or he will engage in problem behaviors.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

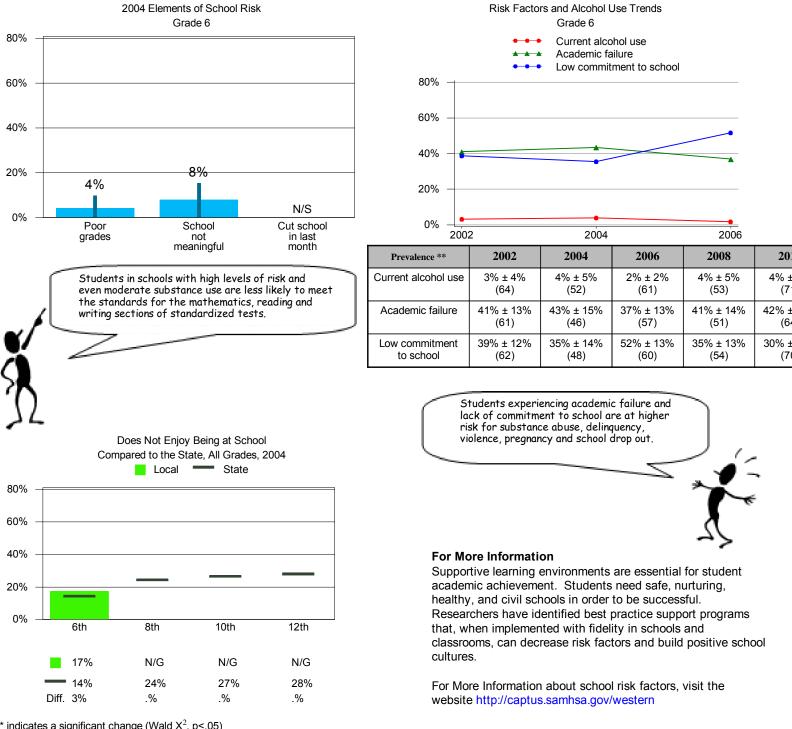


School Risk Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Hiahliahts

- Research has identified a unique set of risk factors that put youth at risk for problems, such as substance use and school drop out.
- Youth who get poor grades, have friends who smoke, experience family conflict, and live in neighborhoods that are disorganized are at greater risk for negative youth behaviors.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

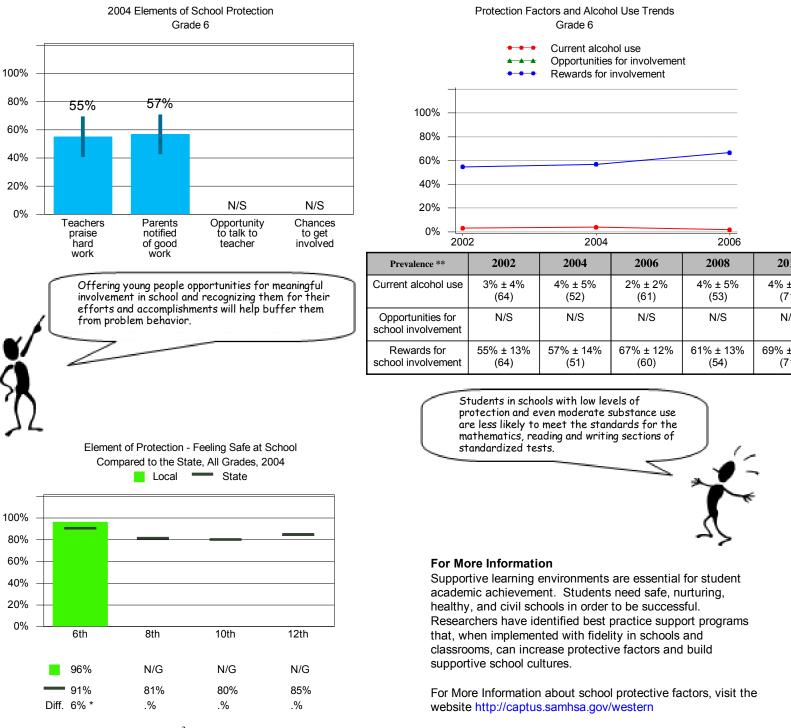


School Protective Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Research has identified a unique set of protective factors that buffer youth from problems such as substance use and school drop out.
 - Youth who are involved in positive school activities, have well developed social skills, are attached to their families, and live in
- neighborhoods that invite positive participation are at less risk for negative youth behaviors.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

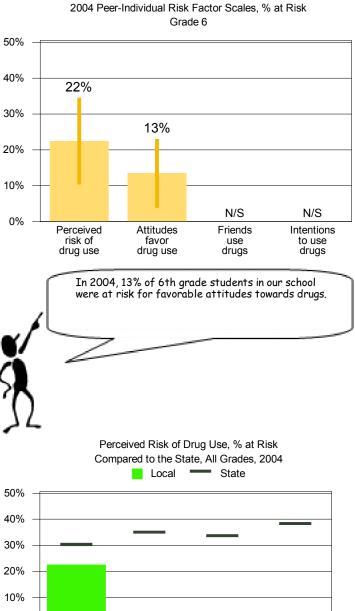


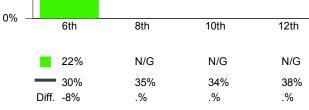
Peer-Individual Risk Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Research shows that the risk factors measured by the Healthy Youth Survey are linked to adolescent substance use, delinquency, violence, school dropout, and other risky health behaviors.
- The attitudes kids have about drug use strongly influence the likelihood they will use drugs. Families and communities should model healthy
 attitudes and choices.





For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

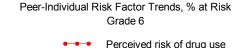
* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

** Prevalence is displayed as the estimated percentage ± 95% confidence interval, with the number of respondents to this question in parentheses. Missing Codes: S = result suppressed due to insufficient reporting from students or schools; N/P = location did not participate in the survey this year; N/G = grade not available; N/S = question was not surveyed this year; N/A = question was not asked of this grade; NB/G = this gender was not at this location Report generated at www.AskHYS.net

Intentions to

use druas

N/S



Attitudes favor drug use Friends use drugs

Intentions to use drugs

50% -					
40% —					
30% —	•				
20% —					
10% —		*			
0%		200	14	2006	
20	2002	200 2004		2006	
20 Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
20					
20 Prevalence ** Perceived risk	2002 29% ± 13%	2004 22% ± 12%	2006 33% ± 13%	2008 30% ± 14%	2010 33% ± 12

N/S

From 2002 to 2004, there has been no change

in the perceived risk of drug use among 6th

grade students in our school

N/S

N/S

N/S

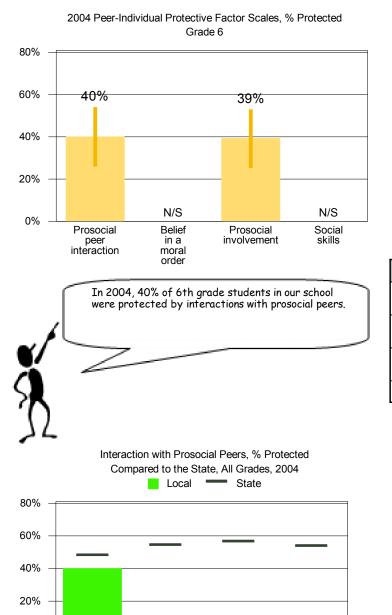


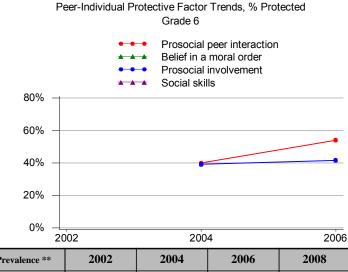
Peer-Individual Protective Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

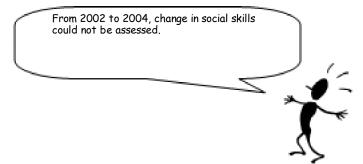
- Kids are strongly influenced by their peers. Parents need to know who their children's friends are, where they are and what they are doing.
- Kids who have the skills and opportunities to be involved in pro-social activities are less likely to engage in risky behavior.





Prevalence **	2002	2004	2000	2008	2010
Prosocial peer interaction	N/S	40% ± 14% (50)	54% ± 13% (61)	66% ± 14% (50)	N/S
Belief in a moral order	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
Prosocial involvement	N/S	39% ± 14% (51)	42% ± 13% (60)	58% ± 14% (52)	41% ± 1 (71)
Social skills	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S

2010



For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

For non-State resources, parents can go to www.drugfree.org. Prevention professionals should see http://captus.samhsa.gov/western.

 * indicates a significant change (Wald X^2, p<.05)

8th

N/G

55%

.%

10th

N/G

57%

.%

6th

40%

48%

Diff. -8%

0%

** Prevalence is displayed as the estimated percentage ± 95% confidence interval, with the number of respondents to this question in parentheses. Missing Codes: S = result suppressed due to insufficient reporting from students or schools; N/P = location did not participate in the survey this year; N/G = grade not available; N/S = question was not surveyed this year; N/A = question was not asked of this grade; NB/G = this gender was not at this location Report generated at www.AskHYS.net

12th

N/G

54%

.%

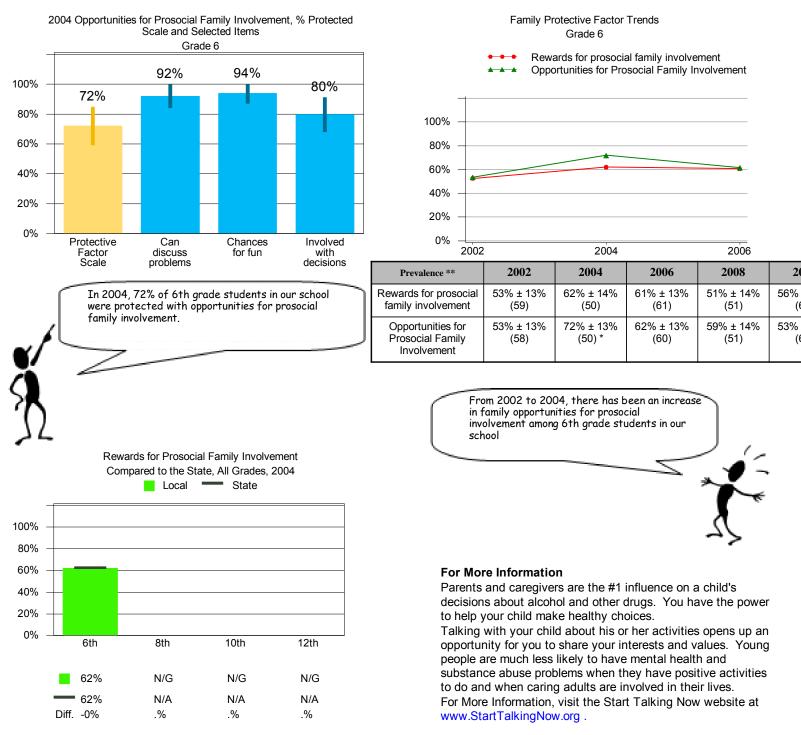


Family Protective Factors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Children who are attached to positive families are less likely to develop problems in adolescence.
- When parents set clear standards for children's behavior, when they are widely and consistently supported, and when the consequences for not following the standards are consistent, young people are more likely to follow the standards.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

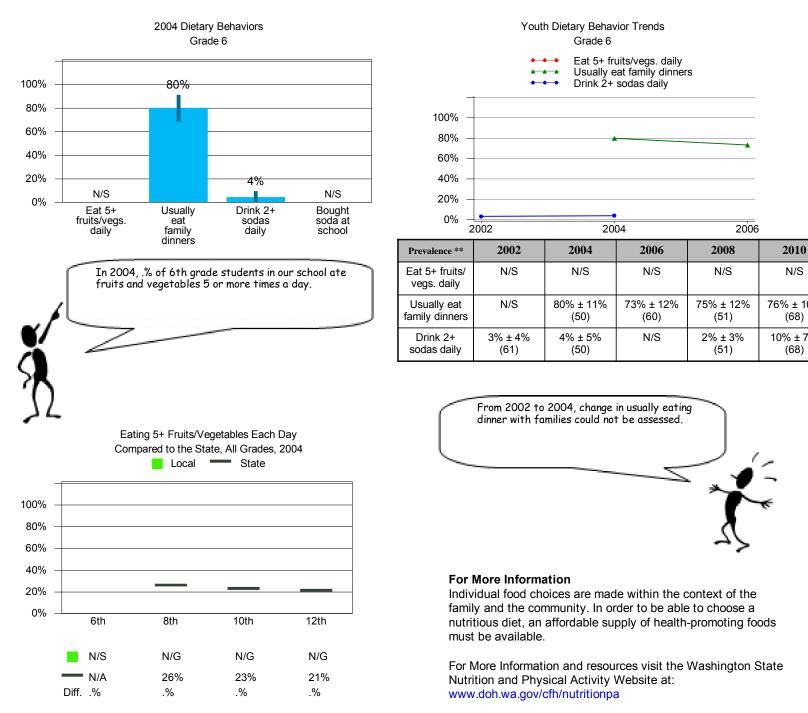


Dietary Behaviors for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- A nutritious diet can reduce major risk factors for chronic disease such as obesity, high blood pressure, and high blood cholesterol.
- Poor nutrition has the potential to affect the growth, development, and health status of children and adolescents.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)



Physical Activity for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Regular physical activity reduces rates of obesity and serious diseases, helps people maintain a healthy body weight and improves quality of life.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends 60 minutes of physical activity on five or more days a week.
- One challenge to being more physically active is the amount of recreational screen time spent on sedentary activities such as watching TV, playing video games or using a computer for fun.

2006

201

N/\$

N/\$

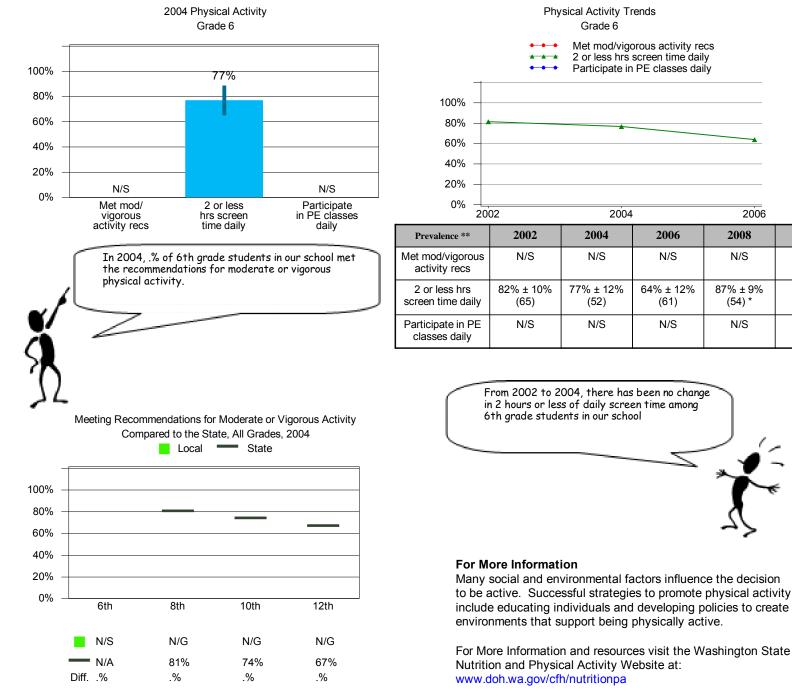
N/3

2008

N/S

(54)

N/S



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

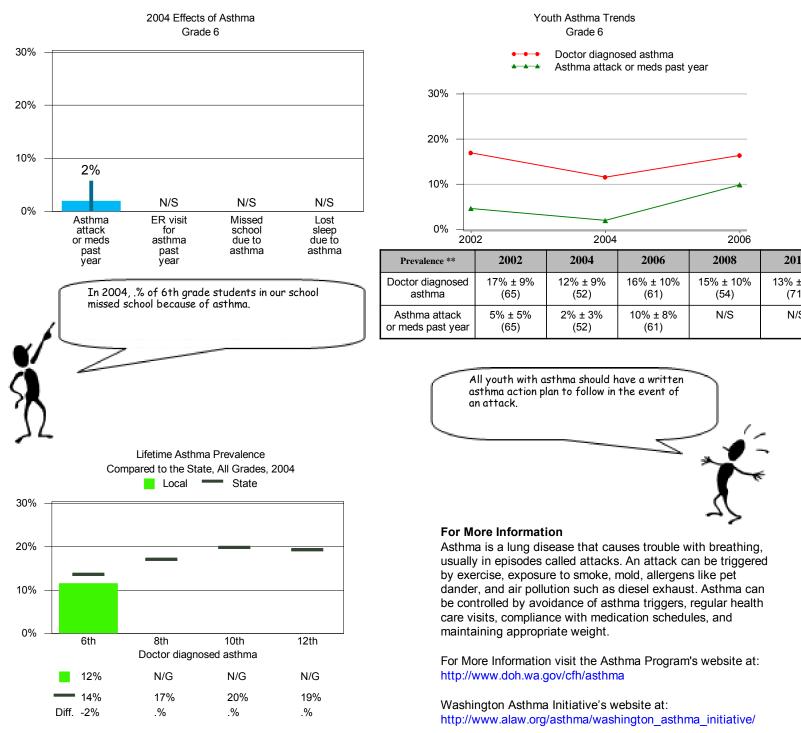


Asthma for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- In Washington State, about one in five youth have been diagnosed with asthma.
- Among youth with asthma, about one in five had at least one visit to an emergency department for asthma attack during 2006.
- Youth who smoke are more likely to have asthma.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

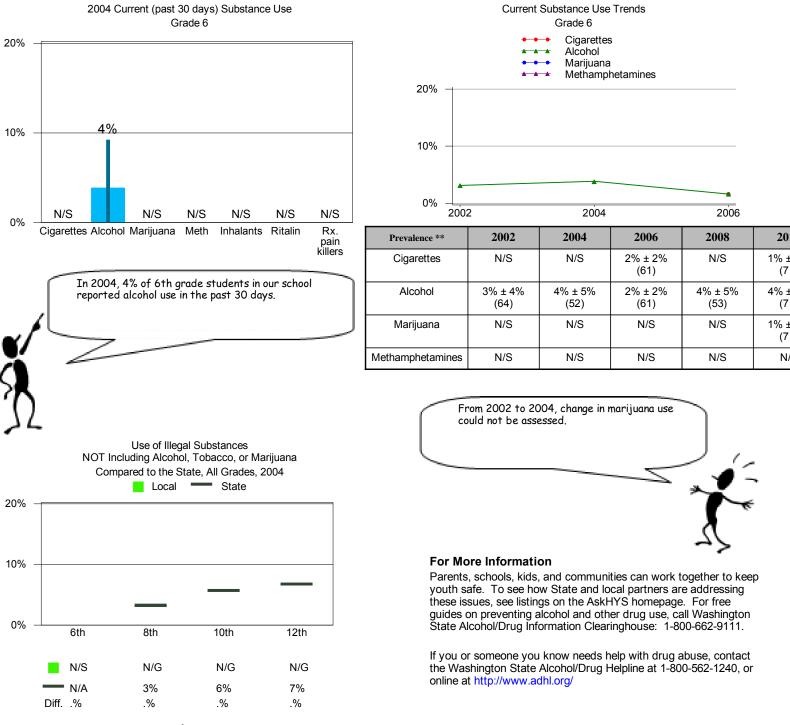


Current Substance Use for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Parents are the primary influence on their children's decision to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- Brain development continues into the early twenties. The growing brain is more vulnerable to long-term impact from alcohol and other drugs.



* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

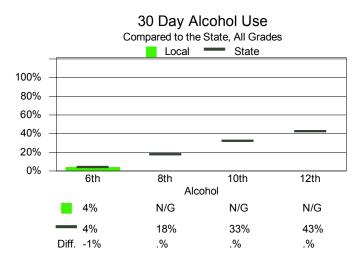


Alcohol Use for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District), page 1 of 2

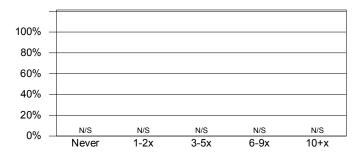
Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

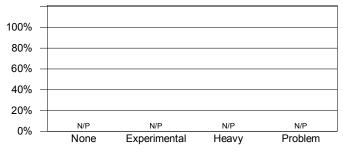
- Alcohol is implicated in nearly a third of youth traffic fatalities. It is also associated with violence, suicide, educational failure, and sexual
 activity.
- Contrary to earlier beliefs, recent research shows that alcohol can affect the developing adolescent brain.
- Most kids find it easy to get alcohol from friends, at parties, or from home.











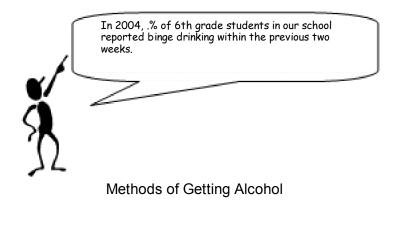
[•] None: no drinking in the past 30 days.

- Experimental: 1-2 days drinking, and no binge drinking.
- Heavy: 3-5 days drinking, and/or one binge.
- Problem: 6+ days drinking, and/or 2+ binge.

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

Alcohol Use Trends Alcohol Ever Drank Alcohol Binge Drinking 100% 60% 40% 20% 0% 2002 2004 2004 2006

Prevalence **	2002	2004	2006	2008	2010
Alcohol	3% ± 4%	4% ± 5%	2% ± 2%	4% ± 5%	4% ± 5
	(64)	(52)	(61)	(53)	(71)
Ever Drank	32% ± 12%	31% ± 13%	33% ± 12%	19% ± 11%	34% ± 1
Alcohol	(65)	(52)	(61)	(54)	(71)
Binge Drinking	N/S	N/S	N/S	2% ± 3% (54)	6% ± 5 (71)



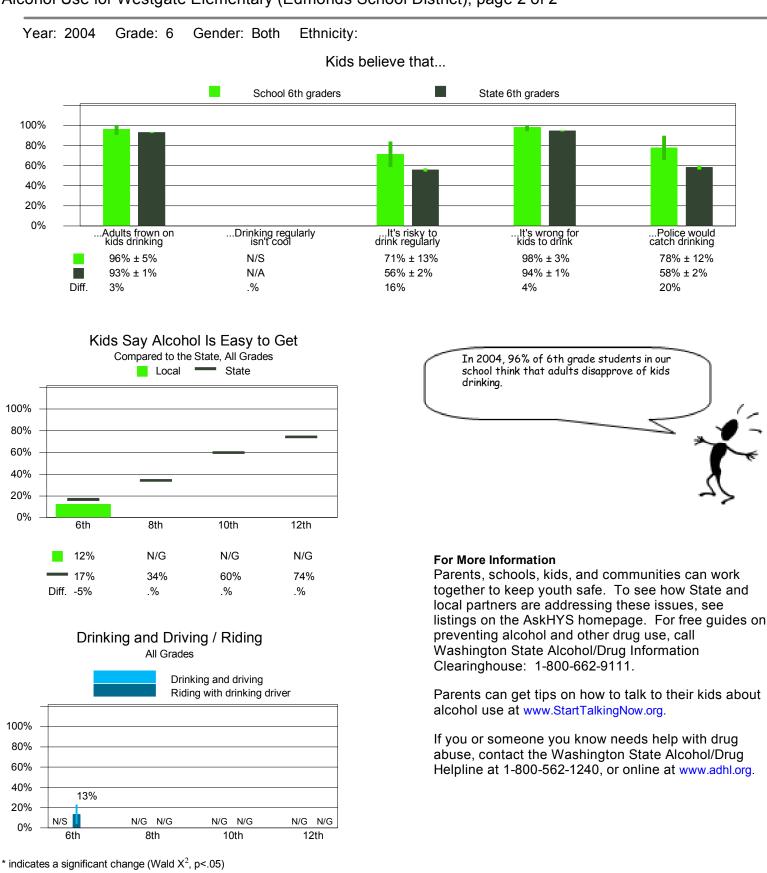
Data is unavailable for the pie chart.

(This question was not surveyed this year.)

^{**} Prevalence is displayed as the estimated percentage ± 95% confidence interval, with the number of respondents to this question in parentheses. Missing Codes: S = result suppressed due to insufficient reporting from students or schools; N/P = location did not participate in the survey this year; not available; N/S = question was not surveyed this year; N/A = question was not asked of this grade; NB/G = this gender was not at this location Report generated at www.AskHYS.net

Healthy Youth Survey Alcohol Report

Alcohol Use for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District), page 2 of 2



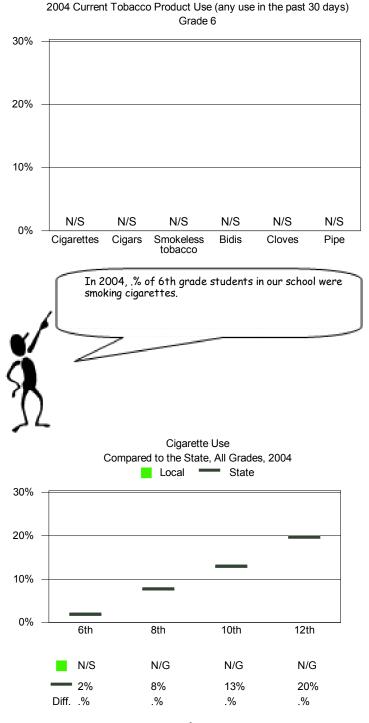


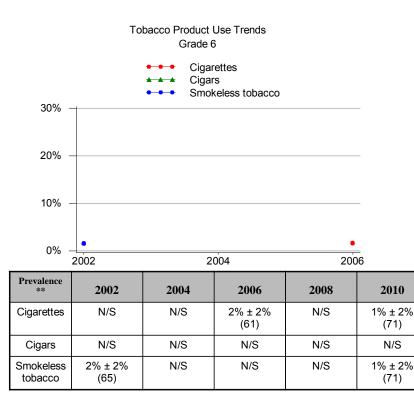
Tobacco Use for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

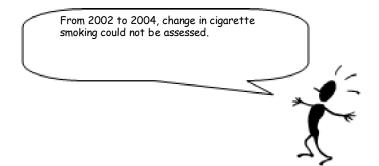
Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- In Washington State, 45 youth start smoking each day
- One in three of all youth smokers will die prematurely from a smoking-caused disease
- Smoking is associated with the increased risk of drug use and low academic performance







For More Information

The Washington State Department of Health Tobacco Prevention and Control Program funds a comprehensive statewide tobacco prevention program to reduce the initiation of youth smoking and help currrent smokers quit.

For More Information, visit the Tobacco Program's website at: http://www.doh.wa.gov/tobacco .

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)

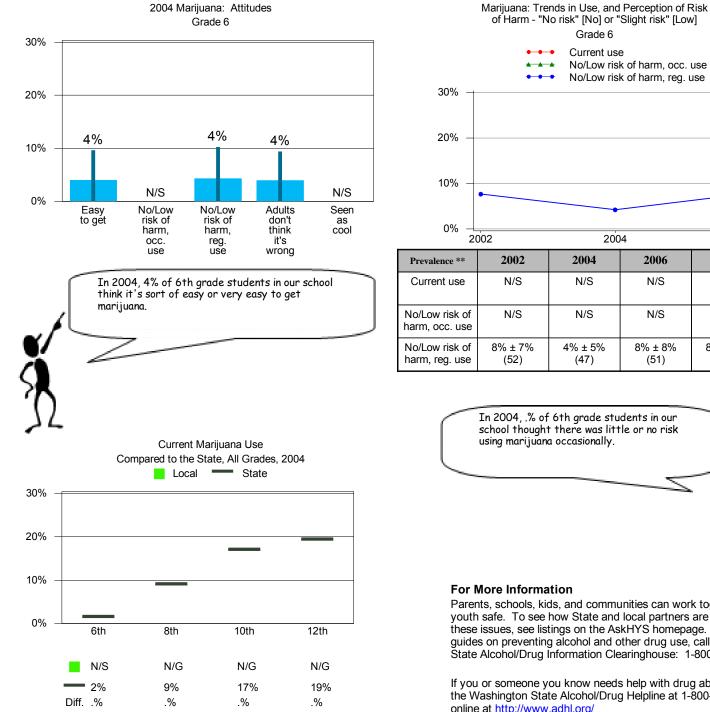


Marijuana Use for Westgate Elementary (Edmonds School District)

Year: 2004 Grade: 6 Gender: Both Ethnicity:

Highlights

- Smoking marijuana affects neuropsychological functioning, such as hand-eye coordination, reaction time, and memory.
- Marijuana is far more potent and therefore far more toxic than marijuana grown in the 1970's.
- The earlier someone starts using marijuana, the greater their vulnerability to addition disorders and psychiatric disorders.



Grade 6 Current use No/Low risk of harm, occ. use No/Low risk of harm, reg. use 2004 2006 2004 2006 2008 N/S N/S N/S N/S N/S N/S $4\% \pm 5\%$ 8% ± 8% $8\% \pm 7\%$

(47)

(51)

2010

(71)

N/S

 $17\% \pm 9$ (70)

(52)

 $1\% \pm 2$

In 2004, .% of 6th grade students in our school thought there was little or no risk using marijuana occasionally.

For More Information

Parents, schools, kids, and communities can work together to keep youth safe. To see how State and local partners are addressing these issues, see listings on the AskHYS homepage. For free guides on preventing alcohol and other drug use, call Washington State Alcohol/Drug Information Clearinghouse: 1-800-662-9111.

If you or someone you know needs help with drug abuse, contact the Washington State Alcohol/Drug Helpline at 1-800-562-1240, or online at http://www.adhl.org/

* indicates a significant change (Wald X², p<.05)